

## Thyristors

### SKT 1000 SKT 1200



$V_{RSM}$	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{DRM}$	$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	$I_{TRMS}$ (maximum values for continuous operation)	
			2300 A	2800 A
V	V	V/ $\mu$ s	$I_{TAV}$ (sin. 180; $T_{case} = \dots$ ; DSC)	
			1465 A (58 °C)	1780 A (55 °C)
500	400	500	<b>SKT 1000/04 D</b>	<b>SKT 1200/04 D</b>
900	800	500	<b>SKT 1000/08 D</b>	–
1300	1200	1000	<b>SKT 1000/12 E</b>	<b>SKT 1200/12 E</b>
1500	1400	1000	<b>SKT 1000/14 E</b>	<b>SKT 1200/14 E</b>
1700	1600	1000	<b>SKT 1000/16 E</b>	<b>SKT 1200/16 E</b>
1900	1800	1000	<b>SKT 1000/18 E</b>	<b>SKT 1200/18 E</b>
2300	2200	1000	<b>SKT 1000/22 E L2</b>	–
2700	2600	1000	<b>SKT 1000/26 E L2</b>	–
2900	2800	1000	<b>SKT 1000/28 E L2</b>	–

Symbol	Conditions	SKT 1000	SKT 1200	Units
$I_{TAV}$	sin. 180; $T_{case} = 85$ °C; DSC	1000	1200	A
$I_{TSM}$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 10 ms	19 000	30 000	A
	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 10 ms	16 500	25 500	A
$i^2t$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms	1 800	4 500	kA <sup>2</sup> s
	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms	1 360	3 250	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$t_{gd}$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C $I_G = 1$ A $di_G/dt = 1$ A/ $\mu$ s	typ. 1		$\mu$ s
$t_{gr}$	$V_D = 0,67 \cdot V_{DRM}$	typ. 2		$\mu$ s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	f = 50 ... 60 Hz	125		A/ $\mu$ s
$I_H$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C; typ./max.	250 / 500		mA
$I_L$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $R_G = 33$ $\Omega$ ; typ./max.	0,5 / 2		A
$t_q$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C; typ.	100 ... 250		$\mu$ s
$V_T$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $I_T = 3600$ A; max.	2,0	1,65	V
$V_{T(TO)}$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C	1,14	0,95	V
$r_T$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C	0,243	0,18	m $\Omega$
$I_{DD}$ ; $I_{RD}$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C; $V_{RD} = V_{RRM}$ $V_{DD} = V_{DRM}$	100		mA
$V_{GT}$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C	5		V
$I_{GT}$	$T_{vj} = 25$ °C	250		mA
$V_{GD}$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C	0,25		V
$I_{GD}$	$T_{vj} = 125$ °C	10		mA
$R_{thjc}$	cont.;	0,021		°C/W
	sin. 180; DSC/SSC	0,0225 / 0,054		°C/W
	rec. 120; DSC/SSC	0,027 / 0,060		°C/W
	DSC/SSC	0,005 / 0,010		°C/W
$R_{thch}$				°C/W
$T_{vj}$		– 40 ... + 125		°C
$T_{stg}$		– 40 ... + 130		°C
F	SI units	22 ... 25		kN
	US units	5000 ... 5600		lbs.
w		550		g
Case		B 14		

### Features

- Hermetic metal cases with ceramic insulators
- Capsule packages for double sided cooling
- International standard cases
- Off-state and reverse voltages up to 2800 V
- Amplifying gate

### Typical Applications

- DC motor control (e. g. for machine tools)
- Controlled rectifiers (e. g. for battery charging)
- AC controllers (e. g. for temperature control)

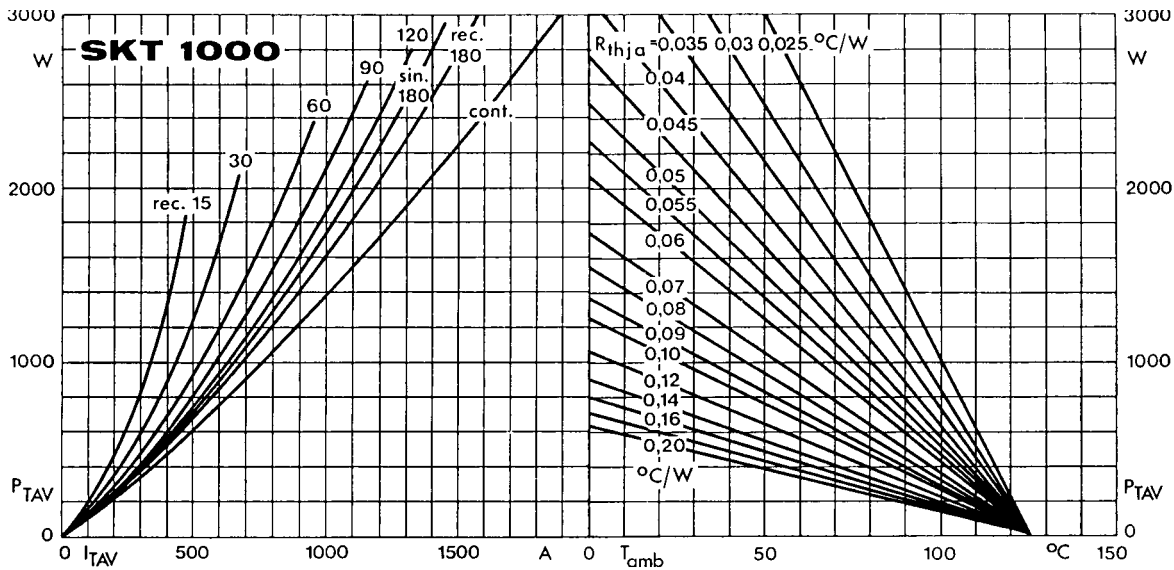


Fig. 1 a Power dissipation vs. on-state current and ambient temperature

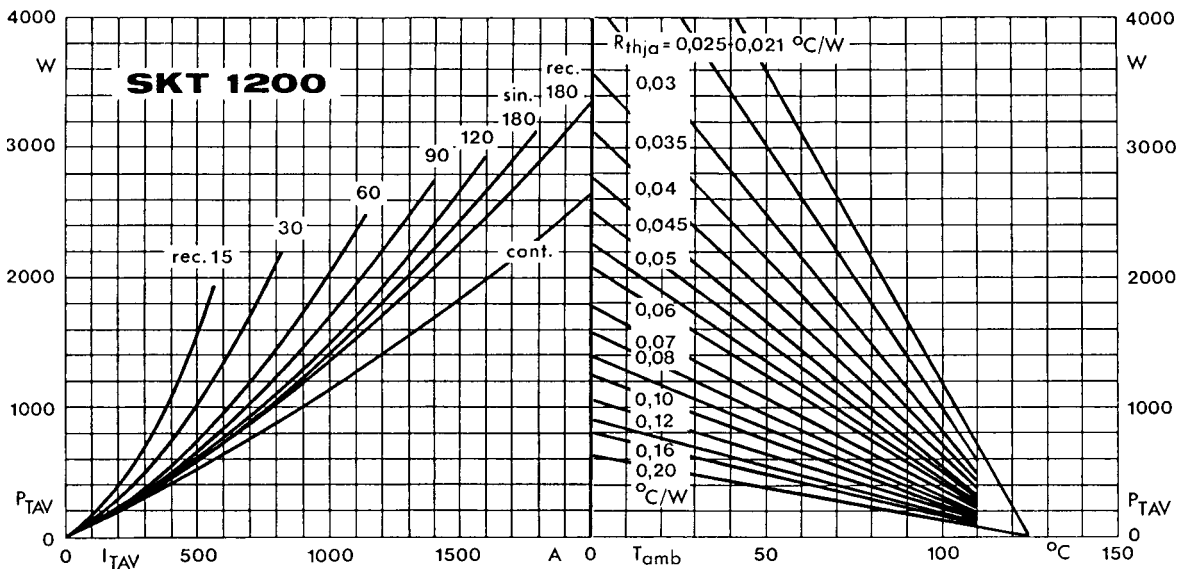


Fig. 1 b Power dissipation vs. on-state current and ambient temperature

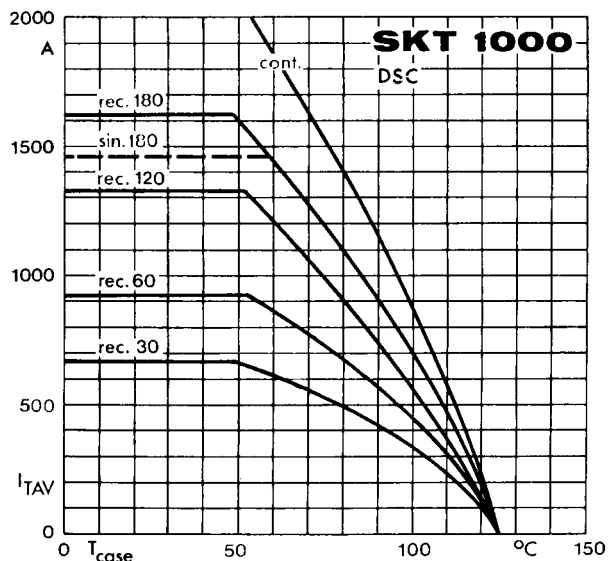


Fig. 2 a Rated on-state current vs. case temperature

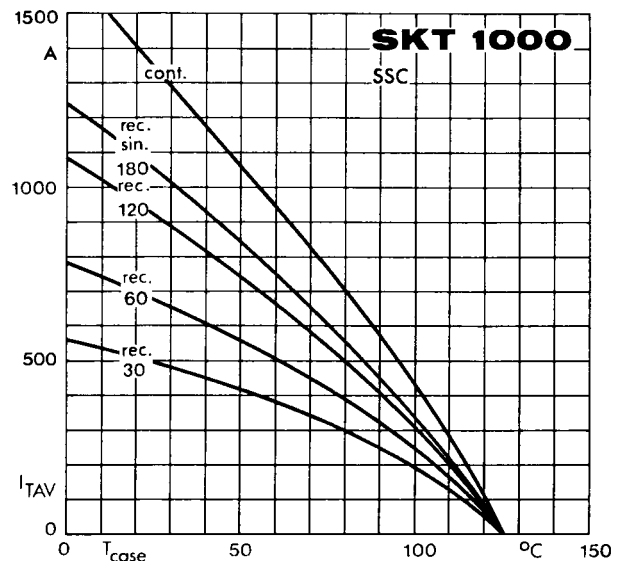


Fig. 2 b Rated on-state current vs. case temperature

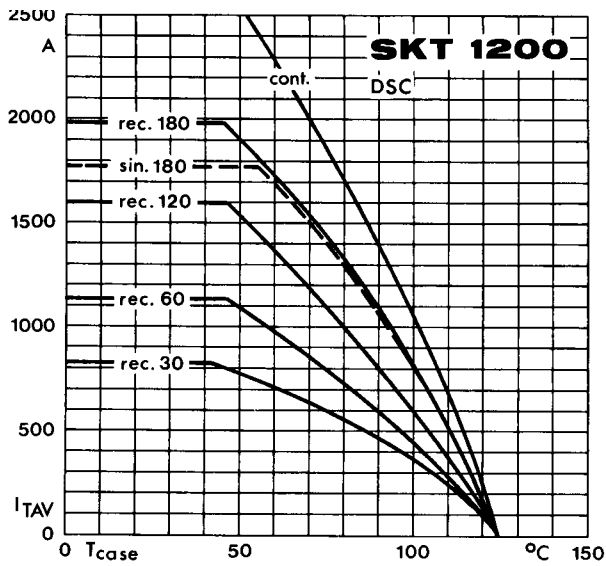


Fig. 2 c Rated on-state current vs. case temperature

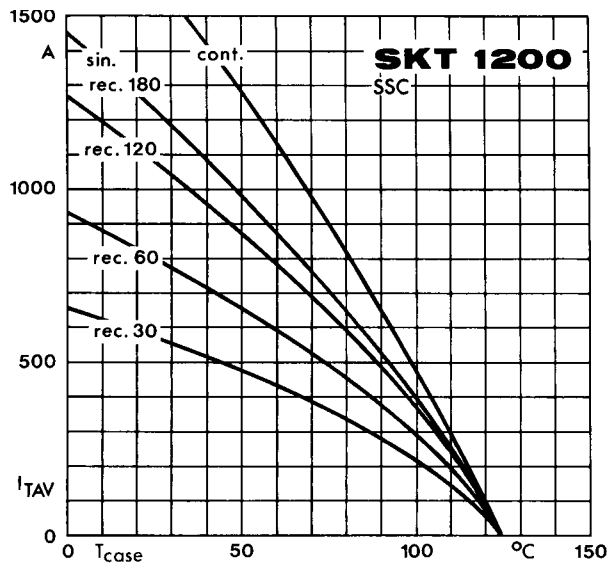


Fig. 2 d Rated on-state current vs. case temperature

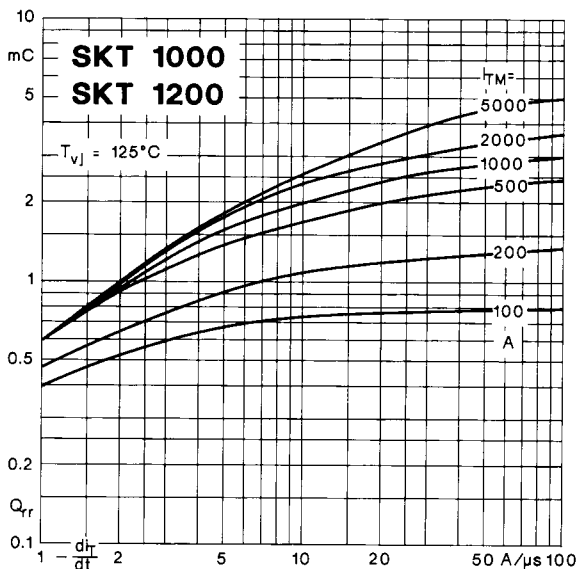


Fig. 3 Recovered charge vs. current decrease

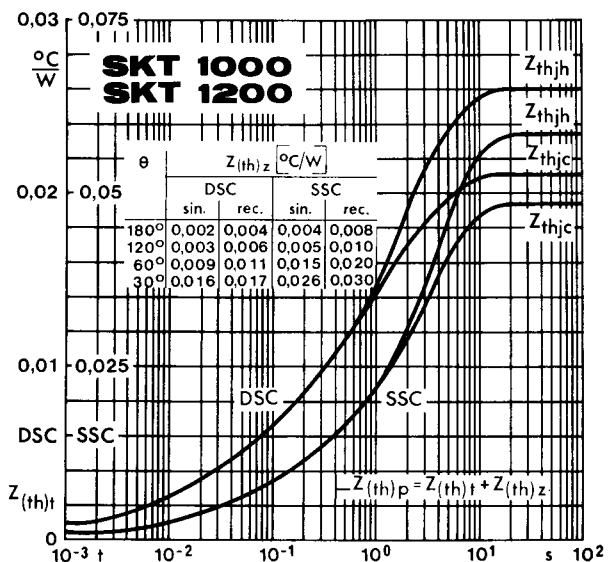


Fig. 4 Transient thermal impedance vs. time

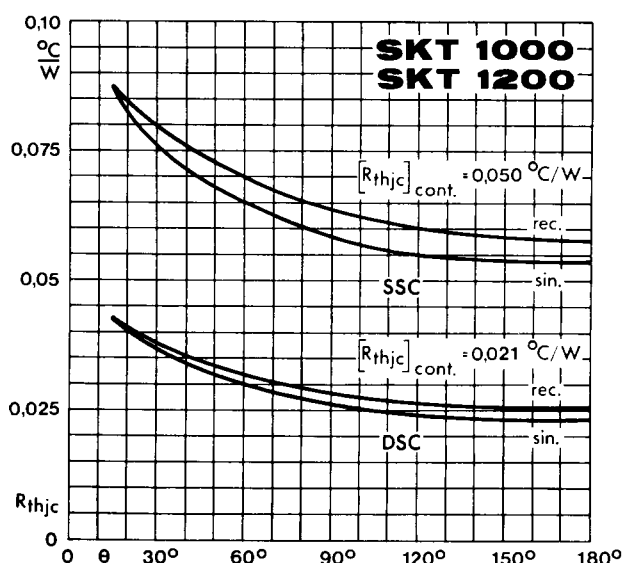


Fig. 5 Thermal resistance vs. conduction angle

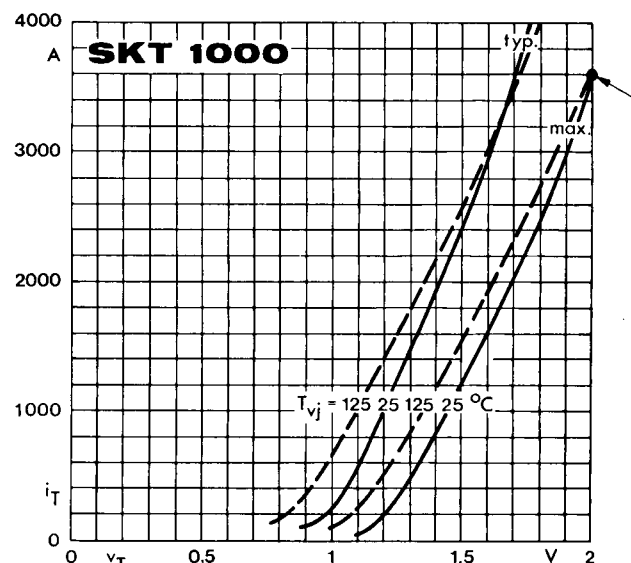


Fig. 6 a On-state characteristics

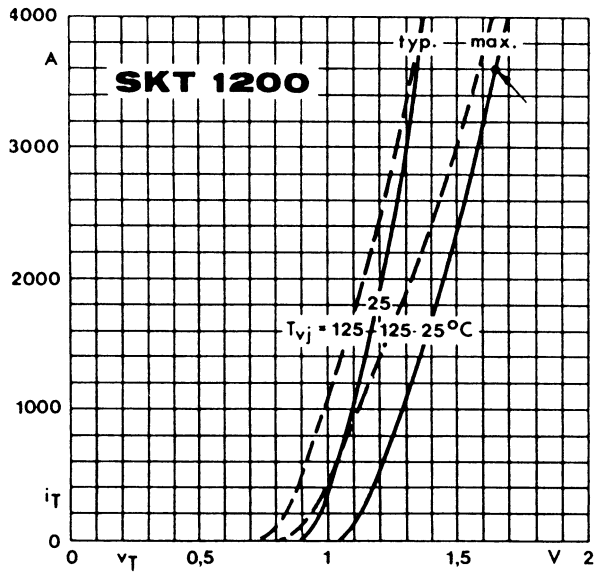


Fig. 6 b On-state characteristics

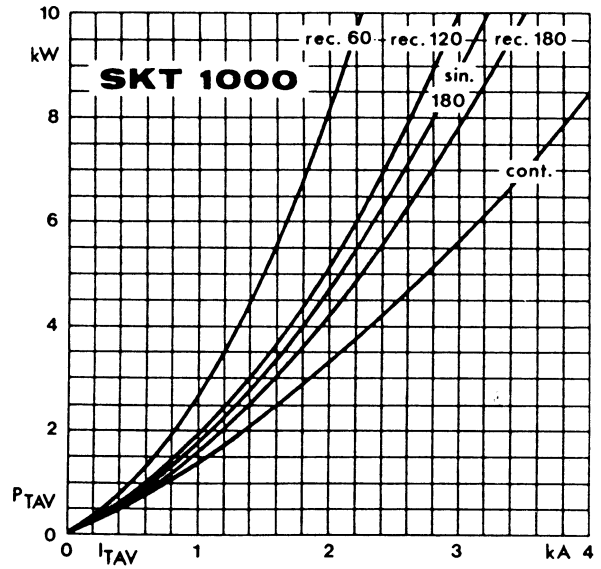


Fig. 7 a Power dissipation vs. on-state current

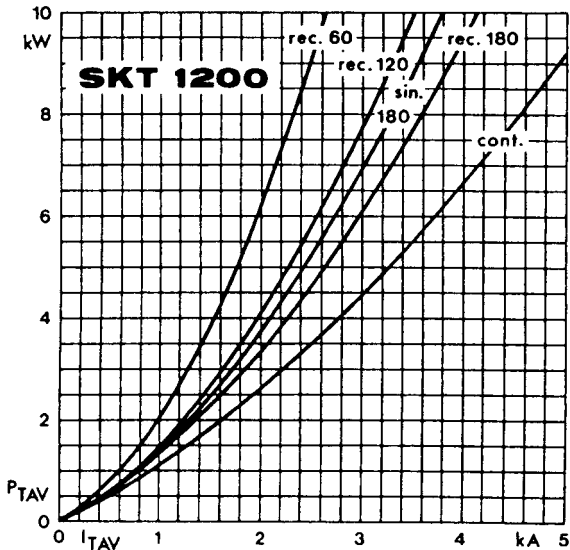


Fig. 7 b Power dissipation vs. on-state current

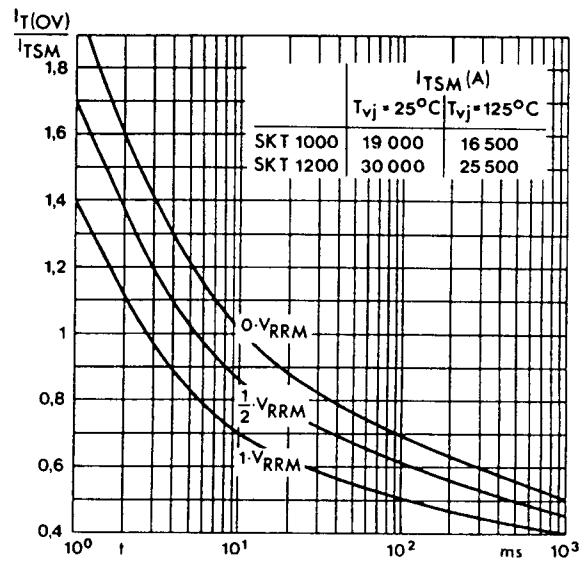


Fig. 8 Surge overload current vs. time

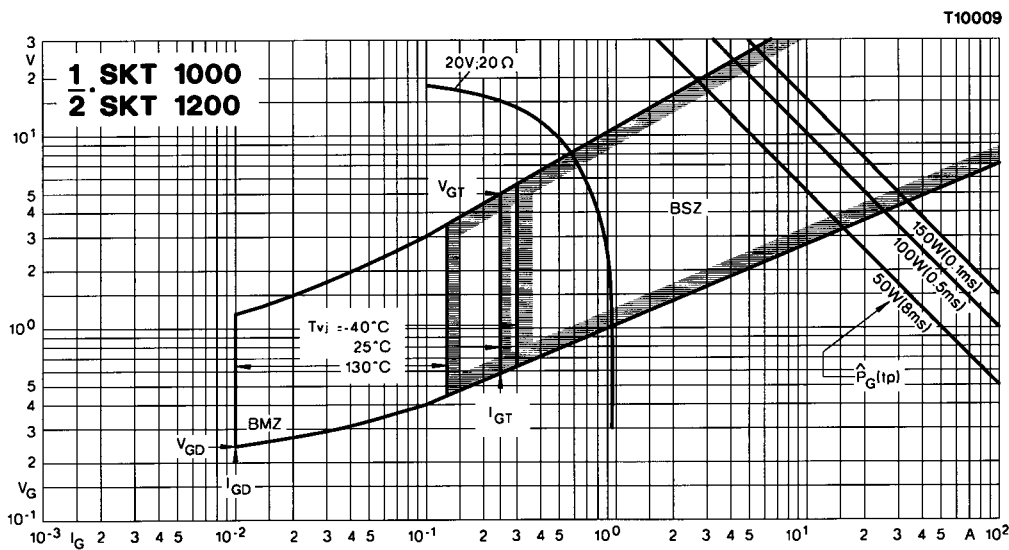
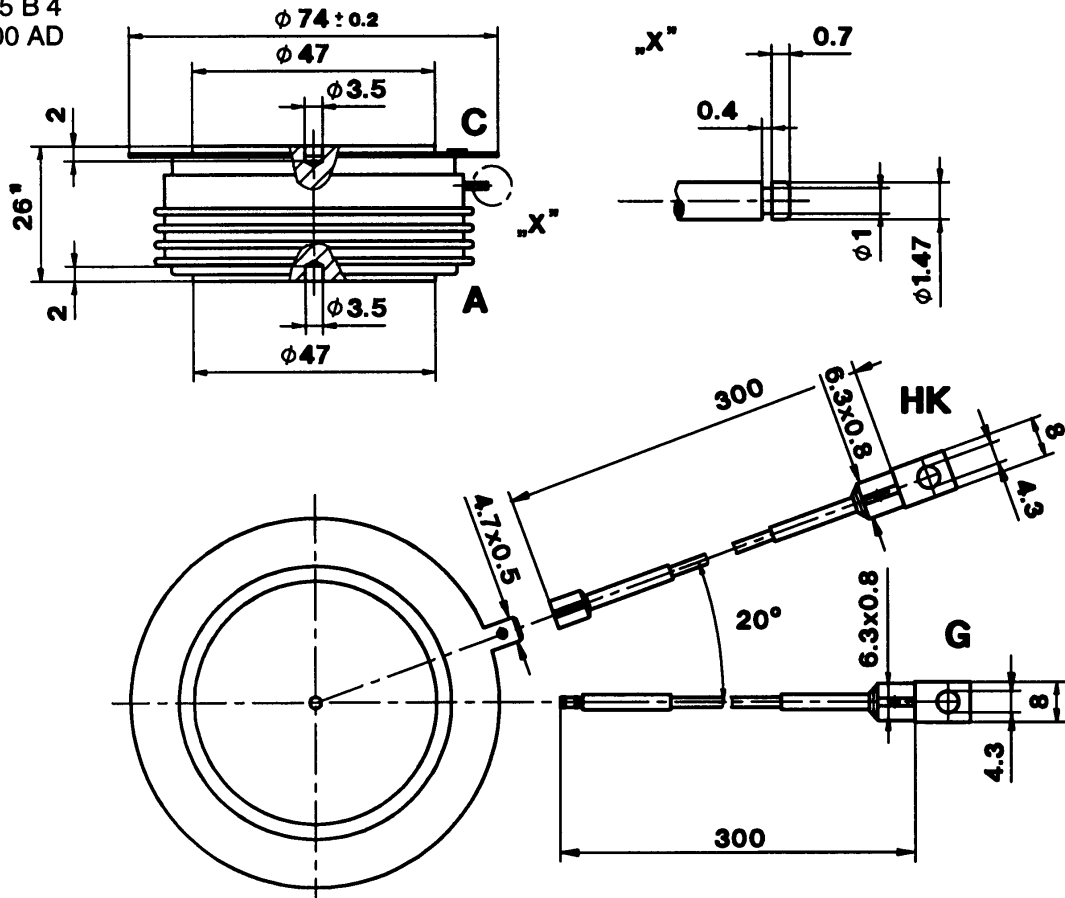


Fig. 9 Gate trigger characteristics

SKT 1000  
SKT 1200

Case B 14

DIN 41814: 155 B 4  
JEDEC: TO-200 AD



1) SKT 1000/... L 2: 27,5 mm

- C: Cathode terminal
- A: Anode terminal
- G: Gate terminal (yellow sleeve)
- HK: Auxiliary cathode terminal (red sleeve)

Dimensions in mm

This datasheet has been downloaded from:

[www.DatasheetCatalog.com](http://www.DatasheetCatalog.com)

Datasheets for electronic components.