

POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules

Catalog Numbers 1734-IB8S, 1734-IB8SK, 1734-IE4S, 1734-IE4SK, 1734-0B8S, 1734-0B8SK, 1734-0BV2S, 1734-0BV2SK



User Manual

Original Instructions

Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



WARNING: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



ATTENTION: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

IMPORTANT Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

These labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



SHOCK HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.

ARC FLASH HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

The following icon may appear in the text of this document.



Identifies information that is useful and can help to make a process easier to do or easier to understand.

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Thoroughly read and understand this manual before you install and operate a system that uses POINT Guard I/O[™] modules.

Always observe the following guidelines when using a module. In this manual, we use safety administrator to mean a person who is qualified, authorized, and responsible to secure safety in the design, installation, operation, maintenance, and disposal of the 'machine'.

- Keep this manual in a safe place where personnel can refer to it when necessary.
- Use the module properly according to the installation environment, performance ratings, and functions of the machine.

See <u>Understand Suitability for Use on page 9</u> and <u>Safety Precautions on page 11</u>.

Product specifications and accessories can change at any time. Consult with your Rockwell Automation representative to confirm specifications of the purchased product. Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

Consult your Rockwell Automation representative if you have any questions or comments. Also refer to the related documentation, which is listed on <u>page 8</u>, as necessary.

Summary of Changes

This publication contains the following new or updated information. This list includes substantive updates only and is not intended to reflect all changes. Change bars identify changes in the manual.

Change	Pages
Removed all installation information from this manual, expect for wiring information and examples. See the POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN016</u> , for installation information.	-
Removed specifications from this manual. See the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u> , for a complete list of specifications.	
Updated the pulse testing information.	159, 162, 163

Terminology

Table 1 - Common Terms

Term	Means	
Connection	Logical communication channel for communication between nodes. Connections are maintained and controlled between leaders and followers.	
EDS	Electronic data sheet a template that is used in RSNetWorx [™] software to display the configuration parameters, I/O data profile, and connection-type support for a given I/O module. RSNetWorx [™] software uses these simple text files to identify products and commission them on a network.	
PFD	Probability of a dangerous failure on demand, the average probability of a system to fail to perform its design function on demand.	
PFH	Average frequency of a dangerous failure per hour, the probability of a system to have a dangerous failure occur per hour.	
Proof test	Periodic test that detects failures in a safety-related system so that, if necessary, the system can be restored to an as-new condition or as close as practical to this condition.	
SNN	Safety network number, which uniquely identifies a network across all networks in the safety system. You must assign a unique number for each safety network or safety subnet within a system.	
Standard	Devices or portions of devices that do not participate in the safety function.	

Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation.

Resource	Description
POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN016</u>	Provides installation information for the safety I/O modules.
POINT I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>	Provides selection information for all POINT I/O [™] modules.
GuardLogix 5570 Controllers User Manual, publication <u>1756-UM022</u>	Provides information on how to install, configure, program, and use GuardLogix® 5570 controllers in Studio 5000 Logix Designer® projects.
GuardLogix 5570 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM099</u>	Provides information on safety application requirements for GuardLogix 5570 controllers in Studio 5000 Logix Designer projects.
GuardLogix Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM093</u>	Provides information on safety system requirements and describes the GuardLogix controller system.
GuardLogix Controllers User Manual, publication <u>1756-UM020</u>	Provides information on how to install, configure, program, and use GuardLogix controllers in RSLogix 5000® projects.
GuardLogix Safety Application Instructions Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM095</u>	Provides reference information that describes the GuardLogix Safety Application Instruction Set.
SmartGuard 600 Controllers Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1752-RM001</u>	Describes SmartGuard [™] 600-specific safety requirements and controller features.
Field Potential Distributor Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN059</u>	Provides installation information for 1734-FPD distributors.
POINT I/O 24V DC Expansion Power Supply Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN058</u>	Provides installation information for 1734-EP24DC power supplies.
POINT I/O 120/240V AC Expansion Power Supply Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN017</u>	Provides installation information for 1734-EPAC power supplies.
POINT I/O Terminal Base Assembly Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN511</u>	Provides installation information for 1734-TB and 1734-TBS assemblies.
POINT I/O One-piece Terminal Base Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN028</u>	Provides installation information for 1734-TOP, 1734-TOPS, 1734-TOP3, and 1734-TOP3S terminal bases.
ODVA Media Planning and Installation Guide, <u>www.odva.org</u>	Describes the required media components and how to plan for and install these required components.
Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1770-4.1	Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system.
Product Certifications website, <u>rok.auto/pec</u>	Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.

You can view or download publications at <u>rok.auto/literature</u>.

POINT Guard I/O Overview

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Use the POINT Guard I/O[™] safety modules in the POINT I/O[™] platform to distribute safety I/O on a safety-control network that meets the requirements up to and including SIL CL3, and PLe, Cat. 4 as defined in IEC 61508, IEC 61511, IEC 62061, and ISO 13849-1. Guard I/O[™] modules can be used with GuardLogix[®] controllers, Compact GuardLogix controllers, and SmartGuard[™] controllers.

Configure the modules for use on DeviceNet[®] networks with RSNetWorx[™] for DeviceNet software. For Ethernet networks, use the Logix Designer application.

Understand Suitability for Use

Rockwell Automation is not responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of the products in your application or use of the product. For more information see the POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN016</u>, and the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.

Take all necessary steps to determine the suitability of the product for the systems, machine, and equipment with which it is used.

Know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to these products.

Use this equipment within its specified ratings.

Before you use these products for an application that involves serious risk to life or property, verify that the whole system is designed to address the risks. Be sure that Rockwell Automation products are properly rated and installed for the intended use within the overall equipment or system.

Download firmware and product release notes from Rockwell Automation's <u>Product Compatibility and Download Center</u>. Do not download firmware from non-Rockwell Automation sites. Verify that the POINT Guard I/O firmware revision is correct before you commission the safety system. Firmware information for safety I/O modules is available at rok.auto/pec.



Field power must be applied to the 1734-IE4S module when you update the firmware.

Verify that a safety administrator conducts a risk assessment on the machine and determines module suitability before installation.



ATTENTION: Personnel responsible for the application of safety-related programmable electronic systems (PES) shall be aware of the safety requirements in the application of the system and shall be trained in the use of the system.



ATTENTION: Use only appropriate components or devices that comply with relevant safety standards that correspond to the required safety category and safety integrity level.

- Conformity to requirements of the safety category and safety integrity level must be determined for the entire system.
- We recommend that you consult a certification body regarding assessment of conformity to the required safety integrity level or safety category.

You must confirm that the entire system is in compliance with the applicable standards.

Device	Requirement	Allen-Bradley [®] Bulletin Safety Components
Emergency stop switches	Use approved devices with direct opening mechanisms that comply with IEC/EN 60947-5-1.	Bulletin 800F, 800T
Door interlocking switches, limit switches	Use approved devices with direct opening mechanisms that comply with IEC/EN 60947-5-1 and capable of switching microloads of 24V DC, 3 mA.	Bulletin 440K, 440G, 440H for interlock switch Bulletin 440P, 802T for limit switch
Safety sensors	Use approved devices that comply with the relevant product standards, regulations, and rules in the country where used.	Any Guardmaster [®] product
Relays with forcibly-guided contacts, contactors	Use approved devices with forcibly guided contacts that comply with EN 50205. For feedback purposes, use devices with contacts capable of switching micro loads of 24V DC, 3 mA.	Bulletin 700S, 100S
Other devices	Evaluate whether the devices used are appropriate to satisfy the requirements of safety category levels.	-

Table 1 - Requirements for Device Control

Safety Precautions

Observe these precautions for proper use of POINT Guard I/O modules.



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ATTENTION: As serious injury can occur due to loss of required safety function, follow these safety precautions.

- Never use test outputs as safety outputs. Test outputs are not safety outputs.
- Do not use Ethernet, DeviceNet, or ControlNet® standard I/O data or explicit message data as safety data.
- Do not use status indicators on the I/O modules for safety operations.
- Do not connect loads beyond the rated value to the safety outputs.
- Apply properly specified voltages to the module. If you apply inappropriate voltages, the module may fail to perform the specified functions, which could lead to loss of safety functions or damage to the module.
- To wire the POINT Guard I/O modules properly, use the wiring requirements and guidelines in <u>Wire the Modules on page 48</u>.
- Before you connect a device to the network, set a unique network node address.
- To confirm that device wiring, configuration, and operation is correct before you begin system operation, perform the applicable tests.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the module. This can result in the loss of safety functions.

Install or Replace Modules

ATTENTION:

- Before you connect devices to the network or connect input or output power to the device, clear previous configuration data.
- Configure the replacement device properly and confirm that it operates correctly.
- When you install or replace a module, follow the instructions and safety
 precautions in the POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules Installation Instructions,
 publication <u>1734-IN016</u>.
- After the module is installed, a safety administrator must confirm the installation and conduct trial operation and maintenance.

When you clean a module, **do not** use these chemicals.

- Thinner
- Benzene
- Acetone

Limit Access to the System

When you limit access to a device to authorized users only, consider these options:

- Password protect the source and execution of the control program
- Remove the key from the controller
- Deploy EtherNet/IP[™] devices in accordance with recommended architectures and concepts. See the Converged Plantwide Ethernet (CPwE) Design and Implementation Guide, publication <u>ENET-TD001</u>
- Implement physical barriers, such as locked cabinets

To limit access to the system, consider these options:

- Follow industry best practices to harden your personal computers and servers, like antivirus/anti-malware and application allow list solutions. These recommendations are published in Knowledgebase Document ID <u>PN767</u>.
- Develop and deploy backup and disaster recovery policies and procedures. Test backups on a regular schedule.
- Minimize network exposure for all control system devices and systems, and verify that they are not accessible from the Internet.
- Locate control system networks and devices behind firewalls and isolate them from the business network.
- Subscribe to Rockwell Automation's Security Advisory Index, Knowledgebase Document ID <u>PN1354</u>, so you have access to information about security matters that affect Rockwell Automation products.

POINT Guard I/O Modules in CIP Safety Systems

POINT Guard I/O modules are used in the POINT I/O platform and implement CIP Safety[™] protocol extensions over EtherNet/IP and DeviceNet networks to communicate safety messages. POINT Guard I/O modules connect to EtherNet/IP or DeviceNet networks via these network adapters.

Table 2 - Network Adapters

Network	System	Adapter ⁽¹⁾
EtherNet/IP	GuardLogix	1734-AENT (Firmware Revision 3 or later)
		1734-AENTR
DeviceNet	SmartGuard or GuardLogix	1734-PDN

(1) Not compatible with 1734-ADN, 1734-ADNX, 1734-APB, or 1734-ACNR adapters.

Distributed I/O communication for safety I/O data is performed through safety connections that support CIP Safety over an EtherNet/IP or DeviceNet network. Data is processed in the safety controller. A control monitors the status and fault diagnostics of POINT Guard I/O modules.

In addition to I/O state data, the modules include status data to monitor I/O faults within each circuit.

A password can help protect the configuration information of the modules.

1734-IB8S Digital Input Module Features

- Safety digital inputs
 - Safety devices, such as an Emergency Stop Push Button, gate switches, and safety light curtains, can be connected.
 - Dual-channel mode evaluates consistency between two input signals (channels), which allows use of the module for safety Category 3 and 4 and in applications that are rated up to and including PLe/SIL CL3 when both channels' Point Mode configurations are set to Safety Pulse Test.
 - Single-channel mode evaluates one input signal (channel), which allows use of the module for safety Category 2 and in applications that are rated up to and including PLd/SIL CL2 when the channel's Point Mode configuration is set to Safety Pulse Test.
 - You can configure a discrepancy time to control how long two channels are allowed to be discrepant before a fault is declared.
 - It is possible to perform an external wiring short circuit check when inputs are wired in combination with test outputs. The module must be wired in combination with test outputs when this function is used.
 - Independently adjustable on and off delays are available per channel.

- Test outputs (digital input modules only)
 - Separate test outputs are provided for short circuit detection of a safety input (or inputs).
 - Power (24V) can be supplied to devices, such as safety sensors.
 - Test outputs can be configured as standard outputs.
 - Specific test outputs can be used for broken-wire detection of a muting lamp.

1734-OB8S Safety Digital Output Module Features

- Solid-state outputs
- Dual-channel mode provides redundant control with two output signals (channels), which lets you use the module for safety Category 3 and 4, and applications that are rated up to and including PLe/SIL CL3 when both channels' Point Mode configurations are set to Safety Pulse Test.
- Single-channel mode provides control with one output signal (channel), which allows use of the module for safety Category 2, and applications that are rated up to and including PLd/SIL CL2 when the channel's Point Mode configuration is set to Safety Pulse Test.

IMPORTANT 1734-OB8S Single-channel mode is only certified for functional safety applications with process safety times greater than or equal to 600 ms; or, applications with demand rates less than or equal to 1 demand per minute.

• Safety outputs can be pulse-tested to detect field wiring short-circuits to 24V DC.

1734-OBV2S POINT Guard I/O Module Features

- Four bipolar outputs (two pairs)
- Dual-channel mode provides redundant control with two output signals (channels), which allows use of the module for safety Category 3 and 4, and applications that are rated up to and including PLe/SIL CL3 when both channels' Point Mode configurations are set to Safety Pulse Test.
- Safety outputs can be pulse-tested to detect field wiring short-circuits to 24V DC (for the sourcing output of the bipolar pair) and ground (for the sinking output of the bipolar pair).

1734-IE4S Safety Analog Input Module Features

- Connection of up to four voltage or current sensors.
- Sensor power outputs are individually current-limited and monitored.
- Measurement of process variables, such as temperature, pressure, or flow rate.
- Seven configurable input ranges. ±10V, ±5V, 0...5V, 0...10V, 4...20 mA, 0...20 mA, Tachometer
- Tachometer mode converts 24V DC switching signals into pulses per second.
- Single-channel or dual-channel for SIL 3-rated safety devices and applications.
- Dual-channel mode evaluates the consistency between two input signals (channels), which allows use of the module in applications that are rated up to and including SIL CL3/PLe/Cat. 4.
- You can configure a discrepancy time to control how long two channels are allowed to be discrepant before a fault is declared.

Programming Requirements

Use the minimum Software Versions listed here.

Cat. No.	Studio 5000° Environment Version	RSLogix 5000° Software Version (EtherNet/IP Network)	RSNetWorx for DeviceNet Software Version (DeviceNet Network)
1734-IB8S, 1734-0B8S	21 or later	17 ⁽¹⁾ or later	9 or later
1734-0BV2S	21 or later	18 or later	21 or later
1734-IE4S	21 or later	18 ⁽²⁾ or later	10 or later

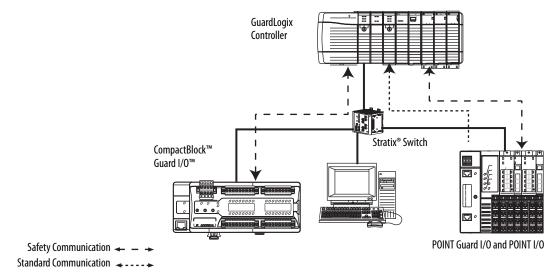
(1) If you use digital POINT Guard I/O modules with the analog POINT Guard I/O module, you must update the Add-on Profiles to version 2.02.004 or later for the modules to be compatible with version 18 or later of RSLogix 5000 software and the Studio 5000 Environment. To find Add-on Profiles, go to the <u>Product Compatibility and Download Center</u>.

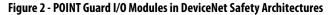
(2) Dual-channel Analog (DCA) safety application instruction is available in RSLogix 5000° software, version 20 or later and Studio 5000° environment, version 21 and later.

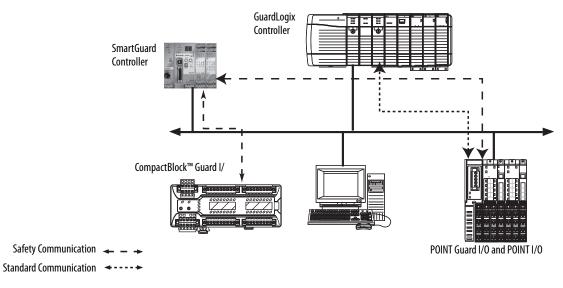
CIP Safety Architectures

Use POINT Guard I/O modules in EtherNet/IP or DeviceNet safety architectures. Safety controllers control the safety outputs. Safety or standard PLC controllers can control the standard outputs.

Figure 1 - POINT Guard I/O Modules in EtherNet/IP Safety Architecture







Safety Application Requirements

POINT Guard I/O modules are certified for use in safety applications up to and including PLe/Cat. 4 and SIL CL3 in which the de-energized state is the safe state. Safety application requirements include evaluation of probability of failure rates (PFD and PFH), system reaction time settings, and functional verification tests that fulfill SIL 3 criteria.

Creating, recording, and verifying the safety signature is also a required part of the safety application development process. The safety controller creates the safety signatures. The safety signature consists of an identification number, date, and time that uniquely identifies the safety portion of a project. This number includes all safety logic, data, and safety I/O configuration.

For safety system requirements, including information on the safety network number (SNN), verifying the safety signature, functional verification test intervals, system reaction time, and PFD/PFH calculations, refer to the following publications.

For safety requirements in:	See:		
GuardLogix controller systems	GuardLogix 5570 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM099</u>		
SmartGuard 600 controller systems	SmartGuard 600 Controllers Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1752-RM001</u>		

You must read, understand, and fulfill the requirements that are detailed in these publications before operating a safety system that uses POINT Guard I/O modules.

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Safety Inputs, Safety Outputs, and Safety Data

Safe States

POINT Guard Digital I/O Modules

ATTENTION:

- The safe state of the outputs is defined as the off state.
 - The safe state of the module and its data is defined as the off state.
- Use the POINT Guard I/O[™] module only in applications where the off state is the safe state.

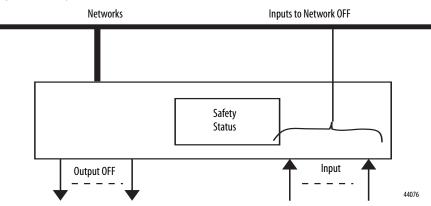
The digital POINT Guard I/O[™] modules have these safe states:

• Safety outputs: OFF

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- Safety input data to network: OFF (single channel and dual-channel equivalent)
- Safety input data to network: OFF/ON for input channels n/n+1 (dual-channel complementary)

Figure 3 - Safety Status



The module is designed for use in applications where the safe state is the off state.

POINT Guard I/O Analog Input Module

The analog input POINT Guard I/O module has these safe states:

- Safety input data to network in single-channel configuration: 0 (OFF)
- Safety input data to network in dual-channel equivalent configuration:
 - If a diagnostic fault occurs, the signal for the faulted channel is set to 0 (OFF).
 - If a dual-channel discrepancy fault occurs, the dual-channel inputs continue to report actual input signals.

Safety Inputs - 1734-IB8S

Safety inputs are used to monitor safety input devices.

Use a Test Output with a Safety Input

A test output can be used in combination with a safety input for short circuit, cross-channel, and open-circuit fault detection. Configure the test output as a pulse test source and associate it to a specific safety input.



The test output can also be configured as a power supply to source 24V DC to an external device, for example, a light curtain.

Figure 4 - Example Use of a POINT Guard I/O Input Module

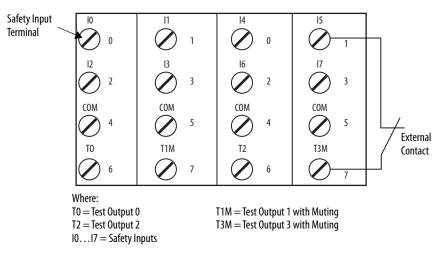
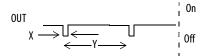


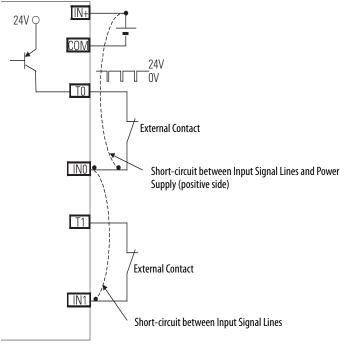
Figure 5 - Test Pulse in a Cycle



For the 1734-IB8S module, the pulse width (X) is typically 525 μ s; the pulse period (Y) is typically 144 ms.

When the external input contact is closed, a test pulse is output from the test output terminal to diagnose the field wiring and input circuitry. When you use this function, short-circuits between inputs and 24V power, and between input signal lines and open circuits can be detected.



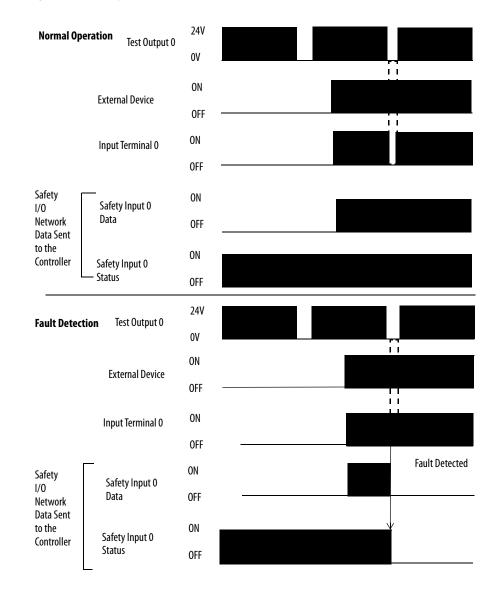


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Single-channel Mode

If an error is detected, safety input data and safety input status turn off.

Figure 7 - Normal Operation and Fault Detection (Not to Scale)



Dual-channel Mode and Discrepancy Time

To support dual-channel safety devices, the consistency between signals on two channels can be evaluated. Either equivalent or complementary can be selected.

If the length of a discrepancy between the channels exceeds the configured discrepancy time (10...65,530 ms in increments of 10 ms), the safety input data and the individual-safety input status turn off for both channels. In Dual-channel Complimentary mode, the safety input data goes to off/on for input channels n/n+1 respectively as described in Table 3.

IMPORTANT	The dual-channel function is used with two consecutive inputs that are paired together, and start at an even input number, such as inputs 0 and 1, 2 and 3.
IMPORTANT	If you use the safety application instructions with a GuardLogix [®] controller, set the inputs of the module inputs to Single (default). Do not use the dual-channel mode of the module, as this functionality is provided by the safety application instructions.

This table shows the relation between input terminal states and controller input data and status.

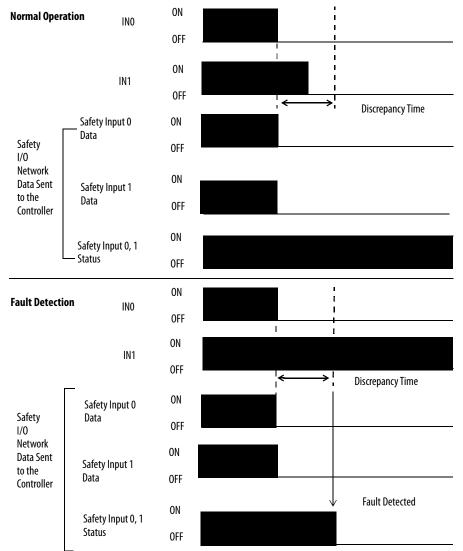
Table 3 - Terminal Input Status and Controller I/O Data

Dual-channel Mode	Input Terminal		Controller Input Data and Status				Dual-channel	Dual-channel
	INO	IN1	Safety Input 0 Data	Safety Input 1 Data	Safety Input 0 Status	Safety Input 1 Status	Resultant Data	Resultant
Dual-channels, Equivalent	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Normal
	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fault
	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fault
	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	Normal
Dual-channels, Complementary	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fault
	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	OFF	Normal
	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	ON	ON	Normal
	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	Fault

Dual-channel, Equivalent

In Equivalent mode, both inputs of a pair must be in the same (equivalent) state. When a transition occurs in one channel of the pair before the transition of the second channel of the pair, a discrepancy occurs. If the second channel transitions to the appropriate state before the discrepancy time elapses, the inputs are considered equivalent. If the second transition does not occur before the discrepancy time elapses, the channels will fault. In the fault state, the input and status for both channels are set low (OFF). When configured as an equivalent dual pair, the data bits for both channels are sent to the controller as equivalent, both high or both low.





Dual-channels, Complementary

In Complementary mode, the inputs of a pair must be in the opposite (complementary) state. When a transition occurs in one channel of the pair before the transition of the second channel of the pair, a discrepancy occurs. If the second channel transitions to the appropriate state before the discrepancy time elapses, the inputs are considered complementary.

If the second transition does not occur before the discrepancy time elapses, the channels will fault. The fault state of complementary inputs is the even-numbered input that is turned off and the odd-numbered input turned ON. Note that if faulted, both channel status bits are set low. When configured as a complementary dual-channel pair, the data bits for both channels are sent to the controller in complementary, or opposite states.

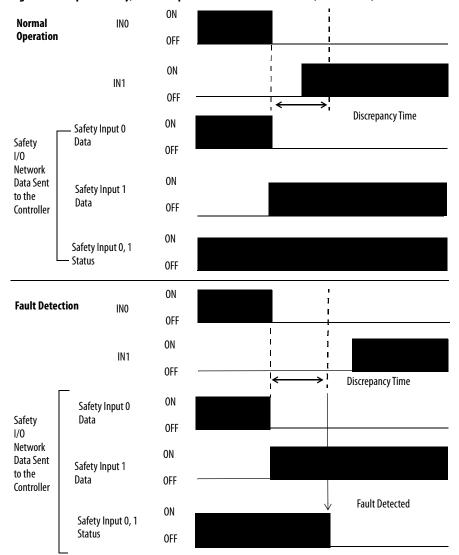


Figure 9 - Complementary, Normal Operation and Fault Detection (Not to Scale)

Safety Input Fault Recovery

If an error is detected, the safety input data remains in the OFF state. Follow this procedure to activate the safety input data again.

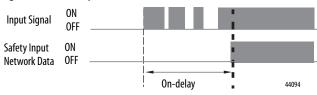
- 1. Remove the cause of the error.
- 2. Place the safety input (or safety inputs) into the safe state.
- 3. Allow the input-error latch time to elapse.

After these steps are completed, the I/O indicator (red) turns off. The input data is now active.

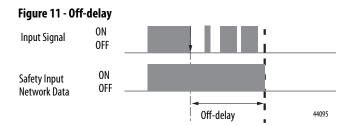
Input Delays

On-delay - An input signal is treated as Logic 0 in the on-delay time (0...126 ms, in increments of 6 ms) after the rising edge of the input contact. The input turns on only if the input contact remains on after the on-delay time has elapsed. This setting helps prevent rapid changes of the input data due to contact bounce.

Figure 10 - On-delay



Off-delay - An input signal is treated as Logic 1 in the off-delay time (0...126 ms, in increments of 6 ms) after the falling edge of the input contact. The input turns off only if the input contact remains off after the off delay time has elapsed. This setting helps prevent rapid changes of the input data due to contact bounce.



Safety Analog Inputs -1734-IE4S

Safety analog-input channels can be configured for current, voltage, or tachometer inputs, and for input type: single-channel or dual-channel equivalent.

IMPORTANT If you use the module with a GuardLogix controller, set the inputs of the module to Single (default). Do not use the dual-channel equivalent mode of the modules with the GuardLogix dual channel safety application instructions, as dual-channel functionality is provided by the GuardLogix instructions.

Input Range

You can configure the module for these voltage or current input ranges, or for tachometer inputs.

- ±10V
- ±5V
- 0...5V
- 0...10V
- 4...20 mA
- 0...20 mA
- Tachometer (1...1000 Hz)

IMPORTANTWhen ±10V and ±5V ranges are selected, you must make sure that a
broken-wire condition is not a safety hazard. A broken wire causes the analog
value to transition to 0, which is within the valid input range. Therefore, status
bits do not indicate the broken-wire condition.

Scale the Input Signals

The module converts input signals to the engineering units specified when you configure the module. You set the High Engineering value and the Low Engineering value to which the module scales the input signal before the data is sent to the application program of the controller.

EXAMPLE	The module is configured as follows:
	• Input Range = 010V
	Low Engineering value = 0
	High Engineering value = 10,000
	If the incoming signal is 1V, the data is 1000.
	If the incoming signal is 5.5V, the data is 5500.

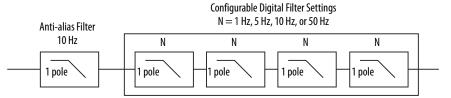
Digital Input Filter

A single-pole, anti-alias filter of 10 Hz is followed by a four-pole digital filter. Choose from these available corner frequencies.

- 1 Hz
- 5 Hz
- 10 Hz
- 50 Hz

The default input filter setting is 1 Hz.

Figure 12 - Filter Operation



The filter setting affects the step response of the module. For more information, see the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.

For the analog input modes, the input filter settings set the low-pass filter to filter out noise that can be present on the signal. In Tachometer mode, the input filter removes noise that can be present on the calculated frequency, this effectively changes how rapidly the tachometer frequency changes to provide a value with less jitter.

Sensor Power Supply

You can configure the module to supply power to the connected sensors, or you can supply power to the sensors from an external power supply. To comply with UL restrictions, you must power the field power and connected devices with one, Class 2-complaint power supply.

We recommend that you configure the module to supply power to the sensors. This configuration lets the module detect if a sensor loses power, if the sensor draws too much power, or if there is a short in the power wiring to the sensor.

At powerup or after a reconfiguration, each sensor power supply is turned on for 500 ms to test them.

When a channel is configured for module sensor power, a sensor power diagnostic is executed on that channel at powerup. The diagnostic is used to make sure that the sensors do not draw over- or undercurrent and that channel-to-channel shorts are not present.



When a sensor power overcurrent condition occurs, it can take as much as 15 seconds longer than the configured latch time for channel status to recover after the overcurrent condition is cleared.

IMPORTANT	If you use an external power supply, you must monitor the system for the following:
	 The supply voltage must be within the operating range of the sensor. The current draw of the sensors must not be over- or undercurrent-current, which could indicate a problem with the components of the sensor. Channel-to-channel shorts must be detected, if they occur.

Channel Offset

You can configure an offset if differences of the nominal input signal in the sensor exceed the desired discrepancy deadband. Use the Channel Offset if you use two sensors of different types to measure the same variable. Sensors from two different vendors potentially give slightly different data values for a given temperature or pressure. Use the Channel Offset to bring the data values back together. You can also use the Channel Offset with two identical sensors that are physically offset from each other.

The channel offset is applied before the channel discrepancy is evaluated.

The Channel Offset is applied only during the evaluation of discrepancy between two channels that are configured for Dual Channel and is not applied to any of the Process Alarms. Therefore, if you use two sensors to measure the same process variable, and these sensors read different values, you may need to set the Process Alarms to different values based on the sensor readings.

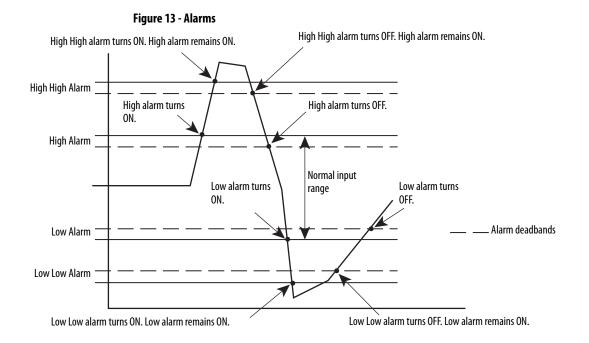
Process Alarms

Process alarms alert you when an analog input value has exceeded the configured high or low limits for each channel. Process alarms are set at four configurable trigger points.

- High High alarm
- High alarm
- Low alarm
- Low Low alarm

You can configure a tolerance range, called a deadband, to work with process alarms. This deadband lets the process alarm status bit remain set, despite the disappearance of the alarm condition, as long as the data remains within the deadband of the process alarm.

IMPORTANT If you use the safety application instructions with a GuardLogix controller, do not use the process alarm of the module. Instead, check the analog range in your application logic.



Use a Single-channel Sensor

You must address these requirements to meet SIL 3 with a single-channel sensor.

- The module's ±10V and ±5V analog input modes must not be used for SIL 3 with a single-channel sensor because 0V falls within the valid input range. Therefore, a stuck at ground fault cannot be detected.
- In a single-channel sensor system, you must use other methods to make sure a channel-to-channel short cannot occur because these faults cannot be detected.
- If you use a 3-wire sensor, you must verify its behavior to make sure that if it loses its ground connection, the signal is 0 (safe state) at the module input when the fault occurs.

Dual-channel Equivalent Mode

IMPORTANT If you use the module with a GuardLogix controller, set the inputs of the module to Single (default). Do not use the dual-channel mode of the module as this functionality is provided by the GuardLogix safety application instructions.

The 1734-IE4S module supports Dual-channel Equivalent mode. In Dual-channel Equivalent mode, the values of both inputs of a pair must be within a configured tolerance range (discrepancy deadband). If the difference between the channel values exceeds the deadband for longer than the configured discrepancy time, a discrepancy fault is declared. When a dual-channel discrepancy fault occurs, the input status values for both channels are set low (off) and the actual input values are reported. The fault is cleared when the difference between the values of the channel fall back within the discrepancy deadband tolerance range for the discrepancy time.

Figure 14 illustrates module operation in dual-channel equivalent mode. At A, the difference between the channel values exceeds the discrepancy deadband tolerance range and the discrepancy timer starts. When the timer expires at B, a dual-channel discrepancy fault occurs and the status bits of the input are set low. At C, the values fall back within the discrepancy deadband and the discrepancy timer starts again. When the timer expires at D, and the values are still within the discrepancy deadband, the fault is cleared. At E, the difference between the channels exceeds the discrepancy deadband and the discrepancy timer starts. A discrepancy fault occurs again at F, when the timer expires and the difference between the channel values remains greater than the discrepancy deadband.

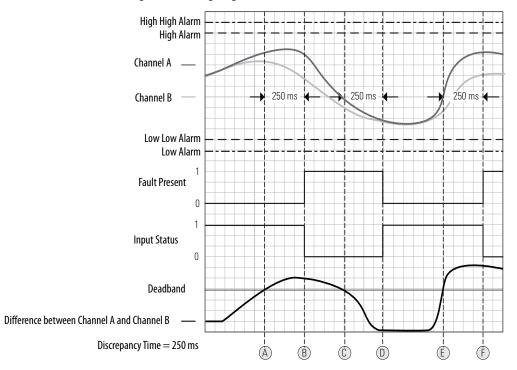


Figure 14 - Timing Diagram

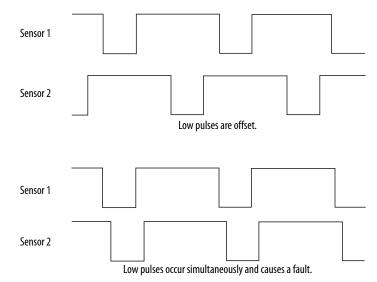
Tachometer Mode

In Tachometer mode, the module measures digital pulses from 0V...24V DC, and converts them into a frequency or pulses per second. Therefore, you can use 24V DC proximity sensors or 5V DC encoders, for example. The Tachometer function does not sense direction, so the use of a differential encoder does not yield direction data. Tachometer mode could be used, for example, to measure the rotational speed of an axis that is connected to a gear.

Tachometer mode can operate as SIL 2 single-channel. Use two sensors, the dual-low detection parameter, and user program logic to achieve SIL 3. Safety reaction time is dependent on the signal frequency.

IMPORTANT When you use two sensors in a dual-channel configuration, position the sensors to make sure that the low pulses occur at different times. If you have configured the module for dual low detection and both sensors are low simultaneously, a fault is declared.

Figure 15 - Sensor Pulses in Dual-channel Configuration

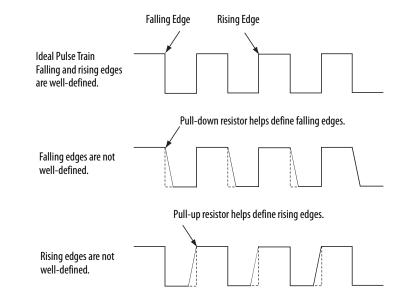


Signal Measurement

The edge-to-edge time of the pulse determines the frequency of the signal in pulses per second. The frequency range is 1 Hz...1 kHz.

In Tachometer mode, you define how the signal is measured, either on the falling (non-inverted) or rising (inverted) edge. For NPN-style sensors (sensor sinks), use the falling edge. For PNP-style sensors (sensor sources), use the rising edge. Depending on your application, you may need to install an appropriately sized pull-up resistor for falling-edge signal measurements, or a pull-down resistor for rising-edge signal measurements.

Figure 16 - Pulse Trains



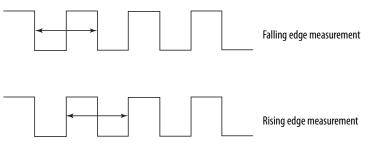
Off and On Signal Levels

You configure the Off and On levels, in 1V increments, for the signal. When you select these levels, assume a tolerance of at least ± 0.5 V. For example, if you set the On Level to 10V, you can expect the module to recognize a signal from 9.5V...10.5V as On. While the accuracy of the module when it measures the analog signal is good, Tachometer mode emphasizes a wider voltage range and speed to be able to measure pulse widths accurately.

Also consider the variance of the voltage output from your sensor when you make the On and Off Level settings. If possible, we recommend that you select On Levels that are 2V below and Off Levels that are 2V above the actual thresholds of the expected output voltage level of your device.

Determine Frequency in Pulses per Second

The edge-to-edge time of either the falling or rising edge of the pulse determines the frequency in pulses per second.



One pulse, by itself, does not generate a nonzero frequency. To report a frequency of 1 Hz, two falling or rising edge pulses must be detected within 1 second. The module reports 0 Hz until 1 Hz is detected. For example, if a falling or rising edge is not detected for 1.02 seconds after the previous edge, the module reports 0 Hz.

Overfrequency Bit Operation

When the frequency exceeds 1 kHz, the module reports a data value of 1 kHz, sets the Overfrequency status bit to 0, and latches it. While the Overfrequency bit is set to 0, you must use an alternate method to monitor the frequency of the system because the value reported by the module is latched at 1 kHz. Once you have verified that the frequency is lower than 1 kHz, you can reset the Overfrequency condition by setting the Reset Tach bit, which lets the module begin to measure the frequency of field pulses again.

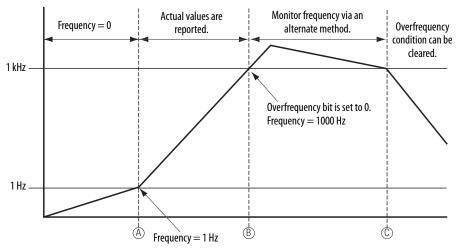
If you set the Reset Tach bit while the frequency is still above 1 kHz, the Tachometer Overfrequency bit transitions to 1 (within range) momentarily. However, as soon as the module begins to measure pulses, it detects another overfrequency condition and immediately set the Tachometer Overfrequency bit to 0 again. The Reset Tach bit is edge-sensitive.



ATTENTION: Before you reset the Overfrequency condition, you must use another method to verify that the actual frequency is lower than 1 kHz.

See <u>Output Assemblies on page 171</u> for more information on how to reset the Overfrequency bit.





In Figure 17, the module reports a frequency of 0 Hz until the frequency of the system reaches 1 Hz at A, when the module begins to report the actual value. At B, the frequency exceeds 1 kHz, the Overfrequency bit is set to 0, and the module continues to report a data value of 1 kHz. Between B and C, you must monitor the frequency by an alternate method because the value that is reported by the module is not always accurate. After C, the Overfrequency condition can be cleared, provided you have used an alternate method to verify that the actual frequency is below 1 kHz.

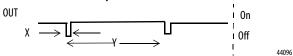
Safety Outputs -1734-0B8S, 1734-0BV2S

Read this section for information about safety outputs.

Safety Output with Test Pulse

When the safety output is on, the safety output can be configured to pulse test the safety output channel. This function lets you continuously test the ability of the safety output to remove power from the output terminals of the module. If an error is detected, the safety output data and individual safety output status turn off.

Figure 18 - Test Pulse in a Cycle



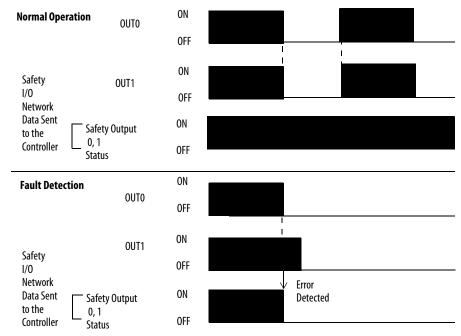
For the 1734-OB8S and 1734-OBV2S modules, the pulse width (X) is typically 475 μ s; the pulse period (Y) is typically 575 ms.

IMPORTANT To help prevent a malfunction in the connected device because of the test pulse, pay careful attention to the input response time of the output device.

Dual-channel Mode

When the data of both channels is in the on state, and neither channel has a fault, the outputs are turned on. The status is normal. If a fault is detected on one channel, the safety output data and individual safety output status turn off for both channels.

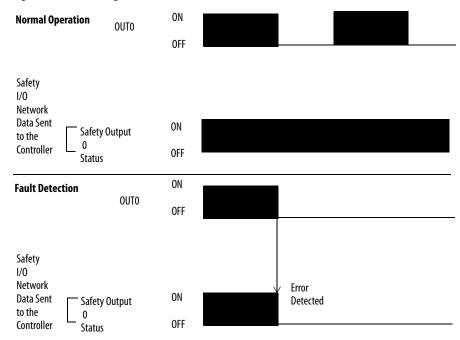
Figure 19 - Set the Dual-channel Mode (Not to Scale)



Single-channel Mode, 1734-0B8S Only

When the data of the channel is in the on state, and does not have a fault, the output is turned on. The status is normal. If a fault is detected on the channel, the safety output data and individual safety output status turn off.

Figure 20 - Set the Single-channel Mode (Not to Scale)



Safety Output Fault Recovery

If a fault is detected, the safety outputs are switched off and remain in the off state. Follow this procedure to activate the safety output data again.

- 1. Remove the cause of the error.
- 2. Command the safety output (or safety outputs) into the safe state.
- 3. Allow the output-error latch time to elapse.

After these steps are completed, the I/O indicator (red) turns off. The output data can now be controlled.

IMPORTANT Stuck high faults require a module power reset to clear the error.

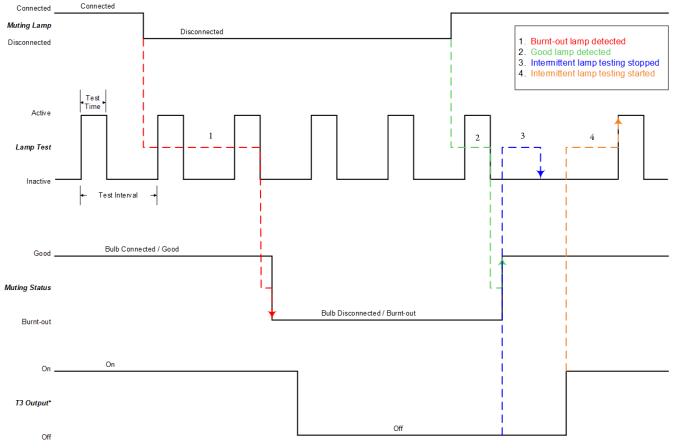
Muting Lamp Operation -1734-IB8S

With firmware revision 1.002 and later, the operation of the muting status bits for test outputs T1 and T3 has changed. Your PLC processor program controls test outputs T1 and T3 to illuminate a muting lamp. Muting lamp status is monitored with a test that runs periodically during every test interval to detect a burned-out lamp. The test runs repeatedly when the test output is commanded on. Figure 21 explains how muting lamp operation, status, and fault detection are monitored.



The lamp test interval is 3 seconds. Two consecutive failed lamp tests are required to declare a burned-out lamp condition. The lamp test does not always run immediately after the test output is energized. It starts at the next 3-second interval. To allow time for two consecutive test intervals, program a minimum Test Output On Time of 6 seconds.





*NOTE: Output controlled by User's program, not by Muting Status bit.

<u>Table 4</u> shows the expected behavior of the muting status for test outputs T1 and T3. Keep these points in mind as well:

• When power is applied to the 1734-IB8S module, and T1 or T3 remains commanded off, the muting status defaults to on.

This bit operation is designed to help prevent erroneous muting instruction faults from the GuardLogix controller. This bit status is not always the true indication of a burned-out lamp.

IMPORTANT	Before you check the state of the corresponding muting status, be sure that the test output is commanded on. Once the test output is commanded on, a
	maximum time of 6 seconds is required for the module to detect a burned-out lamp.

- If a muting lamp circuit is open when power is applied to the module, the condition is detected when the test output is commanded on.
- When a lamp burns out and is replaced, the fault (muting status bit) returns to the normal condition, independent of the state of the test output.

Table 4 - Muting Status Bit Operation

Test Output Commanded State	Lamp Condition	Muting Status Bit	Description
ON	Bad (open circuit)	0	Repair the lamp.
ON	Good	1	Normal condition. The lamp is operating properly.
OFF	Bad (open circuit)	0	If the lamp remains OFF after you cycle the T1 or T3 output, repair the lamp.
OFF	Good	1	Normal condition.

I/O Status Data

In addition to I/O data, the module also provides status data to monitor the I/O circuits. The status includes diagnostic data that the controllers read with 1 = ON/Normal and 0 = OFF/Fault/Alarm.

Digital I/O Status Data

This status data is monitored:

- Individual Point Input Status
- Combined Input Status
- Individual Point Output Status
- Combined Output Status
- Individual Test Output Status
- Individual Output Monitor (actual ON/OFF state of the outputs)

Individual Point status indicates whether each safety input, safety output, or test output is normal (normal: ON, faulted: OFF). For fatal errors, communication connections can be broken, so the status data cannot be read. Status bits are OFF in the controller data table when the connection is lost.

Combined status is provided by an AND of the status of all safety inputs or all safety outputs. When all inputs or outputs are normal, the respective combined status is ON. When one or more of them has an error, the respective combined status is OFF. This status is known as the combined safety input status or combined safety output status.

Analog I/O Status Data

Individual input status indicates whether each analog input point is normal (ON) or faulted (OFF). In addition, this diagnostic data is monitored:

- User 24V Supply Overrange or Underrange
- Sensor Power Overcurrent or Undercurrent
- Channel Signal Overrange or Underrange
- Broken Wire Detected (4...20 mA current mode)
- Single-channel Discrepancy Error (channel fault)
- In SIL 2 or SIL 3 operation, a single-channel discrepancy error occurs when both measurements (internal to the module) of the same input signal are not within tolerance. If a single-channel discrepancy occurs, this indicates a problem with the module. Input status is set to zero and a zero input value is reported for that channel.
- SIL 3 Dual-channel Discrepancy Error (channel fault)
- Alarms
 - High High and Low Low Alarm Overrange or Underrange
 - High and Low Alarms Overrange or Underrange
 - Dual-channel Tachometer Dual Low Inputs Detected
 - Tachometer Frequency Overrange or Underrange

The alarm status is reported in the Alarm Status attribute for each channel.

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Place Series B Digital Modules	46	

Place Power Supplies and Modules in a System

Choose a Power Supply

The POINTBus[™] backplane includes a 5V communication bus and field power bus that get their power from a communication adapter or expansion power supplies. All POINT I/O[™] modules are powered from the POINTBus backplane by either the adapter or expansion power supply. POINT I/O adapters have built-in power supplies. Use the information and examples in this chapter to determine if you need an expansion power supply in your system.



ATTENTION: To comply with the CE Low Voltage Directive (LVD), this equipment, and all connected I/O, must be powered from a safety extra low voltage (SELV) or protected extra low voltage (PELV) compliant source.

For UL-compliant applications, the 1734-IB8S, 1734-OB8S, and 1734-OBV2S modules, and all connected I/O, must be powered from a SELV- or PELV-compliant power source that is rated 150VA maximum.

For UL-compliant applications, the 1734-IE4S module, the module's field power and connected I/O devices must be powered from a Class 2-compliant, limited voltage/limited current power source.



These Rockwell Automation[®] 1606 power supplies are SELV- and PELV-compliant, and they meet the isolation and output hold-off time requirements of the SmartGuard[™] 600 controller:

- 1606-XLP30E
- 1606-XLP72E
 - 1606-XLP95E
- 1606-XLP50E1606-XLP50EZ
- 1606-XLDNET4

•

1606-XLSDNET4

Follow the safety precautions that are listed in <u>Chapter 1</u> and the wiring guidelines that are described in <u>Chapter 4</u> before you connect a power supply to the system.

To choose which types of power supplies meet the system requirements, you **must** consider the power consumption requirements for the 5V and 24V bus when you design a POINTBus backplane.

Choose from these power supplies for the POINTBus backplane and field power:

- The 1734-EP24DC expansion power supply provides an additional 10 A of 24V DC field power and provides an additional 1.3 A of 5V current to the I/O modules to the right of the power supply.
- The 1734-FPD field power distributor provides an additional 10 A of 24V DC field power, and passes through all POINT I/O backplane signals and the 5V bus supplied to the left. It **does not** provide additional POINTBus backplane power which lets you isolate field power segments.
- The 1734-EPAC expansion power supply (for standard I/O modules) provides an additional 10 A of 120/240V AC field power and provides an additional 1.3 A of 5V current to the I/O modules to the right of the power supply.

IMPORTANT	If you use the 1734-EPAC expansion power supply to the left of the POINT Guard I/O™ modules, you must use a 1734-FPD field power distributor or 1734-EP24DC expansion power supply. These distributors are used to isolate POINT Guard I/O field power from the AC field supply.
	5V POINTBus power is required to establish and maintain communication (connection) between the module and the controller.

See the POINT I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>, for more information on compatible power supplies.

Power Supply Examples

Use these valid power-supply example configurations to help you understand the combinations of power supplies that can fit your system:

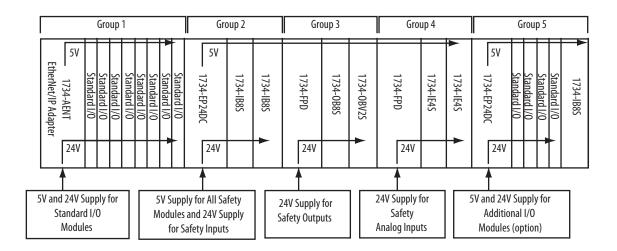
- Example 1: Isolate Field Power Segments on page 43
- Example 2: POINT Guard I/O Used with AC I/O Modules on page 44

These examples are for illustrative purposes only, to help you understand various power supply concepts.

IMPORTANT	 You must define the requirements for field and bus power segments in your application. The POINT Guard I/O modules DO NOT require separate field bus power usage, that is, separate power supplies. This step is optional.
	 The POINT Guard I/O modules DO NOT require a separate POINTBus power-supply, which separates a module from other POINT I/O modules, except when additional POINTBus power is required. Do not apply AC voltage to POINT Guard I/O modules.

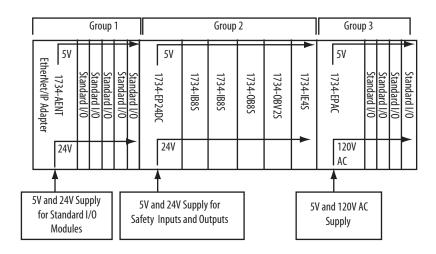
Example 1: Isolate Field Power Segments

This power supply example uses a 1734-EP24DC expansion power supply and 1734-FPD field power distributor to illustrate a combination of standard POINT I/O and POINT Guard I/O modules. The example illustrates how you can mix the modules and create separate groups for input and output modules, along with digital and analog modules.



Example 2: POINT Guard I/O Used with AC I/O Modules

This power supply example uses 1734-EP24DC and 1734-EPAC expansion power supplies to illustrate how you can mix POINT I/O and POINT Guard I/O modules, and create a separate power group for AC I/O modules.



Place Series A Digital and Analog Modules

Always install modules in accordance with their specified operating temperature ratings, and provide a minimum of 5.08 CM (2 in.) clearance above the modules. For more information, see the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication 1734-SG001.

• Limit ambient temperature operation to 40 °C (104 °F) if Series A POINT Guard I/O modules are used without 1734-CTM spacer modules.

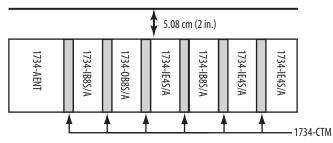
Figure 22 - Series A Digital Modules in Operating Temperatures Less than 40 °C (104 °F)

		1	5.08	cm (2 ii	n.)	
1734-AENT	1734-IB8S/A	1734-0B8S/A	1734-IE4S/A	1734-IB8S/A	1734-IE4S/A	1734-IE4S/A

• In any system where you have any Series A POINT Guard I/O modules, use a 1734-CTM spacer between every POINT Guard I/O module with ambient operation between 40 °C (104 °F) and 55 °C (131 °F).

Insert a 1734-CTM module next to each standard I/O module (gray) if the thermal dissipation specification of that module is more than 1 W.

Figure 23 - Series A Digital and Analog Modules in Operating Temperatures from 40 $^\circ C$ (104 $^\circ F)\ldots$ 55 $^\circ C$ (131 $^\circ F)$



• When you use Series A POINT Guard I/O modules in your system limit the power supply to 24V DC maximum, to limit the Series A POINT Guard I/O thermal dissipation of the module.

For more information, see the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.



ATTENTION: Vertical orientation requires careful attention to design details and panel layout so that all modules in the stack must operate within their rated operating temperature range.

For Vertical installations, be sure that 1734-CTM spacer modules are installed next to any Series A POINT Guard IO modules operating above 40 $^\circ$ C (104 $^\circ$ F) ambient.

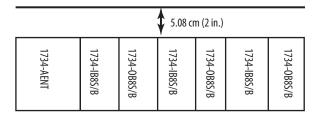
Place Series B Digital Modules

Always install modules in accordance with their specified operating temperature ratings, and provide a minimum of 5.08 CM (2 in.) clearance above the modules.

When used in a system that contains only Series B Guard I/O modules, series B Guard I/O modules are used without 1734-CTM spacer modules in environments with ambient operation up to 55 °C (131 °F).

For Series B POINT Guard I/O module derating requirements for every module with ambient operation between 40 °C (104 °F) and 55 °C (131 °F), see the specifications in the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.

Figure 24 - Series B Digital Modules in Operating Temperatures Less than 55 °C (131 °F)





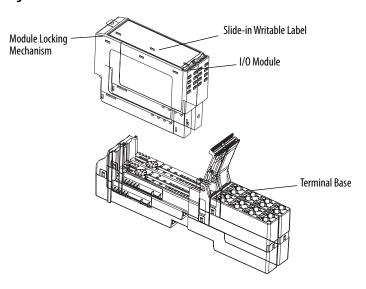
ATTENTION: Vertical orientation requires careful attention to design details and panel layout so that all modules in the stack operate within their rated operating temperature range.

Install the Module

Торіс	Page
Wire the Modules	48
Connection Details	50
Wiring Examples	51

See the POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules Installation Instructions, publication <u>1734-IN016</u>, for information about terminal base installation and how to insert the I/O modules into the terminal bases.

Figure 25 - POINT Guard I/O™ Modules



31867-M

Wire the Modules

Follow these guidelines when you wire the modules.

- Do not route communication, input, or output wiring with conduit that contains high voltage. See the Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication <u>1770-4.1</u>.
- Wire correctly after confirming the signal names of all terminals.
- Use shielded cable for analog and tachometer inputs.
- When using the sensor power supply on the 1734-IE4S module, do not connect an external power supply to the sensor.
- If you use the 1734-IE4S sensor power supply of the module to power your input devices, you are responsible for verifying that your application operates properly with the diagnostic features of this output.
- Tighten screws for communication and I/O connectors correctly.
- When using analog inputs, wire only to voltage or only to current inputs, not both. If you mix input types, it can induce noise on the input measurements.



ATTENTION: Wire the POINT Guard I/O modules properly so that the 24V DC line does not touch the safety outputs accidentally or unintentionally.

Do not connect loads beyond the rated value to safety outputs.

Wire conductors correctly and verify operation of the module before placing the system into operation. Incorrect wiring can lead to loss of safety function.

Do not apply DC voltages that exceed the rated voltages to the module.

Do not connect a power source to the sensor power supply in the 1734-IE4S module or you could blow an internal fuse. When an internal fuse is blown, the module is inoperative.

Disconnect the module from the power supply before wiring. If wiring is performed while power is supplied, devices that are connected to the module can operate unexpectedly.



WARNING: If you connect or disconnect wiring while the field-side power is on, an electric arc can occur. This arc could cause an explosion in hazardous location installations. Be sure that power is removed or the area is nonhazardous before proceeding.

This equipment must be used within its specified ratings that Rockwell Automation has defined.

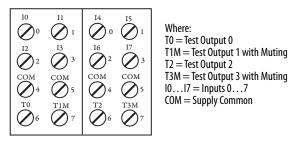


ATTENTION: This product is grounded through the DIN rail to chassis ground. Use zinc plated chromate-passivated steel DIN rail to assure proper grounding. The use of other DIN rail materials (for example, aluminum or plastic) that can corrode, oxidize, or are poor conductors, can result in improper or intermittent grounding. Secure DIN rail to mounting surface approximately every 200 mm (7.8 in.) and use end-anchors appropriately. Be sure to ground the DIN rail properly. Refer to Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, Rockwell Automation publication <u>1770-4.1</u>, for more information.

Terminal Layout

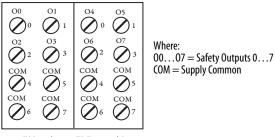
These figures show the terminal layouts for the POINT Guard I/O modules.

Figure 26 - 1734-IB8S Field Connections



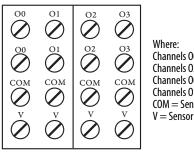
1734-TOP and 1734-TB Terminal Bases

Figure 27 - 1734-0B8S Field Connections



1734-TOP and 1734-TB Terminal Bases

Figure 28 - 1734-OBV2S Field Connections



Channels 00 and 01 = safety output bipolar pair Channels 02 and 03 = safety output bipolar pair Channels 00 and 02 = sourcing outputs Channels 01 and 03 = sinking outputs COM = Sensor Power supply common V = Sensor Power supply

1734-TOP and 1734-TB Terminal Bases

Figure 29 - 1734-IE4S Field Connections

$ \begin{array}{c cccc} V0 & V1 & V2 & V3 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 $	Where: V0V3 = Voltage inputs 03 I0I3 = Current inputs 03 COM = Supply Common S0S3 = Sensor power terminals
--	--

1734-TOP3 Terminal Base

Connection Details

See the tables that show input device connection methods and their safety categories.

Connected Device	Test Pulse from Test Output	Connection	Schematic Diagram	Safety Category
Push Button	No	Connect the push button between 24V DC and IO.	I0 I1 T0 T1 +-\	1
I	Yes	Connect the push button between IO and TO. TO must be configured as test pulse.	10 11 T0 T1 +	2
Emergency stop button Door monitor switch	No	Connect the devices between T0 and I0 and I1, note that T0 is configured for 24V power supply.		3
		Connect the devices between 24V DC and I0 and I1.	10 11 T0 T1 	
	Yes	Connect the device between I0 and T0, and I1 and T1.		4
Light Curtain	Yes	Connect the OSSD1 and OSSD2 to I0 and I1, respectively. Connect the 24V power supply commons.	In - 10 11 T0 T1 24V 0S SS Com 2 N	3 or 4 based on light curtain used

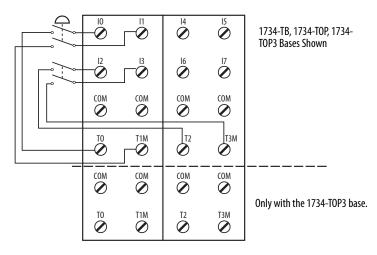
Wiring Examples

Read this section for examples of wiring by application. See catalog number details for the appropriate module.

Emergency Stop Dual-channel Devices

This example shows how to configure the controller and wire a digital POINT Guard I/O module with an emergency stop button and gate monitoring switch that have dual-channel contacts. When used in combination with the programs in a safety controller, this wiring is safety Category 4 (emergency stop button) and safety Category 3 (gate monitoring switch).

Figure 30 - 1734-IB8S POINT Guard I/O Module Wiring (Dual-channel Contacts)

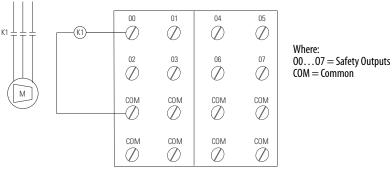


Controller Configuration	Parameter Name	Configuration Setting
Safety Input 0	Safety Input 0 Channel Mode	Test Pulse from Test Output
	Safety Input 0 Test Source	Test Output 0
	Dual-channel Safety Input 0/1 Mode	Dual-channel Equivalent
	Dual-channel Safety Input 0/1 Discrepancy Time	100 ms (application dependent)
Safety Input 1	Safety Input 1 Channel Mode	Test Pulse from Test Output
	Safety Input 1 Test Source	Test Output 1
Safety Input 2	Safety Input 2 Channel Mode	Safety Input
	Safety Input 2 Test Source	Test Output 2
	Dual-channel Safety Input 2/3 Mode	Dual-channel Equivalent
Safety Input 3	Safety Input 3 Channel Mode	Safety Input
	Safety Input 3 Test Source	Test Output 3
Test Output 0	Test Output 0 Mode	Pulse Test Output
Test Output 1	Test Output 1 Mode	Pulse Test Output
Test Output 2	Test Output 2 Mode	Power Supply Output
Test Output 3	Test Output 3 Mode	Power Supply Output

Single-channel Safety Contactor

This example shows how to configure the controller and wire a1734-OB8S module with one safety contactor. When used in combination with the programs of the safety controller, this circuit configuration is safety Category 2.

Figure 31 - 1734-0B8S POINT Guard I/O Module Wiring (Single Safety Contact)



Point Operation Type

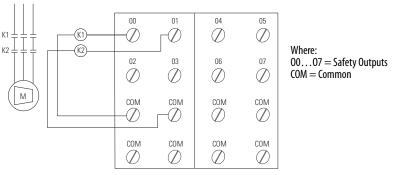
		Ď
Controller Configuration	Parameter Name	Configuration Setting
Safety Output 0	Safety Output 0 Point Mode	Safety Pulse Test

Single Channel

Dual-channel Safety Contactors

This example shows how to configure the controller and wire a 1734-OB8S module with redundant safety contactors. When used in combination with the programs of the safety controller, this circuit configuration is safety Category 4. Additional wiring, such as monitoring feedback, can be required to achieve safety Category 4.



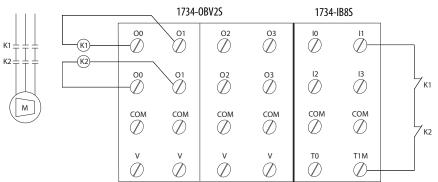


Controller Configuration	Parameter Name	Configuration Setting
Safety Output 0	Safety Output 0 Point Mode	Safety Pulse Test
	Point Operation Type	Dual-channel
Safety Output 1	Safety Output 1 Point Mode	Safety Pulse Test

Bipolar Safety Outputs

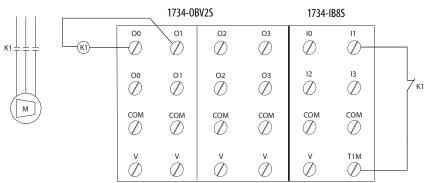
These examples show how to wire a 1734-OBV2S output module with an input module to meet PLe and PLd safety requirements.

Figure 33 - 1734-OBV2S Dual Safety Output Wiring - PLe



Controller Configuration	Parameter Name	Configuration Setting
Safety output 0	Safety output 0 point mode	Safety pulse test
Safety output 1	Safety output 1 point mode	Safety pulse test
Safety input 1	Safety input 1 point operation type	Single
	Safety input 1 point mode	Safety pulse test
	Safety input 1 test source	1
Test output 1	Test output 1 point mode	Pulse test

Figure 34 - 1734-OBV2S Dual Safety Output Wiring - PLd



Controller Configuration	Parameter Name	Configuration Setting
Safety output 0	Safety output 0 point mode	Safety pulse test
Safety output 1	Safety output 1 point mode	Safety pulse test
Safety input 1	Safety input 1 point operation type	Single
	Safety input 1 point mode	Safety pulse test
	Safety input 1 test source	1
Test output 1	Test output 1 point mode	Pulse test

Safety Analog Input Wiring

The following sections contain important guidelines for wiring safety analog inputs and wiring examples for the 1734-IE4S module. See <u>page 59</u> for examples.

Guidelines for Wiring Safety Analog Inputs

Follow these guidelines when wiring your safety analog inputs.

- For eight terminal connections, use the 1734-TOP or 1734-TB terminal bases.
- For all 12 terminal connections, use the 1734-TOP3 terminal base. When using a 1734-TOP3 base, both of the COM terminals and both of the Sensor Power terminals for each channel are internally connected. The FE terminal connection that is shown on the diagrams represents a grounding lug on the panel or terminal connection to the DIN rail.
- If the sensor has a digital output for use with Tachometer mode, it must be either a push-pull type output or have appropriate pull-up or pull-down resistors for NPN or PNP sensors. The analog input module does not provide the low impedance of these pull-up or pull-down resistors.

IMPORTANT	You must verify the behavior of your 3-wire sensor to make sure that if it loses its ground connection, the signal is 0 (safe state) at the module input when the fault occurs.
IMPORTANT	To obtain SIL 3, Cat. 3 or Cat.4, you must make sure that the analog input signals do not short together or that the two sensors are installed to provide signals that are offset from one another. When the module is configured as the source for sensor power, a short-circuit is detected at powerup (Cat. 2). However, when an external power supply is used, another means must detect this fault.

Safety Analog Input Wiring Examples

Follow the Guidelines for Wiring Safety Analog Inputs on page 54.

Figure 35 - 2-wire Current (4...20 mA) Sensor (SIL2 or SIL 3)

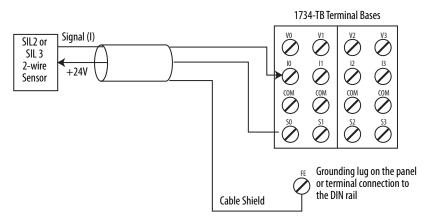
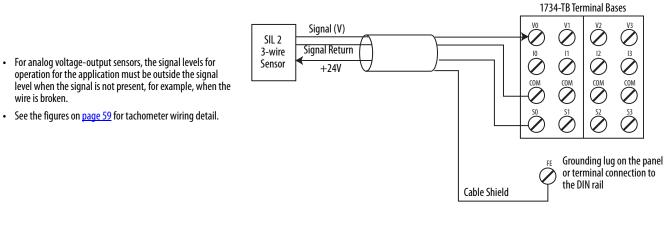
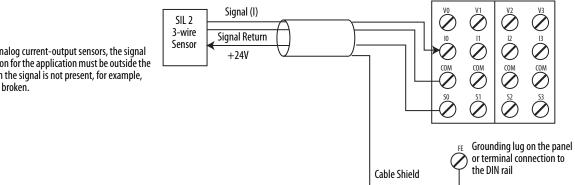


Figure 36 - 3-wire Voltage or Tachometer Sensor (SIL 2)







For 0...20 mA analog current-output sensors, the signal • levels for operation for the application must be outside the signal level when the signal is not present, for example, when the wire is broken.

1734-TB Terminal Bases

Figure 38 - 4-wire Voltage or Tachometer Sensor (SIL 2)

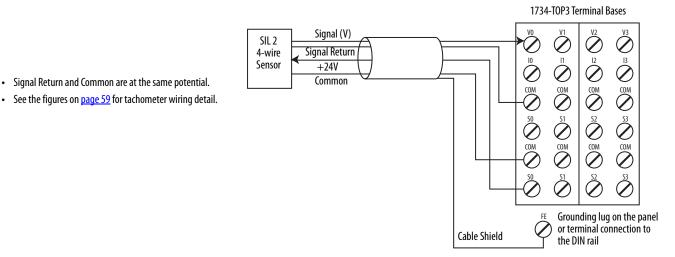
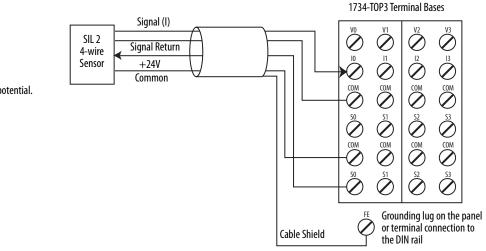


Figure 39 - 4-wire Current Sensor (SIL 2)



• Signal Return and Common are at the same potential.

Figure 40 - 2-wire Current (4...20 mA) Sensor (SIL 3)

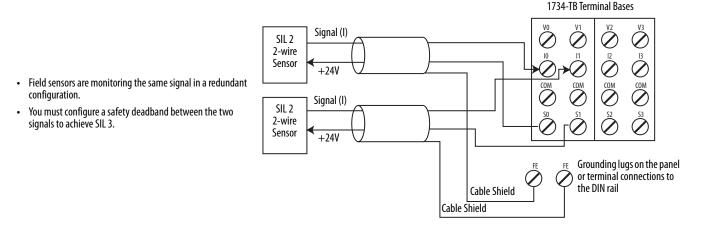


Figure 41 - 3-wire Voltage or Tachometer Sensor (SIL 3)

- This wiring configuration can also be used for SIL 2 redundant Tachometer mode.
- For analog voltage-output sensors, the signal levels for operation for the application must be outside the signal level when the signal is not present, for example, when the wire is broken.
- Field sensors are monitoring the same signal in a redundant configuration.
- You must configure a safety discrepancy deadband between the two signals to achieve SIL 3.
- See the figures on page 59 for tachometer wiring detail.

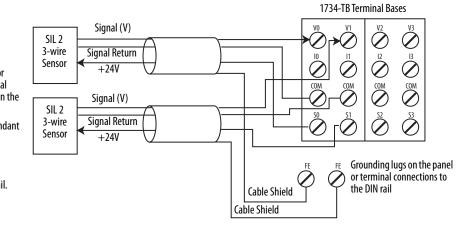


Figure 42 - 3-wire Current Sensor (SIL 3)

- For 0...20 mA analog current-output sensors, the signal levels for operation for the application must be outside the signal level when the signal is not present, for example, when the wire is broken.
- Field sensors are monitoring the same signal in a redundant configuration.
- You must configure a safety discrepancy deadband between the two signals to achieve SIL 3.

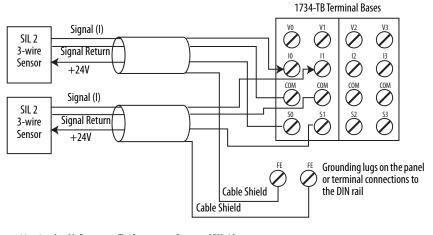


Figure 43 - 4-wire Voltage or Tachometer Sensor (SIL 3)

- This wiring configuration may also be used for SIL 2 redundant Tachometer mode.
- Signal Return and Common are at the same potential.
- Field sensors are monitoring the same signal in a redundant configuration.
- You must configure a safety discrepancy deadband between the two signals to achieve SIL 3.
- See the figures on page 59 for tachometer wiring detail.

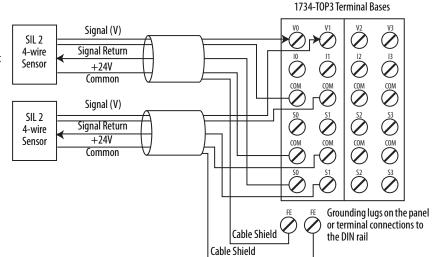
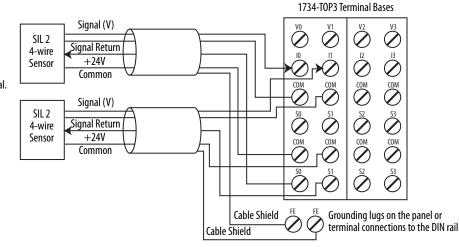


Figure 44 - 4-wire Current Sensor (SIL 3)



- Signal Return and Common are at the same potential.
- Field sensors are monitoring the same signal in a redundant configuration.
- You must configure a safety discrepancy deadband between the two signals to achieve SIL 3.

IMPORTANT For the following two examples, follow these guidelines:

- The negative terminal of the sensor power supply and that of the 1734 terminal base COMMON must be at the same potential.
- Use of an external power supply limits diagnostics and increases susceptibility to noise.
- You must verify that the sensor is receiving appropriate power. Safety sensors that are not properly powered do not always deliver accurate signals to the analog input module.
- Follow the Guidelines for Wiring Safety Analog Inputs on page 54.

Figure 45 - 4-wire Voltage or Tachometer Sensor (SIL 2) with External Power Supply

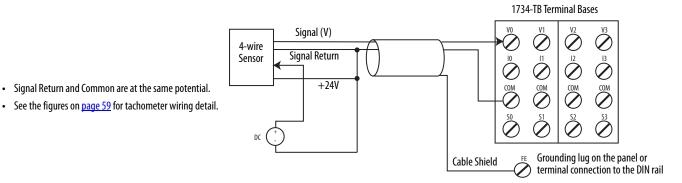
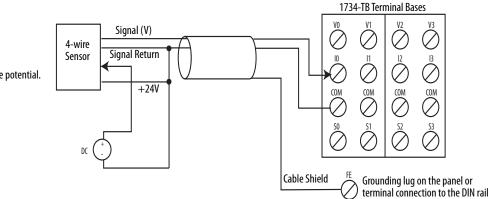


Figure 46 - 4-wire Current Sensor (SIL 2) with External Power Supply



• Signal Return and Common are at the same potential.

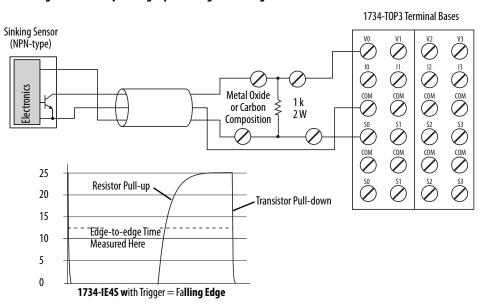
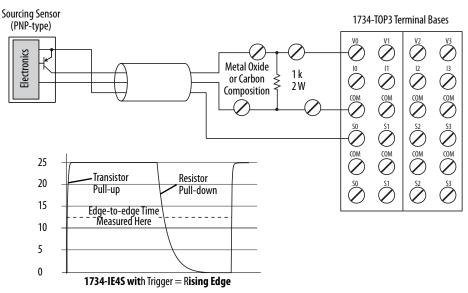


Figure 47 - Safety Analog Input Wiring for Sinking Tachometer Sensor





Notes:

Configure the Module in a GuardLogix Controller System

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Values and States of Tags	89
Configure Safety Connections	91
Configuration Ownership	92
Save and Download the Module Configuration	93

Install the Module on an EtherNet/IP Network

When you use a GuardLogix[®] controller on an EtherNet/IP^{\simeq} network, configure the POINT Guard I/O^{\simeq} modules with the Logix Designer application.

IMPORTANT You **must** configure each point that is used as a safety input or output. By default, all safety input and output points are disabled.

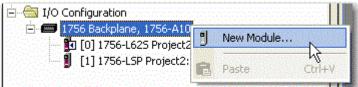
To install the POINT Guard I/O modules on an EtherNet/IP network, complete these steps.

- 1. Add and Configure the Ethernet Bridge.
- 2. Add and Configure the Point I/O Ethernet Adapter.
- 3. Add and Configure Safety Digital Input Modules.
- 4. Add and Configure Safety Digital Output Modules.
- 5. Add and Configure Safety Analog Input Modules.

Add and Configure the Ethernet Bridge

Follow this procedure to add and configure the Ethernet bridge. In this example, we use a 1756 GuardLogix controller.

1. From the I/O Configuration tree, right-click 1756 Backplane, 1756-Axx, and choose New Module.



- 2. In the Select Modules dialog box, check Communication and Allen-Bradley[®].
- 3. Choose an Ethernet module from the list and click Create.

In this example, we chose the 1756-EN2T bridge. These module revisions support CIP Safety[™].

Cat. No.	Compatible Major Revision
1756-EN2F	1 or later
1756-EN2T	1 or later
1756-ENBT	3 or later
1756-EN2TR	3 or later
1756-EN3TR	3 or later
1768-ENBT	3 or later

4. Specify the properties for the new module.

Parent: Local Name: Pirvate Network: Description: Pirvate Network: Module Definition P Address: Module Definition P Host Name: Revision: 3.1 Electronic Keying: Compatible Module Rack Connection: None Time Sync Connection: None	Type: 1756-EN2T 1756 10/100 Mbj Vendor: Allen-Bradley	Info Internet Protocol Port Configuration RSNetWorx Insps Ethernet Bridge, Twisted-Pair Media C Ethernet Address
Revision: 31 Electronic Keying: Compatible Module Rack Connection: None	Name: Description:	Private Network: 192.168.1. Private Network: 192.168.
	Electronic Keying: Compatible Mo Rack Connection: None	

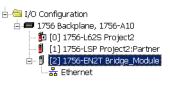
- a. In the Name field of the New Module dialog box, type the name of the Ethernet bridge.
- b. In the Description field, type an optional description.
- c. In the IP address field, type the IP address.
- d. In the Slot field, choose the slot number.

- 5. To edit the Module Definition, click Change.
 - a. In the Revision fields, choose the major and minor revisions.
 - b. From the Electronic Keying dropdown menu, choose the appropriate keying method.

Choose	Description
Compatible Module	Allows a module to determine whether it can emulate the module that is defined in the configuration that is sent from the controller.
Disable Keying	None of the parameters in the physical module and module that is configured in the software must match. Do not choose Disable Keying.
Exact Match	All parameters must match or the inserted module rejects a connection to the controller.

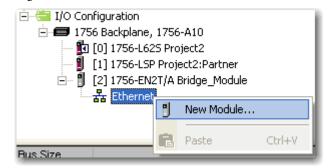
6. Click OK.

The I/O Configuration tree displays the Ethernet connection.



Add and Configure the Point I/O Ethernet Adapter

1. Right-click the Ethernet connection and choose New Module.



- 2. On the Select Module dialog box, check Communication and Allen-Bradley.
- 3. Choose an Ethernet adapter from the list and click Create.

4. Specify the general properties of the Ethernet adapter.

New Module	×
General Connection Module Info Internet Protocol Port Configur	ation Chassis Size
Type: 1734-AENT 1734 Ethernet Adapter, Twisted-Pair Me Vendor: Allen-Bradley	
Parent: Bridge_Module Name: Description:	C Private Network: 192.168.1.
Module Definition Revision: 3.1 Electronic Keying: Compatible Module Connection: Rack Optimization Chassis Size: 1	C'Host Name:
Status: Creating	OK Cancel Help

- a. In the Name field of the New Module dialog box, type the name of the 1734 Ethernet adapter.
- b. In the Description field, type a description, if desired.
- c. In the IP address field, type the IP address.
- 5. To edit the Ethernet adapter Definition, click Change.

	3 🗸 1 ≑
Electronic <u>K</u> eying:	Compatible Module
Connection:	Rack Optimization
Chassis Size:	1
Chassis Size:	1

a. In the Revision fields, choose the major and minor revisions.

IMPORTANT 1734-AENT adapter firmware must be major revision 3 or later to support POINT Guard I/O modules.

b. From the Electronic Keying dropdown menu, choose the appropriate keying method.

Choose	Description
Exact Match	Module and type series must exactly match or the controller rejects the module.
Compatible Module	Controller checks module type and revision for compatibility. Compatible modules that match, or are newer, are accepted.
Disable Keying	Controller checks module type, but accepts any version. Do not choose Disable Keying.

c. From the Connection dropdown menu, choose the appropriate connection for the 1734 Ethernet adapter.

Choose	Description
Listen Only	Read or verify standard digital I/O data only, but does not control the modules. (When you have multiple controllers, one controller is used to control and the other controllers are used to monitor.)
None	The adapter makes a direct connection to each of the module's listed under the 1734-AENT adapter in the I/O Configuration tree.
Rack Optimization	Standard digital I/O data is collected into one rack image. NOTE: POINT specialty, analog, or safety (POINT Guard I/O) modules do not use rack optimization.



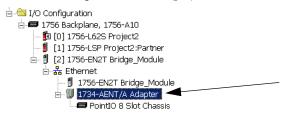
If there are no standard digital I/O modules in your POINT I/O[™] system, choose None.

d. From the Chassis Size dropdown menu, choose the number of POINT I/O modules that are attached to the 1734 Ethernet adapter plus 1 for the 1734 Ethernet adapter.

IMPORTANTDo not count terminal bases. Enter only the number of physical modules that
are installed, plus 1 for the adapter. This number must match exactly. You
cannot enter a higher number to anticipate future expansion.Each POINT Guard module that you configure can consume up to 2 connections
of the 20 connection limit within the 1734-AENT or 1734-AENTR modules. Be
sure that you are aware of and design your POINT system with these limits in
mind.

- 6. To return to the Module Properties dialog box, click OK.
- 7. To apply your changes, click OK.

The I/O Configuration tree displays the 1734 Ethernet adapter.



Add and Configure Safety Digital Input Modules

To include a safety digital input module in the project, add the module under the I/O chassis in the I/O Configuration tree. Then configure the general properties of the module, configure the digital inputs, and configure test outputs as described in these sections.

Add the Safety Digital Input Module

To add the POINT Guard I/O safety digital input module, follow these steps.

1. Right-click the POINT I/O Chassis and choose New Module.

☐ ☐ I/O Configuration ☐			
PointIO 8 Slot Chassis	IJ	New Module	
	ß	Paste	Ctrl+V

- 2. From the Select Module dialog box, check Digital and Allen-Bradley.
- 3. Select an input module and click Create.

Enter Search Text for Module	Type <u>C</u> lear Filters		Hide Filters 🕱
Module Ty	vpe Category Filters	Module Type Vendor I	Filters
Analog Digital Other Safety Specialty	Alter-Bradley		
Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category 🔺
		Allen-Bradley	Digital
1734-IB2	2 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink	Alleribiadicy	Digital
1734-IB2 1734-IB4	2 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink 4 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink	Allen-Bradley	Digital
		-	
1734-IB4	4 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink	Allen-Bradley	Digital 📃
1734-IB4 1734-IB4D	4 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink 4 Point 10V-28V DCInput w/ Diagnostics, Sink	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Digital
1734-IB4 1734-IB4D 1734-IB8	4 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink 4 Point 10V-28V DCInput w/ Diagnostics, Sink 8 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Digital Digital Digital
1734-IB4 1734-IB4D 1734-IB8 1734-IB8	4 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink 4 Point 10V-28V DCInput w/ Diagnostics, Sink 8 Point 10V-28V DC Input, Sink 8 Point 24V DC Sink Input	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Digital Digital Digital Safety,Digital

New Module				×
General Conne	ection Safety Module Info Input 0	Configuration Test Output	.]	
Type: Vendor:	1734-IB8S IP-20 8 Point 24V dc Sin Allen-Bradley	k Input Module		
Parent:	Adapter			
Name:		Module Number:	3 💌	
Description:		Safety Network Number:	3485_044C_55A5	
		v	10/23/2008 4:01:51.525 PM	
⊢ Module Defin	ition			
Series:	A Ch	ange		
Revision:	1.1			
Electronic Ke	ying: Compatible Module			
Configured B	ly: This Controller	_		
Input Data:	Safety			
Output Data:	Test			
Input Status:	Pt. Status	_		
		_		
Status: Creat	ing		OK Cancel	Help

4. Specify the general properties of the module.

- a. In the Name field of the New Module dialog box, type a unique name for the input module.
- b. From the Module Number dropdown menu, choose a unique module number that corresponds to the position of the module in the chassis.
- c. In the Description field, type a description, if desired.
- d. In the Safety Network Number field, use the default setting.

For a detailed explanation of the safety network number (SNN), see the GuardLogix Controller Systems Safety Reference Manuals that are listed in the Additional Resources on <u>page 8</u>. However, in most cases, you use the default that the Logix Designer application sets.

The purpose of the safety network number (SNN) is to make sure that every module in a system can be uniquely identified. We suggest that all safety modules on a network have the same SNN, to make documentation easier. At configuration, the Logix Designer application defaults to an SSN of a safety device to match the SNN of the lowest safety node on each network. 5. To edit the Module Definition, click Change.

Series:	A
Revision:	1 💌 1÷
Electronic Keying:	Compatible Module
Configured By:	This Controller
nput Data:	Safety 💌
Output Data:	Test
Input Status:	Pt. Status
Data Format:	Integer 🗾
ОК	Cancel Help

- a. In the Series field, choose the input series letter of the module.
- b. In the Revision fields, choose the input revision number of the module.
- c. From the Electronic Keying dropdown menu, choose the appropriate keying method for the input module.

Choose	Description
Exact Match	All parameters must match or the inserted module rejects a connection to the controller.
Compatible Module	Allows an I/O module to determine whether it can emulate the module that is defined in the configuration that is sent from the controller.

d. From the Configured By dropdown menu, choose the configuration method.

Choose	Description
This Controller	This selection directs the controller to configure the module.
External Means	This selection directs the controller to establish a safety input connection only, and the controller doesn't configure the module or control the Test Outputs.

Choose	Desc	ription				
Safety	These tags are created for the target module: • RunMode for module mode • ConnectionFaulted for communication status • Safety Data for safety inputs from the module					
-AENT_Adapter:1:1		{}	{}		AB:1734_IB8S_Safety2:I:0	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.RunMode	AENT_Adapter:1:I.RunMode			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Connection	Fault	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt00Data		0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt01Data	AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt01Data			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt02Data	AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt02Data			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt03Data	AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt03Data			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt04Data		0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt05Data	AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt05Data			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt06Data	AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt06Data			Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt07Data		0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety

e. From the Input Data dropdown menu, choose Safety or None.

f. From the Output Data dropdown menu, choose from the following options.

Choose	Description					
None	Creates an input-only connection to the module. Inputs and status are read, but no outputs are written. You can still use the test outputs as pulse test outputs or a power supply. None is the recommended option if you do not control the test outputs of the module with application logic.					
Test	Creates these tags to enab	le appli	cation lo	gic contro	l of the test outputs on	the modul
Test	This selection allows the to outputs. Test is available o	est outp	uts to b	e used as s	tandard outputs and m	nuting
Iest —-AENT_Ada	This selection allows the t outputs. Test is available o	est outp nly whe	uts to b	e used as s	tandard outputs and m	nuting
-AENT_Ada	This selection allows the t outputs. Test is available o	est outp nly whe	uts to be In This C	e used as s	tandard outputs and n selected under Config	nuting ured By.
AENT_Ada	This selection allows the t outputs. Test is available o pter:1:0	est outp nly whe	uts to be In This C	e used as s ontroller is	tandard outputs and r selected under Config AB:1734_IB8S:0:0	nuting ured By. Safety
- AENT_Ada - AENT_A	This selection allows the t outputs. Test is available o pter:1:0 dapter:1:0.Test00Data	est outp nly whe	uts to be In This C	e used as s ontroller is Decimal	tandard outputs and m selected under Config AB:1734_IB8S:0:0 BOOL	nuting ured By. Safety Safety

IMPORTANT When test outputs are configured as standard outputs, they must not be used for safety purposes.

g. From the Input Status dropdown menu, choose from the following options.

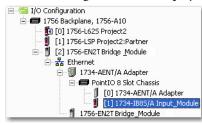
Choose	Description				
None	There are no status tags.				
Pt. Status	There is one sta	atus tag for e	each input poir	ıt.	
	1				
AENT_Adapter:1:I.F	0 Decimal		BOOL	Safety	
AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt01Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt02Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt03Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt04Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:I.F	h05Status	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:I.F	Pt06Status	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:I.F	http://www.com/entering	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Combined Status - Muting	example, if • One BOOL t assembly.	any input ch ag represent	iannel has a fa	ult, this bit goes L wer Status (error l	ll input points. Foi .O. ⁽¹⁾ bit) from the inpu
AENT_Adapter:1:I.M	uting01Status	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safet
AENT_Adapter:1:I.M		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safet
AENT_Adapter:1:I.In		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safet
AENT_Adapter:1:1.Co			Decimal	BOOL	Safet
Pt. Status - Muting	input point.	ng status tag	j ioi test outpu		point status for ea
	1	-	D · · ·	2001	0.44
Adapter:1:1.Pt00Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt01Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt02Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt03Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt04Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt05Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt06Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt07Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Muting01Stat		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Muting03Stat		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.1nputPowerSt	atus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Pt. Status-Muting-Test Output	Muting stat	us tag for te for each of t	he input points st output T1 ar he test outputs	nd T3. 5.	0.41
Adapter:1:I.Pt00Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety Safety
Adapter:1:I.Pt01Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:I.Pt02Status		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	Adapter:1:1.Pt03Status		Decimal	BOOL	
Adapter:1:I.Pt04Status				0001	Safety
		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt05Status		0	Decimal Decimal	BOOL	Safety Safety
Adapter:1:1.Pt05Status Adapter:1:1.Pt06Status		0	Decimal Decimal Decimal	BOOL BOOL	Safety Safety Safety
Adapter:1:I.Pt05Status Adapter:1:I.Pt06Status Adapter:1:I.Pt07Status		0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	BOOL BOOL BOOL	Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07 Status		0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	BOOL BOOL BOOL BOOL	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt00T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T estOutp	outStatus	0 0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	800L 800L 800L 800L 800L	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T estOutp	outStatus outStatus	0 0 0 0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07 tatus Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt02T estOutp	outStatus outStatus outStatus	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt07T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Pt03T estOutp Adapter: 1:1. Nuting01Stat	outStatus outStatus outStatus us	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety
Adapter: 1:1. Pt05Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt06Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt07Status Adapter: 1:1. Pt01T est0utp Adapter: 1:1. Pt02T est0utp Adapter: 1:1. Pt03T est0utp	outStatus outStatus outStatus us us	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal Decimal	800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L 800L	Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety Safety

(1) When using combined status, use explicit messaging to read individual point status for diagnostic purposes.

h. From the Data Format dropdown menu, use the default 'Integer'.

- 6. To return to the Module Properties dialog box, click OK.
- 7. To apply your changes, click OK.

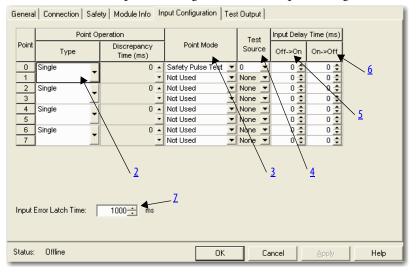
The I/O Configuration tree displays the module.



Configure the Safety Digital Inputs

To configure the safety digital inputs, follow this procedure.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Input Configuration tab.



Choose	Description
Single	Inputs are treated as single channels. Dual-channel safety inputs can be configured as two individual single channels. This configuration does not affect pulse tests because it is handled on an individual channel basis. IMPORTANT: Use single-channel mode when you intend to use the GuardLogix safety application instructions.
Equivalent	Inputs are treated as a dual-channel pair. The channels must match within the discrepancy time or an error is generated.
Complementary	Inputs are treated as a dual-channel pair. They must be in opposite states within the discrepancy time or an error is generated.

2. Assign the Point Operation Type.

When you choose Equivalent or Complementary, you must also assign a Discrepancy Time.

A discrepancy time setting of 0 ms means that the channels in a dual configuration can be discrepant for an infinite amount of time without a fault being declared.

For a discrepancy time setting of 0 ms, the evaluated status of the inputs still goes to the safe state due to a 'cycle inputs' required condition. However, with a 0 ms discrepancy time setting, a fault is not declared.

A 'cycle inputs' required condition occurs when one input terminal goes from its normal Active->Inactive->Active state while the other input terminal remains in its normal Active state. Even though no fault is declared, the inputs must be cycled through the safe state before the evaluated status of the inputs can return to the Active state. When in a 'cycle inputs' required condition, the logical state does not necessarily match the voltage at the terminals.

IMPORTANT Configuring the discrepancy time on safety I/O modules masks input discrepancies that the controller safety instructions detect. The controller reads the status to obtain this fault information.

3. Assign the Point Mode.

Choose	Description
Not Used	The input is disabled. If 24V is applied to the input terminal, it remains logic 0.
Safety Pulse Test	Pulse tests are performed on this input circuit. A test source on the POINT Guard I/O module must be used as the 24V source for this circuit. Use the test source dropdown menu to is configured the test source. The pulse test detects shorts to 24V and channel-to-channel shorts to other inputs.
Safety	A safety input is connected but there is no requirement for the POINT Guard I/O module to perform a pulse test on this circuit. An example is a safety device that performs its own pulse tests on the input wires, such as a light curtain.
Standard	A standard device, such as a reset switch, is connected. This point cannot be used in dual-channel operation.

4. Assign a Test Source for each safety input on the module that you want to pulse test.

Choose	Description
None	
Test Output 0	If pulse tests are performed on an input point, then the test source
Test Output 1 ⁽¹⁾	that is sourcing the 24V for the input circuit must be selected. If the incorrect test source is entered, the result is pulse test failures
Test Output 2	on that input circuit.
Test Output 3 ⁽¹⁾	

(1) Test Outputs 1 and 3 incorporate optional muting functionality.

5. Assign the Input Delay Time, Off -> On (0...126 ms, in increments of 6 ms).

Filter time is for OFF to ON transition. Input must be high after the input delay has elapsed before it is set logic 1. This delay time is configured per channel with each channel that is tuned to match the characteristics of the field device, for maximum performance.

6. Assign the Input Delay Time, Off -> On (0...126 ms, in increments of 6 ms).

Filter time is ON to OFF transition. Input must be low after the input delay has elapsed before it is set logic 0. This delay time is configured per channel with each channel that is tuned to match the characteristics of the field device, for maximum performance.

7. From the Input Error Latch Time field, enter the time that the module holds an error to make sure that the controller can detect it (0...65,530 ms, in increments of 10 ms - default 1000 ms).

This setting provides more accurate diagnostics. The purpose for latching input errors is to make sure that intermittent faults that can exist only for a few milliseconds are latched long enough for the controller to read. The amount of time to latch the errors is based on the RPI, the safety task watchdog, and other application-specific variables.

8. Click Apply.

Configure the Test Outputs

To complete the test output configuration, follow this procedure.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Test Output tab.

General	Connection	Safety	Module Info	Input Configur	ation Test (Jutput		
Point		·						
	Pulse Test	-						
	Pulse Test	-						
2	Not Used							
3	Not Used	-						
Status:	Offline				OK	Cancel	Apply	Help

2. Assign the Point Mode.

Choose	Description
Not Used	The test output is disabled (default for T2 and T3).
Standard	The GuardLogix controller program controls the test output point.
Pulse Test	The test output is being used as a pulse test source (default for T0 and T1).
Power Supply	A constant 24V is placed on the output terminal. It can be used to provide power to a field device.
Muting Lamp Output (terminals T1 and T3 only)	An indicator lamp is connected to the output. When this lamp is energized, a burned-out bulb, broken wire, or short to GND error condition can be detected. Typically, the lamp is an indicator that is used in light curtain applications.

There is also a Test Output Fault Action parameter that can only be read or written to via explicit messaging. If communication to the module times out, you can set the test outputs to Clear OFF (default) or Hold Last State. For more information, see <u>Appendix B</u>.

3. Click Apply.

Add and Configure Safety Digital Output Modules

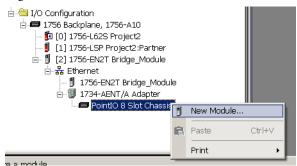
To include a POINT Guard safety digital-output module in the project, add the module to the POINT I/O chassis. Configure the general properties of the module, and configure the digital outputs as described in the following sections.

Add the Safety Digital Output Module

To add the POINT Guard I/O safety digital output module, follow these steps.

To add and configure POINT Guard I/O safety modules, follow these steps.

1. Right-click the POINT I/O chassis and choose New Module.



2. On the Select Module dialog box, select a safety output module and click OK.

cher sourch for the	Module Type	<u>C</u> lear Filters		Hide Filter:	\$ \$
M N	odule Type Category Filters	M	odule Type Vendor	Filters	
Analog Digital Other Safety Specialty		 Alten-Bradley Spectrum Control 	ols, Inc.		
Catalog Number	Description		Vendor	Category	
1734-OB4	4 Point Relay Output N.	0./N.C.	Allen-Bradley	Digital	_
1734-0B4E	4 Point 10V-28V DC Ele	ctronically Fused Output, Source	Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1734-OB8	8 Point Relay Output N.	D./N.C.	Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1734-0B8E	8 Point 10V-28V DC Ele	ctronically Fused Output, Source	Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1734-OB8S	8 Point 24V DC Source	Output	Allen-Bradley	Safety,Digital	
1734-0665			Allen-Bradley	Digital	
1734-0835 1734-0V2E	2 Point 10V-28V DC Ele	ctronically Fused Uutput, Sink	Alien-Bradley	Digital	

The 1734-OB8S module is shown in the examples.

Туре:	1734-0B8S IP-20 8 Point 2	4V do Sink Ou	tput Module		
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley				
Parent:	Adapter				
Name:			Module Number:	3 💌	
Description:		<u>^</u>	Safety Network Number:	3485_044C_55A5	
		T		10/23/2008 4:01:51.525 PM	
– Module Definiti	on				
Series:	А	Change			
Revision:	1.1				
Electronic Keyi	ng: Compatible Module				
Configured By	This Controller		_		
Input Data:	None				
Output Data:	Safety				
Input Status:	Pt. Status		-		

3. Specify the general properties of the module.

- a. In the Name field of the New Module dialog box, type a unique name for the output module.
- b. From the Module Node dropdown menu, choose a unique module node number that corresponds to the position of the module in the chassis.
- c. In the Description field, type a description, if desired.
- d. In the Safety Network Number field, use the default setting.

For a detailed explanation of the safety network number (SNN), see the GuardLogix Controller Systems Safety Reference Manuals that are listed in the Additional Resources on <u>page 8</u>. In most cases, you use the default that the Logix Designer application provides.

4. Under Module Definition, click Change to edit the settings of the module.

Series:	A
Revision:	1 💌 1÷
Electronic Keying:	Compatible Module
Configured By:	This Controller
Input Data:	None
Output Data:	Safety 💌
input Status:	Pt. Status
Data Format:	Integer 💌

- a. In the Series field, choose the series letter of the output module.
- b. In the Revision fields, choose the revision numbers of the output module.

c. From the Electronic Keying dropdown menu, choose the appropriate keying method from the following options.

Choose	Description
Exact Match	All parameters must match or the inserted module rejects a connection to the controller.
Compatible Module	Lets an I/O module determine whether it can emulate the module that is defined in the configuration that is sent from the controller.

d. From the Configured By dropdown menu, choose the method by which this module is configured.

Choose	Description
This Controller	This selection directs the controller to configure and control the safety outputs. The Output Data selection is set to Safety.
External Means	This selection directs the controller to establish a safety input connection only, and the controller does not configure the module or be able to control the safety outputs. The Output Data selection is set to None.

e. From the Input Data dropdown menu, choose None.

None is the only valid selection, as this module is an output-only safety module.

f. From the Output Data dropdown menu, choose from the following:

Choose	Description		D., TI	hia anntuall		
Safety	Automatically selected when Co Creates an output connection. W output point and enables these	/hen you	select S	Safety, an o	output tag is create	ed for eac
-POINT_	Guard:1:0	{}	{}		AB:1734_0B8S:0:0	Safety
-POIN	[_Guard:1:0.Pt00Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-POIN	[_Guard:1:0.Pt01Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-POIN	[_Guard:1:0.Pt02Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-POIN	[_Guard:1:0.Pt03Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	[_Guard:1:0.Pt04Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-POIN		0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	[_Guard:1:0.Pt05Data	0				
-POIN	[_Guard:1:0.Pt05Data [_Guard:1:0.Pt06Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety

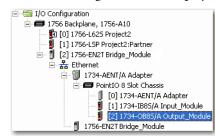
Choose	Description				
None	There are no statu	is tags, only da	ita for the outp	uts.	
Pt. Status	There is one statu	s tag for each (output point.		
AENT_Adapter:1	:I.Pt000utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	:I.Pt01OutputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	:I.Pt02OutputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	:I.Pt03OutputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	:I.Pt040utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1	:I.Pt050utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt060utputStatus		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:1.Pt070utputStatus		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt000utputStatus -AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt010utputStatus -AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt020utputStatus		0	Decimal Decimal Decimal	BOOL BOOL BOOL	Safety Safety Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt030utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt040utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt050utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt060utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt070utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt00Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:I.Pt01Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt02Readback		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:	1:I.Pt03Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:1.Pt04Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	1:1.Pt05Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
	1:I.Pt06Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:	1:I.Pt07Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Combined Status - Readback - Power	 One BOOL tag assembly. One BOOL tag 	represents the represents an a tput Status). F	AND of the stat	Status (error us bits for al	utput point. bit) from the inpu l output points. hannel has a fault
AENT_Adapter:1:	I.Pt00Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:	I.Pt01Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:	I.Pt02Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:	I.Pt03Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:	I.Pt04Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter:1:		0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
ATRIT ALL 1	I.Pt07Readback	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
AENT_Adapter: 1:					
	1.OutputPowerStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety

g. From the Input Status dropdown menu, choose from the following.

- h. From the Data Format dropdown menu, use the default 'Integer'.
- 5. To return to the Module Properties dialog box, click OK.

6. To apply your changes, click OK.

The I/O Configuration tree displays the output module.



Configure the Safety Digital Outputs

To configure the safety digital outputs, follow this procedure.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Output Configuration tab.

General	Connection	Safety Module Info Output C	onfiguration			
Point	Point Operation Type	Point Mode				
0	Dual	Not Used 🗾				
1		Not Used ▼ Not Used ▼				
2	Dual 🖕	Not Used 📃				
3		Not Used 🗾				
4	Dual 🖕	Not Used				
5		Not Used 🗾				
6	Dual 🚽	Not Used				
7		Not Used 🗾				
Outpu	t Error Latch Tim	ne: 1000 <u>÷</u> ms				
Status:	Offline		OK	Cancel	Apply	Help

2. Assign the Point Operation Type.

Choose	Description
Single	The output is treated as one channel.
Dual (default)	The POINT Guard I/O module treats the outputs as a pair. It always sets them HI or LO as a matched pair. Safety logic must set both of these outputs ON or OFF simultaneously or the module declares a channel fault.

3. Assign the Point Mode.

Choose	Description
Not Used	The output is disabled.
Safety	The output point is enabled and does not perform a pulse test on the output.
Safety Pulse Test	The output point is enabled and performs a pulse test on the output. When the output is energized, the output pulses low briefly. The pulse test detects whether the output is functioning properly.

4. In the Output Error Latch Time field, enter the time that the module holds an error to make sure that the controller can detect it (0...65,530 ms, in increments of 10 ms - default 1000 ms).

This action provides more accurate diagnostics. The purpose for latching output errors is to make sure that intermittent faults that can exist only for a few milliseconds are latched long enough for the controller to read. The amount of time to latch the errors is based on the RPI, the safety task watchdog, and other application-specific variables.

5. Click Apply.

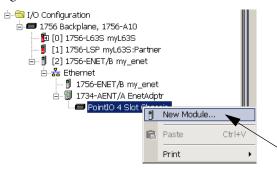
Add and Configure Safety Analog Input Modules

To include a POINT Guard safety analog input module in the project, you add the module to the POINT I/O chassis, configure the general properties of the module, and configure the analog inputs as described in the following sections.

Add the Safety Analog Input Module

Follow these steps to add the POINT Guard I/O safety analog input module.

1. Right-click the POINT I/O chassis and choose New Module.



2. From the Select Module dialog box, select an analog input module and click Create.

Enter Search Text for Mo	dule Type	1	Hide Filters 🕱
Mod Analog Digital Other Safety Specialty		Module Type Vendor Allen-Bradley Spectrum Controls, Inc.	Filters
	Description	Vendor	
L Catalog Number		i Vendor	Lategory 🔺
Catalog Number 1734-IE2C	2 Channel Analog Current Input	Allen-Bradley	Category Analog
1734-IE2C	2 Channel Analog Current Input	Allen-Bradley	Analog
1734-IE2C 1734-IE2V	2 Channel Analog Current Input 2 Channel Analog Voltage Input 4 Channel Analog Current Input	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Analog Analog
1734-IE2C 1734-IE2V 1734-IE4C	2 Channel Analog Current Input 2 Channel Analog Voltage Input	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Analog Analog Analog
1734-IE2C 1734-IE2V 1734-IE2V 1734-IE4C 1734-IE4S	2 Channel Analog Current Input 2 Channel Analog Voltage Input 4 Channel Analog Current Input 4 Channel Current/Voltage Analog Input	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Analog Analog Analog Safety,Analog
1734-IE2C 1734-IE2V 1734-IE4C 1734-IE4C 1734-IE4S 1734-IE8C	2 Channel Analog Current Input 2 Channel Analog Voltage Input 4 Channel Analog Current Input 4 Channel Current Voltage Analog Input 8 Channel Analog Current Input	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley	Analog Analog Analog Safety,Analog Analog

3. Specify the general properties of the module.

âeneral Connecti	ion Safety Module Info S	Safety Input	Configuration Inpu	Configuration Alarm	
Type: 1	734-IE4S 4 Channel Current/	Voltage Ani	alog Input		
Vendor: A	llen-Bradley				
Parent: E	netAdptr				
Name:			Module Number:	1 💌	
Description:		-	Safety Network Number:	397C_0416_7C19	
		-	Humbol.	4/16/2012 2:03:02.425 PM	
r Module Definitio	n				
Series:	A	Change .			
Revision:	1.1	2			
Electronic Keyin	ig: Compatible Module				
Configured By:	This Controller				
Input Data:	Safety				
Output Data:	None				
Process data:	Status-Alarms-Faults		•		

- a. In the Name field of the New Module dialog box, type a unique name for the analog input module.
- b. From the Module Number dropdown menu, choose a unique module number that corresponds to the position of the module in the chassis.
- c. In the Description field, type a description, if desired.
- d. In the Safety Network Number field, use the default setting.

For a detailed explanation of the safety network number (SNN), see the GuardLogix Controller Systems Safety Reference Manuals that are listed in the Additional Resources on page 8. In most cases, you use the default that is provided by the Logix Designer application.

The safety network number (SNN) is a unique number that identifies a safety subnet. We suggest that all safety modules on a network have the same SNN, to make documentation easier. During configuration, the Logix Designer application defaults the SNN of a safety device to match the SNN of the lowest safety node on the network.

4. To open the Module Definition dialog box, click Change.

A	
1 💌 1 🛨	
Compatible Module	
This Controller	
Safety	
Safety-Tachometer	
Status-Alarms-Faults	
Integer	
	Image: Compatible Module This Controller Safety Safety-Tachometer Status-Alarms-Faults

- a. In the Series field, choose the series letter of the analog input module.
- b. In the Revision fields, choose the revision number of the module.

c. From the Electronic Keying dropdown menu, choose the appropriate keying method for the input module.

Choose	Description
Exact Match	All parameters must match or the inserted module rejects a connection to the controller.
Compatible Module	Allows an I/O module to determine whether it can emulate the module that is defined in the configuration that is sent from the controller.

d. From the Configured By dropdown menu, choose the appropriate method by which this module is configured.

Choose	Description
This Controller	This selection directs the controller to configure the Inputs.
External Means	This selection directs the controller to establish a safety input connection only, and the controller does not configure the module.

- e. From the Input Data dropdown menu, choose Safety.
- f. From the Output Data dropdown menu, choose from the following.

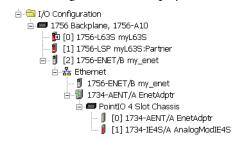
Choose	Description				
None	An output tag is not generated.				
Safety-Tachometer	This option is available when the Configured By selection is This Controller. The output tag contains data members for safety output data that is needed for Tachometer mode. If you use Tachometer mode, you must choose this setting; otherwise, you are not able to configure other Tachometer parameters.				

g. From the Process Data dropdown menu, choose from the following.

Choose	Description
Status	The input tag contains safety analog input data from the module.
Status - Alarms	 These tags are created for the target module: Safety data for individual process alarms Safety data for safety analog inputs from the module
Status - Alarms - Faults	These tags are created for the target module: • Safety data for individual process alarms • Safety data for faults • Safety data for safety analog inputs from the module

- h. From the Data Format dropdown menu, use the default 'Integer'.
- 5. To return to the Module Properties dialog box, click OK.
- **6.** To apply your changes, click OK.

The I/O Configuration tree displays the 1734-IE4S module.



Configure the Safety Analog Input Channel Operation

To configure the safety analog input channels, follow this procedure.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Safety Input Configuration tab.

	Modul		ties: Enet	Adptr:1	(1734-IE4	4S 1.1)				×
ſ	ieneral Co	nnection Safet	y Module Info	Safety Input Co	nfiguration" Inp	ut Configuration	Tachometer	Configuration A	Nam	1
	Channel Operation									
	Channel	Туре	Discrepancy Time (ms)	Deadband	Channel Offset					
	0	Single 🗸	0 🔺	0 .	0 *					
	2	Equivalent 👻	100 •	0 •	0 •					
	Input Er	ror Latch Time:	1000							
St	atus: Offline					ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help	

2. Assign the Operation Type.

Choose	Description
Single	Inputs are treated as single channels. Dual-channel safety inputs can be configured as two individual, single channels. IMPORTANT: Use single-channel mode when you intend to use the GuardLogix safety application instructions.
Equivalent	Inputs are treated as a dual-channel equivalent pair. The channels must match within the discrepancy time or an error is generated.
IMPORTA	NT If you use a Dual-channel Analog (DCA) safety instruction in your application program, you must configure the 1734-IE4S module for single-channel operation. Analog input pairs are then evaluated as pairs and compared to each other in the application logic.

3. If you chose Equivalent, you must also assign a Discrepancy Time, from 0...65,530 ms in 10 ms increments.

This measurement is the amount of time the two channels can differ from each other (larger than the deadband value) before a discrepancy error is declared. A discrepancy time setting of 0 ms means that the channels in a dual configuration can be discrepant for an infinite amount of time without a fault being declared. This setting effectively removes the usefulness of dual-channel mode.

4. Configure a deadband for the paired safety analog inputs.

The deadband can be any value from 0...32767 (engineering units) in increments of 1. When the paired input values exceed the deadband tolerance for longer than the Discrepancy Time, a discrepancy fault occurs.



Configure a deadband value for applications that use two sensors to measure the same variable; otherwise, spurious trips can occur.

5. If desired, configure a Channel Offset for the paired safety analog inputs.

The channel offset can be any value from -32768...+32767 (engineering units) in increments of 1. Configure an offset when differences in the sensors nominal input signals exceed the desired deadband. The channel offset is applied from the second to the first member of the channel pair, that is, from channel 1 to channel 0 or from channel 3 to channel 2.

6. In the Input Error Latch Time field, enter the time that the module holds an error to make sure that the controller can detect it (0...65,530 ms, in increments of 10 ms - default 1000 ms).

This setting provides more accurate diagnostics. The purpose for latching input errors is to make sure that intermittent faults that can exist only for a few milliseconds are latched long enough for the controller to read. The amount of time to latch the errors must be based on the RPI, the safety task watchdog, and other application-specific variables.

7. Click Apply.

Configure the Safety Analog Inputs

To configure the analog input points, follow these steps.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Input Configuration tab.

	Modu	le Prop	erties: l	En	etA	dp	tr:1 (1734	-IE4S 1.1)		- 🗆 ×
ſ	General C	ionnection [:	Safety Module	e Inf	o Saf	ety I	nput Configuration	Input Configurati	ion* Tachometer Configuration	Alarm
	Channel	Point Mode	Range		Filte	r	High Engineering	Low Engineering	Sensor Power Supply	
	0	Safety .	4 - 20 ma	-	1 HZ	-	10000 🚔	0 🚔	Module	
	1	Safety	4 - 20 ma	•	1 HZ	-	10000 🜻	0 🌻	Module	
	2	Safety 💽	4 - 20 ma		1 HZ	•	10000 🌻			
	3	Not Used 🔄	4 - 20 ma	-	1 HZ	-	10000 🜻	0 🜻	Module 💌	
-				-		-				
S	atus: Offlin	e						OK	Cancel <u>Apply</u>	Help

2. Assign the Point Mode.

Choose	Description
Not Used	The input is disabled.
Safety	Safety-related analog input value
Standard	Standard analog input value, not being used for a safety function

If the channel operation is configured as dual-channel equivalent, when you click Apply, channel 1 is set to the same value as channel 0 and channel 3 is set to the same value as channel 2.

3. Configure the module for current, voltage, or tachometer inputs.

4. Configure an input filter.

A single-pole, anti-aliasing filter of 10 Hz is followed by a four-pole digital filter. Choose from the following available corner frequencies.

- 1 Hz (recommended for Tachometer mode)
- 5 Hz
- 10 Hz
- 50 Hz

For more information on the filter frequencies and step response, see the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.

5. Assign High and Low Engineering scaling values for the inputs, if desired.

The valid range for both the High and Low Engineering settings is -30000...+30000, in increments of 1. Scaling lets the module report in engineering units such as degrees, PSI, CFM, and percent, rather than in raw counts.

If the channel operation is configured as dual channel equivalent, when you click Apply, channel 1 is set to the same value as channel 0 and channel 3 is set to the same value as channel 2 if the channel operation is configured as dual channel equivalent.

6. To indicate how each sensor is powered, set the Sensor Power Supply value to External or Module.



To supply power to the sensors connected to the POINT Guard Analog Input module, set this value to Module. This setting allows the module to detect a loss of sensor power.

Configure Safety Analog Input Alarms (Optional)

If you use a Dual-channel Analog (DCA) safety instruction in your application program, we recommend that you do not configure these values on the module. Instead, to facilitate troubleshooting, use the application program to check for high and low alarm values via the Dual-Channel Analog Input instruction or other data comparison instructions.

To configure alarms for each of the safety analog input channels, follow these steps.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Alarm tab.

Module Properties: EnetAdptr:1 (1734-IE4S 1.1)					
	Orfiguration I Input Configuration Tachometer Configuration Alarm				
Status: Offine	OK Cancel Apply Help				

- 2. To configure each channel, click 0, 1, 2, or 3, as appropriate.
- 3. To enable the alarm, check the boxes:
 - Enable High High Low Low Alarms
 - Enable High Low Alarms
- **4.** Use these guidelines to enter the alarm values from -32768...+32767 in the appropriate fields.
 - The High High alarm value must be greater than or equal to the High alarm value.
 - The High alarm value must be greater that the Low alarm value.
 - The Low Low alarm value must be less than or equal to the Low alarm value.
 - These values are based on the engineering units that are configured on page 85.
- 5. Configure a deadband value for the High High Low Low alarms and High Low alarms, if desired.

The valid range is 0...32767. The deadband lets the alarm status bit remain set, despite the removal of the alarm condition, as long as the input data remains within the deadband of the alarm. These values are based on the engineering units that are configured on page 85.

For more information on this feature, see Process Alarms on page 29

Configure Tachometer Operation

You can only configure the module for tachometer operation if your Module Definition includes Output Data for Safety-Tachometer.

Module Definition*				
<u>S</u> eries: <u>R</u> evision: Electronic Keving:	A V 1 V 1 *			
Configured By: Input Data:	This Controller 💽 Safety			
Coutput Data: Process data: Data Format:	Safety-Tachometer			
ОК	Cancel Help			

Follow these steps to define how the module operates in Tachometer mode.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Tachometer Configuration tab.

General Connection Safety Module Info Safety Input Configuration Input Configuration Tachometer Configuration Alarm Channel Dual Low Detection Trigger Off V DC V DC V DC 0 Off ¥ Failing Edge \$		Modul	e Pronertie	s: Enet∆d	ntr·1 (1734-1	45 1 1				- 🗆 ×
Channel Dual Low Detection Trigger Off Level V DC V DC 0 Off		mouut	erropertie	51 Ene tru		17 5 1 1	_ 10 111,				
Channel Dual Low Detection Trigger V DC V DC 0 Off	G	ieneral Co	nnection Safety M	Iodule Info Safel	y Input Conf	guration In	put Configurat	ion Tachom	eter Configuration	Alarm	
Channel Dual Low Detection Trigger V DC V DC 0 Off											
1 Failing Edge 5 11 1 2 Off Failing Edge 5 11 1 3 Failing Edge 5 11 1		Channel	Dual Low Detection	Trigger							
3 Failing Edge ▼ 5 ☆ 11 ☆			Off		5 🚖						
3 Failing Edge ▼ 5 ☆ 11 ☆					5 🚖	11 🗧					
			• •		⊃ <u>-</u> 5 ‡						
Status Office OF Canad Accil	_										
Status, Online DK Candel Apply Eep	Sta	atus: Offline					ок	Cancel	Apply] H	elp

2. Turn Dual Low Detection ON or OFF for each channel pair.

To increase the diagnostic coverage of your speed sensing loop, you must determine whether the two tachometer sensors you use to sense speed are shorted together. That is, you must be able to detect a channel-to-channel fault. One method is to implement two tachometer sensors so that, during normal operation, their pulse trains are never low simultaneously. When Dual Low Detection is ON, the module detects this condition as a fault. This fault indicates that the two sensors are shorted together.

To use this feature, you must use Channels 0 and 1 together, and Channels 2 and 3 together. Channels 0 and 1 have the same setting and channels 2 and 3 have the same setting.

3. Configure the Trigger to indicate if the module channels must count pulses on the rising edge or falling edge.

When the module is configured as Dual, channels 0 and 1 have the same setting and channels 2 and 3 have the same setting.

4. Specify a tachometer Off Level in volts for each channel.

This level is the voltage at which the module considers the tachometer sensor to be OFF for tachometer speed calculation purposes.

The valid range is 0...23V in increments of 1V. The default setting of 5V must be satisfactory for a 0...24V DC signal. For a 0...5V DC signal, a setting of 1V is recommended.

See <u>Off and On Signal Levels on page 33</u> for more information on the Off and On Levels.

When the module is configured as Dual Channel Equivalent, channels 0 and 1 have the same setting and channels 2 and 3 have the same setting.

5. Specify a tachometer On Level in volts for each channel.

This level is the voltage at which the module considers the tachometer sensor to be ON for tachometer speed calculation purposes

The valid range is 1...24V in increments of 1V. The default setting of 11V must be satisfactory for a 0...24V DC signal. For a 0...5V DC signal, a setting of 4V is recommended.

See <u>Off and On Signal Levels on page 33</u> for more information about the Off and On Levels.

When the module is configured as dual-channel Equivalent, channels 0 and 1 have the same setting and channels 2 and 3 have the same setting. The tachometer On Level must be greater than the tachometer Off Level.

Values and States of Tags

This table shows the values and states of the tags.

IMPORTANT In this table, 'SAFETY' denotes information the controller can use in safety-related functions. 'STANDARD' denotes additional information that must not be directly used for safety functions.



ATTENTION: Do not rely on data readback to detect faults. You must monitor the status bits to detect faults.

Table 5 - Tag Values and States

Data		Description		
	Run Mode STANDARD	Indicates whether consumed data is actively being updated by a device that is in one of these states: Run mode: 1 Idle State: 0 		
	Connection Faulted STANDARD	Indicates the validity of the safety connection between the safety producer and the safety consumer. Valid: 0 Faulted: 1 		
	Safety Input Data SAFETY	Indicates the ON/OFF state of each input circuit. • ON: 1 OFF: 0		
	Combined Safety Input Status SAFETY	 An AND of the status of all input circuits. All circuits are normal: 1 An error was detected in one or more input circuits: 0 		
	Individual Safety Input Status SAFETY	Indicates the status of each input circuit. Normal: 1 Fault (Alarm): 0 		
Digital Input Data	Combined Safety Output Status SAFETY	 An AND of the status of all safety output circuits. All circuits are normal: 1 An error has been detected in one or more output circuits: 0 		
	Individual Safety Output Status SAFETY	Indicates the status of each safety output circuit. • Normal: 1 Fault (Alarm): 0		
	Muting Lamp Status SAFETY	Indicates the status when circuits T1 and T3 are configured as the muting lamp output. Normal: 1 Fault (Alarm): 0 		
	Output Readback STANDARD	Monitors the presence of 24V on the output circuit. Readback is ON (1) if 24V is on the output terminal. • ON: 1 OFF: 0		
	Individual Test Output Status STANDARD	Indicates the status of each of the test output circuits. Normal: 1 Fault (Alarm): 0 		
	Input Power Error Bit STANDARD	Indicates that the field power that is supplied is within specification.Power error: 1 Power OK: 0		
	Output Power Error Bit STANDARD	Indicates that the field power that is supplied is within specification. Power error: 1 Power OK: 0 		
Digital Autout Data	Safety Output Data SAFETY	Controls the safety output. • ON: 1 OFF: 0		
Digital Output Data	Standard Output Data STANDARD	Controls the test output when Test Output mode is set to a standard output. • ON: 1 OFF: 0		

Table 5 - Tag Values and States

Data		Description
	Run Mode	Indicates whether consumed data is actively being updated by a device that is in one of these states:
	STANDARD	Run mode: 1 Idle State: 0
	Connection Faulted	Indicates the validity of the safety connection between the safety producer and the safety consumer.
	STANDARD	Valid: 0 Faulted: 1
	Safety Input Data SAFETY	Value of analog input data
	Individual Safety Input Status	Indicates the status of each safety input circuit.
	SAFETY	Normal: 1 Fault (Alarm): 0
	Individual Status - Process Alarms STANDARD	Indicates whether each Safety Input Data value of a channel is between the configured High and Low Alarm values.
		Normal: 1 Alarm: 0
	Individual Status - Fault Reason STANDARD	Input Point Fault Reason
	Individual HH Alarm Status	Individual High High Alarm Status
	STANDARD	Normal: 1 Alarm: 0
Analog Input Data	Individual H Alarm Status	Individual High Alarm Status
	STANDARD	Normal: 1 Alarm: 0
	Individual L Alarm Status STANDARD	Individual Low Alarm Status
		Normal: 1 Alarm: 0
	Individual LL Alarm Status STANDARD	Individual Low Low Alarm Status
		Normal: 1 Alarm: 0
	Individual Tachometer Overfrequency SAFETY	When the input is configured for Tachometer mode, this data indicates an overfrequency condition; that is, when pulses are faster than 1000 Hz.
	SALT	Normal: 1 Fault: 0
	Individual Tachometer Under-frequency SAFETY	When the input is configured for Tachometer mode, this data indicates an under-frequency condition; that is, when pulses are slower than 1 Hz.
		Normal: 1 Fault: 0
	Individual Tachometer Dual Low	Indicates that both channels are low when the input is configured for Tachometer mode.
	SAFETY	Normal: 1 Fault: 0
	Input Power	Indicates that input power over- or underrange.
	STANDARD	Normal: 1 Fault: 0
Analog Output Data	Reset Tachometer	Resets a latched overfrequency condition and enables the module to begin to calculate frequency again.
	SAFETY	No reset: 0 Reset: 1

Configure Safety Connections

To configure the safety input connection of the module, follow these steps.

1. From the Module Properties dialog box, click the Safety tab.

General Connec	tion Safety Mod	ule Info 📔 Input Configu	uration Test	Output		
Connection Type				rved ay(ms) ←		
Safety Input	10 韋	40.1		Reset	Advanc	ed
Safety Output	20	60.0		Reset		
Configuration Ownership: Reset Ownership Configuration Signature: ID: 11b2_536b (Hex) Copy Date: 10/10/2008 Time: 10.57:34 AM 709 ms						
Status: Offline		[OK	Canc	el <u>Apply</u>	Help

2. Click Advanced.

The Advanced Connection Reaction Time Limit Configuration dialog box opens.

Advanced Connection Reaction Time Limit Configuration	×
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): Trans (6 - 100)	
Timeout Multiplier:	
Network Delay Multiplier: 200 🔆 🎗 (10-600)	
Connection Reaction Time Limit: 40.1 ms	
Output	
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): 20 ms (Safety Task Period)	
Timeout Multiplier: 2 (1-4)	
Network Delay Multiplier: 200 × % (10-600)	
Connection Reaction Time Limit: 60.0 ms	
OK Cancel Help	

a. In the Requested Packet Interval (RPI) field, enter the input connection RPI to support your application (6...500 ms).

The smallest input RPI allowed is 6 ms. When you select small RPIs, it consumes network bandwidth and can cause spurious trips because other devices cannot get access to the network.

As an example, a safety input module with only E-stop switches connected works well with settings of 50...100 ms. An input module with a light curtain guarding a hazard needs the fastest response possible. When you select the appropriate RPIs, the system has maximum performance.

- b. Use the default values for Timeout Multiplier (2) and Network Delay Multiplier (200).
- **IMPORTANT** To determine what is appropriate, analyze each safety channel. The default Timeout Multiplier of 2 and Network Delay Multiplier of 200 creates a worst-case input connection-reaction time limit of 4 times the RPI, and an output connection-reaction time limit of 3 times the RPI. A safety administrator must approve these changes only after a thorough review.

-AENT_Adapter:1:1	{}	{}		AB:1734_IB8S_Safety5:I:0	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.RunMode	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
_AENT_Adapter:1:I.ConnectionFaulted	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt00Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt01Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt02Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt03Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt04Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt05Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt06Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-AENT_Adapter:1:I.Pt07Data	0		Decimal	BOOL	Safety

A connection status tag exists for every connection.

If the RPI and connection reaction time limit for the network are set appropriately, then this status tag must always remain low. Monitor all connection status bits to verify that they are not going high intermittently due to timeouts.

For more information about the Advanced Connection Reaction Time Limit Configuration dialog box, see the user manual for your controller. See <u>Additional Resources on page 8</u>.

Configuration Ownership

The connection between the owner and the POINT Guard I/O module is based on the following:

- POINT Guard I/O module number
- POINT Guard I/O safety network number
- GuardLogix slot number
- GuardLogix safety network number
- Path from the GuardLogix controller to the POINT Guard I/O module
- Configuration signature

If any differences are detected, the connection between the GuardLogix controller and the POINT Guard I/O module is lost, and the yellow yield icon appears in the controller project tree.

For more information, see Replace POINT Guard I/O Modules on page 131.

Save and Download the Module Configuration

After you configure a module, it is recommended that you save and download the configuration.

If, after you download the program, the MS and NS status indicators on the POINT Guard I/O module are not both steady green, there is a potential loss of ownership. A yellow yield icon in the project tree also indicates a loss of ownership. For more information, see <u>Chapter 8</u>.

Update POINT Guard I/O Modules

IMPORTANT When you use ControlFLASH[™] software to update a module, the software stops a running safety I/O connection. You must inhibit I/O connections before updating a POINT Guard I/O module.

In addition, the 1734-IE4S safety analog input module requires field power to be applied while updating the firmware of the module. If a ControlFLASH update fails, click View Log on the Update Status dialog box to check the ControlFLASH log.

If the last message is '[FAILURE] Update: Error #11001: Unknown General Status error code received. GS = 0xD0, ES = 0x0001,' verify that field power is connected to the module and restart the download.



The module receives field power from the 24V DC connection to the power supply, for example a 1734-AENT, 1734-FPD, or 1734-EP24DC module. Make sure that 24V DC power is connected to these modules before performing a firmware update for the 1734-IE4S module.

Notes:

Configure the Module and a SmartGuard Controller

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This chapter provides information about how to configure a SmartGuard[™] controller and POINT Guard I/O[™] modules with USB (Universal Serial Bus) connectivity. See the RSNetWorx[™] for DeviceNet[®] software help files for network-configurator operation procedures.



For information about RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, from the Help menu, choose RSNetWorx Help.

Help	
R <u>S</u> NetWorx Help	
₩ what's This?	Shift+F1

Before You Begin

Confirm that you have these required items:

• RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software

Cat. No.	Required Version
1734-IB8S, 1734-0B8S	9 or later
1734-IE4S	10 or later
1734-0BV2S	21 or later

- RSLinx[®] software, version 2.51 or later
- SmartGuard USB driver

The SmartGuard USB driver is already in your RSLinx software. If it is not, load the driver onto your computer. Note the folder location because you have to browse to it later.

- 1734-PDN adapter
- SmartGuard controller and POINT Guard I/O module EDS files

Download EDS files from Rockwell Automation's <u>Product Compatibility</u> and <u>Download Center</u>. Use the EDS Hardware Installation Tool to load the EDS files. You can also upload the EDS file from the device with either FactoryTalk[®] Linx or RSLinx[®] Classic.

Set the Node Address

Use RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software to set the node address of POINT Guard I/O modules. The module has an out-of-box preset node address of 63. We suggest that you connect and set the node address one module at a time. Otherwise, the address conflicts can prevent communication with some of the modules.

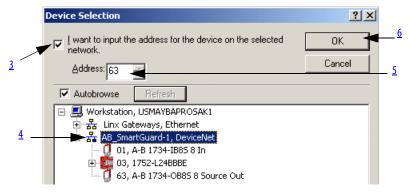
IMPORTANT The unique identifier for a safety node is a combination of the safety network number (SNN) and node address. When the SNN is set, the current node address is used to generate and store this identifier in nonvolatile memory. Once the identifier is set, for safety reasons, the node address cannot be changed unless specific action is taken to reset the POINT Guard I/O SSN of the module. For this reason, you are required to set the node address before the application of an SNN.

Follow these steps to set the node address with the node commissioning tool.

1. Choose Start>Programs>Rockwell Software>RSNetWorx>DeviceNet Node Commissioning Tool.

🐌 Node Commissioning
General Select a device by using the browsing service Browse
Current Settings
Address: Data Rate:
New Setting The network data rate should not be changed on an active network. The new network data rate will not take effect until power is recycled.
Address 0 Apply
Messages
Close Help

2. Click Browse.



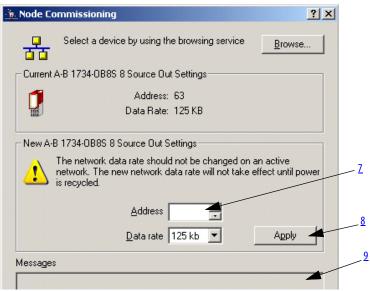
- 3. Check 'I want to input the address for the device on the selected network'.
- **4.** Browse to the DeviceNet network, and do not click OK when the browse is complete.

If you are unable to browse the DeviceNet network and see the POINT Guard modules, the modules were potentially configured to an incompatible data rate or node address. Attempt to add these modules on an isolated network to determine the node address and data rate.

5. Enter the current address for the device.

An out-of-box device uses address 63.

6. Click OK



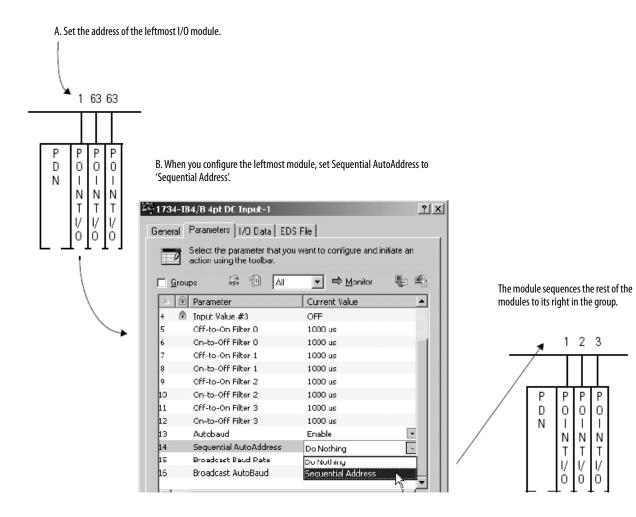
- 7. Enter the new address for the device.
- 8. Click Apply.
- 9. Look for confirmation in the messages section.

Auto-address the Nodes with a 1734-PDN Adapter

When sequential auto-addressing is used, the leftmost node address is configured and a parameter is set in the module that assigns addresses automatically to the nodes that reside to the right of the module. The leftmost node can be a POINT Guard I/O module or a standard POINT I/O module.

Follow these steps to use the auto-address feature.

- 1. Reset any modules that you are not sure are out-of-box.
- 2. Attach the first module to the 1734-PDN adapter.
- 3. Use the node commissioning tool to set the node address of this module.
- 4. Attach the additional nodes to the right of the module that is used in steps <u>2</u> and <u>3</u>.
- Perform the auto-address feature on the module that is used in steps <u>2</u> and <u>3</u>.



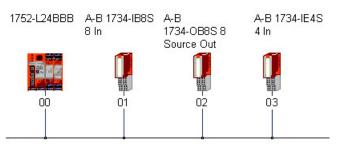
Set Up the DeviceNet Network

Before you begin to design a project with RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, follow these procedures.

1. From RSLinx software, open RSWho and select the SmartGuard driver.

RSWho browses the DeviceNet network that is connected to the SmartGuard controller.

In this example, three POINT Guard I/O modules are connected to the SmartGuard controller.



If the RSLinx software finds the nodes on the DeviceNet network, RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software also finds the nodes.

- 2. Open RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software.
- 3. From the Networks menu, choose Online.

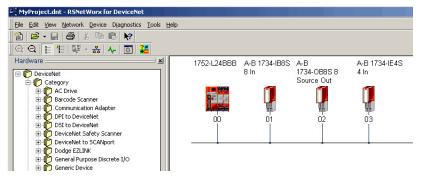
Browse for network	×
Select a communications path to the desired network.	
Autobrowse Refresh	-
⊡-	_
	-
OK Cancel Help	

4. Select the SmartGuard driver and click OK.

RSNetW	orx for DeviceNet
٩	Before the software allows you to configure online devices, you must upload or download device information. When the upload or download operation is completed, your offline configuration will be synchronized with the online network.
	Note: You can upload or download device information on either a network-wide or individual device basis.
	OK Help

5. Click OK.

RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software finds the SmartGuard and POINT Guard I/O modules on the DeviceNet network.



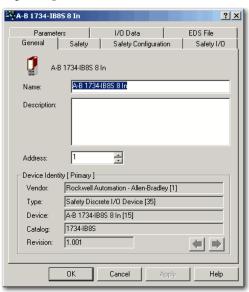
6. Click the online icon again to go offline.

Configure the POINT Guard I/O Modules

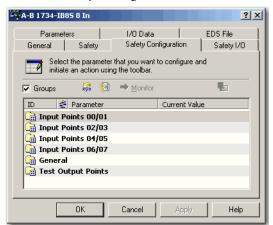
From the Safety Configuration tab, you can configure the safety inputs and outputs of the module.

Configure Digital Safety Inputs and Test Outputs

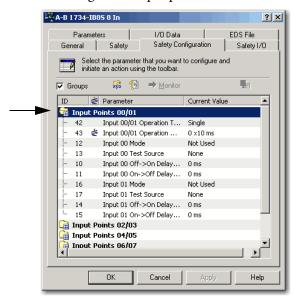
1. To open the Properties dialog box, double-click the POINT Guard I/O digital input module.



2. Click the Safety Configuration tab.



3. To configure the input points, double-click each set.



Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Input Point Operation Type	Single Channel	Use as a single channel.	Single
	Dual-channel Equivalent	Use as a dual-channel. Normal when both channels are ON or OFF.	
	Dual-channel Complementary	Use as a dual-channel. Normal when one channel is ON and the other channel is OFF.	
Input Point Mode	Not Used	External input device is not connected.	Not Used
	Safety Pulse Test	Use with a contact output device and in combination with a test output. When you use this setting, short-circuits between input signal lines and the power supply (positive side) and short-circuits between input signal lines can be detected.	
	Safety	A solid-state output safety sensor is connected.	1
	Standard	A standard device, such as a reset switch, is connected.	1

Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Safety Input Test Source	None	The test output that is used with the input.	None
	Test Output 0		
	Test Output 1		
	Test Output 2		
	Test Output 3		
Input Delay Time Off -> On	0126 ms (in 6 ms increments)	Filter time for OFF to ON transition.	0 ms
Input Delay Time On -> Off	0126 ms (in 6 ms increments)	Filter time for ON to OFF transition.	0 ms

4. To pulse test the module, edit the parameters so that the channels are pulse tested by Test sources 0 and 1, respectively.

🖣 A-B 1734-II	385 8 In					? ×
Parame	aters	I/O Dat	а		EDS File	1
General	Safety	Safety C	onfigurati	on	Safety I/	0
	ct the parameter te an action using			gure and	1	
🔽 Groups	\$ 🕅	➡ <u>M</u> onito	or			
	Parameter		Current	Value		
Input Poi	ints 00/01					
42	Input 00/01 Ope	ration T	Single		-	
43 🔹	Input 00/01 Ope	ration	0 ×10 m	5		
12	Input 00 Mode		Safety P	ulse Tes	t 💌	
13	Input 00 Test So	urce	None		*	
10	Input 00 Off->O	n Delay	0 ms		•	
11	Input 00 On->Of	f Delay	0 ms		•	
16	Input 01 Mode		Safety P	ulse Tes	• • t	
17	Input 01 Test So	urce	1		-	
14	Input 01 Off->O	n Delay	0 ms		-	
15	Input 01 On->Of	f Delay	0 ms		-	-
l Input Poi	ints 02/03					
Input Poi	ints 04/05					
Input Po	ints 06/07				•	
	OK	Cancel	A	pply	Hel	ρ

5. To edit the Input Error Latch Time, double-click the General folder.

The default value is 1000 ms.

A-I	3 173	4-1885 8 In	?
F	arameter:	s I/O Data	EDS File
Gene	aral	Safety Safety Configuration	Safety I/O
🔽	initiate a	he parameter that you want to configure and an action using the toolbar.	
ID		🔮 Parameter	Cui 🔺
F	17	Input 01 Test Source	Nor
-	14	Input 01 Off->On Delay Time	0 n
L.,	15	Input 01 On->Off Delay Time	0 n
🔒 I	nput Po	pints 02/03	
<u>ि</u> I	nput Po	oints 04/05	
<u>ि</u> I	nput Po	oints 06/07	
🔁 G	General		
L.,	9	🔹 Input Error Latch Time	100
1		tput Points	
-	1	Test Output 00 Mode	Pul
-	2	Test Output 01 Mode	Pul
-	3	Test Output 02 Mode	Not
	4	Test Output 03 Mode	Not 🖵
•			
		OK Cancel Apply	Help

Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Test Output Mode	Not Used	An external device is not connected.	Not Used
	Standard	The output is connected to a standard device.	
	Pulse Test	A contact output device is connected. Use in combination with a safety input.	
	Power Supply	The power supply of a Safety Sensor is connected. The voltage that is supplied to I/O power (V, G) is output from the test output terminal.	
	Muting Lamp Output (Terminal T1 or T3 only)	An indicator is connected and turned ON to detect broken lines in an external indicator.	

6. To configure the test output points, double-click the Test Output Points folder.

7. Click Apply and OK.

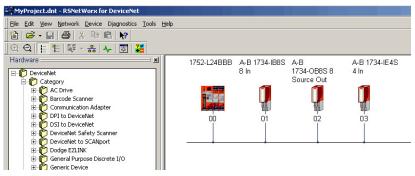
Configure Digital Safety Outputs

1. To display the parameters for editing, double-click each group of Outputs Points.

A-B 1734-OB8S 8 Source Out		? ×
Parameters I/O Data General Safety Safety Co	figuration	EDS File Safety I/O
Select the parameter that you want initiate an action using the toolbar.	to configure ar	nd
🔽 Groups 🙀 🖗 🌧 Monitor		la
ID 💇 Parameter	Current Valu	e
🖬 Output Points 00/01		
- 9 Output 00/01 Operation	Dual	•
- 1 Output 00 Mode	Not Used	-
i 2 Output 01 Mode	Not Used	•
💼 Output Points 02/03		
급 Output Points 04/05		
💼 Output Points 06/07		
💼 Output Error Latch Time		
1		
OK Cancel	Apply	Help

Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Output Point Mode	Not Used	An external output device is not connected.	Not Used
	Safety	When the output is ON, the test pulse is not output (remains ON).	
	Safety Pulse Test	When you use this function, short-circuits between output signal lines and the power supply (positive side) and short-circuits between output signal lines can be detected.	
Output Point Operation	Single Channel	Use as a single channel.	Dual-channel
Туре	Dual-channel	Use as a dual-channel. When both channels are normal, outputs can be turned ON.	
Safety Output Error Latch Time	065,530 ms (in 10 ms increments)	Safety output errors are latched for this time.	1000 ms

- 2. To change from the default value (1000 ms), if desired, double-click Output Error Latch Time.
- **3.** Click Apply and OK to return to the main RSNetWorx for DeviceNet dialog box.



Configure Safety Analog Inputs

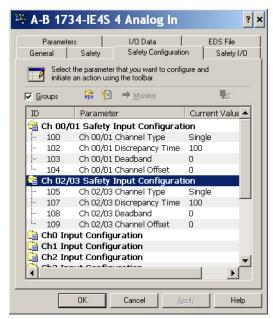
To configure a 1734-IE4S module, follow these steps.

1. To open the Properties dialog box, double-click the POINT Guard I/O analog module.

🎬 A-B 173	4-IE4S 4 Analog In ? ×
Parameter General	s I/O Data EDS File Safety Safety Configuration Safety I/O
🚺 А-В	1734-IE4S 4 Analog In
<u>N</u> ame:	A-B 1734-IE4S 4 Analog In
<u>D</u> escription:	
Add <u>r</u> ess:	3
Device Identit	y [Primary]
Vendor:	Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley [1]
Type:	Safety Analog I/O Device [42]
Device:	A-B 1734-IE4S 4 Analog In [1]
Catalog:	1734-IE4S
Revision:	1.001
	OK Cancel Apply Help

2. Click the Safety Configuration tab.

3. To display the parameters for editing, double-click each group of Dual Channel Safety Inputs.



Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Channel type	Single	Inputs are treated as single channels. Dual-channel safety inputs can be configured as two individual, single channels.	Single
	Equivalent	Inputs are treated as a dual-channel equivalent pair. The channels must match within the discrepancy time or an error is generated.	Siligie
Discrepancy time	065,530 (in 10 ms increments)	When Dual Channel mode is selected, this value is the amount of time the two channels can differ from each other (larger than the deadband value) before a discrepancy error is declared. A discrepancy time of 0 ms means that the channels in a dual configuration can be discrepant for an infinite amount of time without an indicated fault, which effectively removes the usefulness of dual channel mode.	100 ms
Discrepancy deadband	032767 (in engineering units)	In Dual Channel mode, when the paired input values exceed the deadband tolerance for longer than the Discrepancy Time, a discrepancy fault occurs. Configure a deadband value for applications that use two sensors to measure the same variable; otherwise, spurious trips can occur.	0
Channel offset	-32768+32767 (in engineering units)	Offset value for dual channel mode only. Configure an offset when differences in the sensors nominal input signals exceed the desired deadband.	0

4. To display the parameters for editing, double-click each Channel Safety Configuration group.

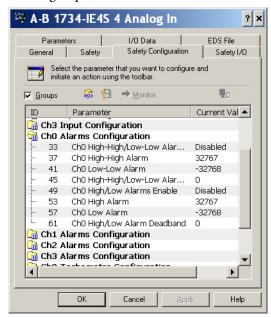
🤻 A-	B 173	84-IE4S 4 Analog In	?
Gen	Paramete	rs I/O Data Safety Safety Configurati	EDS File
Gen		the parameter that you want to confi	1 carey no
		an action using the toolbar.	igure and
⊠ <u>G</u> r	oups	🔓 👰 🔿 Monitor	
ID		Parameter	Current Value 🔺
	-	01 Safety Input Configurat	
		13 Safety Input Configurat	tion
	g Dur un	out Configuration ChO Input Mode	0 Unused
	5	Ch0 Input Range	4mA to 20mA
	21	Ch0 Latch Time	1000
-	69	Ch0 Filter Setting	1 Hz
-	29	Ch0 High Engineering	10000 —
	25	Ch0 Low Engineering	0
L	73	Ch0 Sensor Power Source	Module Power
		out Configuration	
		out Configuration	
		out Configuration	
•			
		OK Cancel A	pply Help

Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Input Mode	Not Used	External input device is not connected.	
	Safety	A solid-state safety sensor is connected.	Not Used
	Standard	A standard device is connected.	
Input Range	±10V	Input voltage range.	
	05V		
	010V		
	±5V		
	420 mA	Input current range.	
	020 mA		
	Tachometer	Tachometer mode.	
Latch Time	065,530 ms (in 10 ms increments)	Safety input errors are latched for this time so that the controller can read them and they are not missed if they clear themselves too quickly. One value for all channels.	1000
Filter Setting	1 Hz	A single-pole, anti-aliasing filter of 10 Hz is followed by a four-pole digital filter with these available frequencies. ⁽¹⁾	
	5 Hz		
	10 Hz		
	50 Hz		
High Engineering	-30000+30000	Scaling value for inputs	10000 ⁽²⁾
Low Engineering	-30000+30000	Scaling value for inputs	0
Sensor Power Source	External	An external power supply is used to power the analog sensors. Terminals S0S3 on the module are not used.	Module
	Module	Terminals S0S3 on the module are used to power the analog sensors. Set this value to Module to supply power to the sensors connected to the POINT Guard Analog Input module. This setting allows the module to detect a loss of sensor power.	

(1) For more information on the filter frequencies and step response, see For more information, see the Point I/O Selection Guide, publication <u>1734-SG001</u>.

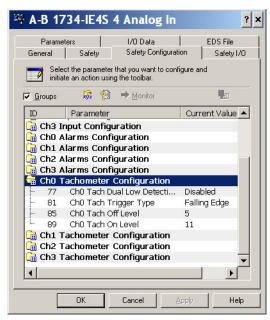
(2) 1000 for Tachometer mode.

5. To display parameters for editing, double-click each engineering units Alarms group.



Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
High High/Low Low Alarm	Disable	Enable or disable alarms.	Disable
Enable	Enable		
High High Alarm	-32768+32767	Follow these guidelines when to set the alarm values. • The High High alarm value must be greater than or equal to the High alarm value.	32767
Low Low Alarm	-32768+32767		0
High Alarm	-32768+32767	 The High alarm value must be greater that the Low alarm value. The Low Low alarm value must be less than or equal to the Low alarm value. 	32767
Low Alarm	-32768+32767	These values are based on the engineering units	0
High High/Low Low Alarm deadband	032767	Deadband on the High High and Low Low alarms.	0
High/Low Alarm deadband	032767	Deadband on the High and Low alarms.	0

6. To display parameters for editing, double-click each Channel Tachometer Configuration group.



Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default	
Tach Dual Low Detection	On	To increase the diagnostic coverage of your speed sensing loop, you must determine whether the two tachometer sensors you are using to sense speed are shorted together. That is, you must be able to detect a channel-to-channel fault. One method is to implement two tachometer sensors so that, during normal operation, their pulse trains are never low simultaneously. When Dual Low Detection is enabled, the module detects this condition as a fault, which indicates that the two sensors are	Disabled	
	Off	shorted together. To use this feature, you must use Channels 0 and 1 together, and Channels 2 and 3 together. Channels 0 and 1 have the same setting and channels 2 and 3 have the same setting. Both channels in the pair must use tachometer mode and the dual low detection diagnostic.		
Tach Trigger Type	Falling edge (NPN)	Non-inverted input signal.		
	Rising edge (PNP)	Inverted input signal.		
Tach Off Level	h Off Level 023V (in 1V increments) This value is the voltage at which the module considers the tachometer sensor to be OFF for tachometer speed calculation purposes. The Tachometer Off Level must be less than the Tachometer On Level.		5V	
(in 1V increments) tac		This value is the voltage at which the module considers the tachometer sensor to be ON for tachometer speed calculation purposes. The Tachometer On Level must be greater than the Tachometer Off Level.	11V	

Configure the SmartGuard Controller

To configure input and output connections to the controller and complete the setup of the controller, follow the procedures in these sections.

Set Up the Input and Output Connections

1. In RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, right-click the SmartGuard controller and choose Properties.

🂐 1752-L24Bi	88 🕐 🔀
Slave I/O Mode/Cycle 1 General	Local Output Local Input/Test Output Time Maintenance Logic Error History Safety Safety Connection Safety Slave I/O
17	52-L24BBB
Name:	1752-L24888
Description:	
Address:	0 *
Device Ident	ity [Primary]
Vendor:	Rockwell Automation - Allen-Bradley [1]
Туре:	Safety Controllers [138]
Device:	1752-L24BBB [1]
Catalog:	1752-L24BBB
Revision:	1.001
	OK Cancel Apply Help

2. For a list of all the Safety I/O modules in your project, click the Safety Connection tab.

1752-L24BBB					?	×
	ical Ou		· .		Test Output	
Mode/Cycle Time Maintenance Logic Error History General Safety Safety Connection Safety Slave I/O						
Configured Safety Connect	tions:			G		0
Name	Δ	Data	RPI	CRTL	Config ID	1
0 01, A-B 1734-IB85 0 02, A-B 1734-0B8 0 03, A-B 1734-0B8 0 04, A-B 1734-0BV	S8 34					
<[Þ	1
OK]_	Cancel	A	pply	Help	

3. Right-click the POINT Guard I/O module and choose Add Connection.

1752-L24BBB		? ×			
Slave I/O	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	al Input/Test Output			
	Mode/Cycle Time Maintenance Logic Erro				
General Safe	y Safety Connection	Safety Slave I/O			
Configured Safety Cor	nections:	18 18 × 🖻			
Name	∆ Data RPI	CRTL Config ID			
🖽 - 🚺 01, A-B 1734-					
🖳 🗍 02, A-B 1734	Add Connection	Ins			
🖵 🗍 03, A-B 173	Auto-Add Default Connection	15			
	Select All Devices	Ctrl+A			
	What's this?				
•		F			
OK	Cancel Ap	pply Help			

The Add Safety Connection dialog box appears.

Add Safety Connect	ion <u>? X</u>
Target Device:	01, A-B 1734-IB8S 8 In
Connection Name:	[IN] Safety + Pt. Status 💌 Details
Connection Type:	Multicast
Configuration:	Configuration signature must match
	B22D_D81512/2/200812:45:02.270 PM
Communication Para	ameters
Requested Packs	et Interval (RPI): 10 📑 ms
Connection Reac	tion Time Limit (CRTL): 40.1 ms
	Advanced
Add	Cancel Help

You can add individual safety connections for the inputs and outputs. The SmartGuard 600 controller can have up to 32 connections. **4.** To add a safety connection, from the Connection Name dropdown menu, choose one of these options.

	Choose	Description			
	[IN] Safety	Control of safety inputs			
	[IN] Safety + Combined Status ⁽¹⁾ - Muting	 Control of safety inputs Status combined into 1 bit for all inputs Muting status is available 			
S	[IN] Safety + Pt. Status	 Control of safety inputs Individual status for each input point 			
1734-IB8S	[IN] Safety + Pt. Status - Muting	 Control of safety inputs Individual status for each input point Muting status available 			
	[IN] Safety + Pt. Status- Muting - Test Output	 Control of safety inputs Individual status for each input point Muting status available Test output status available 			
	[OUT] Test	Control of test outputs			
S	[IN] Safety Monitor - Combined Status - Power	 Monitor safety outputs Status combined into 1 bit for all outputs Power status available 			
1734-0B8S	[IN] Safety Output Status	Individual status for each output point			
173,	[IN] Safety Output Status+ Monitor	 Individual status for each output point Monitor safety outputs 			
	[OUT] Safety	Control of safety outputs			
S	[IN] Safety Monitor - Combined Status - Power	 Monitor safety outputs Status combined into 1 bit for all outputs Power status available 			
1734-0BV2S	[IN] Safety Output Status	Individual status for each output point			
1734	[IN] Safety Output Status+ Monitor	 Individual status for each output point Monitor safety outputs 			
	[OUT] Safety	Control of safety outputs			
	[IN] Channel and Combined Alarm Status	Combined channel status and alarm status for each input point			
1734-IE4S ⁽²⁾	[IN] Channel Status, Alarm Status	 Individual status for each input point Combined alarm status for each input point Power status 			
	[OUT] Tach Reset	Resets a latched overfrequency condition and enables the module to begin to calculate frequency again.			

(1) Most digital input connections use Combined Status.

(2) Other connection options are available via RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, but their use with a SmartGuard controller is not recommended.

The more status that is read, the larger the packet size.

- 5. From the Connection Type dropdown menu, for this example choose Multicast.
- **6.** From the Configuration dropdown menu, for this example choose Configuration signature must match.

- 7. In the Requested Packet Interval (RPI) box, enter 10 ms.
- 8. In the Connection Reaction Time Limit (CRTL), enter 40.1 ms.
- 9. Click Add.

This value limits the packet size for normal communication. If detailed status is required when a fault occurs, the data can be read explicitly with MSG instructions.

10. Repeat steps <u>3...9</u> for each connection, be sure to assign input and output connections.

Note that the connections for the 1734-IB8S module have 2 bytes. If you select individual point status, the input connection is 5 bytes.

1752-L24BBB						? ×
Slave I/O L	ocal Ou	itput	Lo	ocal Input/	Test Outp	ut
Mode/Cycle Time	Mainte	enance	Lo	gic	Error His	tory
General Safety	S	afety Con	nection	Saf	ety Slave	1/0
Configured Safety Connec	ctions:			, ju		
Name	Δ.	Data	RPI	CRTL	Config	ID
📮 🗍 01, A-B 1734-IB8	S 8 In					
[IN] <unknown i<="" td=""><td>/0></td><td>2 Bytes</td><td>10 ms</td><td>40.1</td><td>Signat</td><td>1</td></unknown>	/0>	2 Bytes	10 ms	40.1	Signat	1
🕀 [IN] Safety + Pt. 1	Status	2 Bytes	10 ms	40.1	Signat	2
[OUT] <unknow< td=""><td></td><td>2 Bytes</td><td>10 ms</td><td>40.1</td><td>Signat</td><td>3</td></unknow<>		2 Bytes	10 ms	40.1	Signat	3
🔄 🖓 02, A-B 1734-0B	3S 8					
🖵 🗍 03, A-B 1734-IE4	S 4					
•						
ОК		Cancel		Apply	He	elp

11. Click Apply.

For further details, see the SmartGuard 600 Controllers User Manual, publication <u>1752-UM001</u>, and SmartGuard 600 Controllers Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1752-RM001</u>.

Complete the Set Up of the SmartGuard Controller

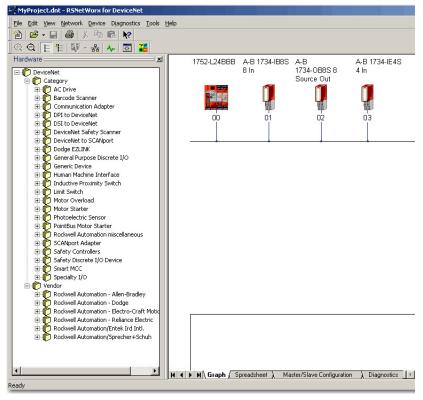
- 1. From the 1752-L24BBB dialog box, click Apply and then OK to accept the connection.
- 2. Place RSNetWorx from DeviceNet software back into Online mode.
 - a. If you see this dialog box, click Yes to save changes.

RSNetW	orx						
1	Save changes to "SG600_3_1791combo_4" file? If you do not save, all changes to the network wide configuration will be disca						
	Yes	No	Cancel				

b. To upload or download the device information, click OK.

RSNetW	orx for DeviceNet
(į)	Before the software allows you to configure online devices, you must upload or download device information. When the upload or download operation is completed, your offline configuration will be synchronized with the online natwork.
	Note: You can upload or download device information on either a network-wide or individual device basis.
	OK Help

You see these nodes after the browse.



Save and Download Module Configuration

We recommend that after a module is configured you save your work

IMPORTANT If you have not followed the configuration guidelines in the parameter tables that are found in <u>Configure Safety Analog Inputs on page 105</u>, the error message "Invalid Configuration Parameter occurred while attempting to configure the safety device" appears in the Error Log during download.

If the MS and NS status indicators on the POINT Guard I/O module are not both steady green after download, ownership has the potential to have been lost. The ownership is based on the following:

- POINT Guard I/O module number
- POINT Guard I/O safety network number
- SmartGuard slot number
- SmartGuard safety network number
- Path from SmartGuard controller to POINT Guard I/O module
- Configuration signature

If any of these parameters change, the connection between the SmartGuard controller and the POINT Guard I/O module is lost, and a yellow yield icon appears in the RSNetWorx for DeviceNet tree. For more information, see <u>Chapter 8</u>.

Notes:

Configure Safety Connections between a GuardLogix Controller and POINT Guard I/O Modules on a DeviceNet Network

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To use POINT Guard I/O[™] modules with a GuardLogix® controller on a DeviceNet® network, you must use a 1734-PDN DeviceNet Communication Interface module. When you use a 1734-PDN module, you must use RSNetWorx[™] for DeviceNet software to configure the POINT Guard I/O modules. The Generic DeviceNet Safety Module profile in the Logix Designer application to use the module data inside of the safety task.

Configure the Module in RSNetWorx for DeviceNet Software

You must complete these steps in RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software before you can add the module to the GuardLogix controller project.

- 1. Use the Node Commissioning Tool to set the node address of the module. See <u>Set the Node Address on page 96</u>.
- 2. Configure the inputs and outputs of the module. See <u>Configure the</u> <u>POINT Guard I/O Modules on page 101</u>.

Add the POINT Guard I/O Module to the Controller Project

Follow these steps to connect to the controller.

- 1. In the Logix Designer application, right-click the DeviceNet network and choose New Module.
- 2. In the Select Module Type dialog box, check Safety and Allen-Bradley.
- 3. Select the Generic DeviceNet Safety Module and click Create.

Enter Search Text for Modu	Ile Type		Hide Filters 🕱
IV Module □ Digital □ Other IV Safety	Type Category Filters	Module Type Vendor ey	Filters
Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category
1791DS-IB12 1791DS-IB16	12 Point 24 VDC Sink Safety Input	Allen-Bradley	Safety,Digital
	16 Point 24 VDC Sink Safety Input 4 Point 24 VDC Sink Safety Input	Allen-Bradley afe Allen-Bradley	Safety,Digital
		are Allen-Bradley	Safety,Digital
1791DS-IB4X0W4	4 Point 24VDC Sink Safety Input, 4 Point 24 VDC Sa 9 Point 24VDC Sink Safety Input, 9 Point 24 VDC Sa	Allon Prodlou	
1791DS-IB4X0W4 1791DS-IB8X0B8	8 Point 24VDC Sink Safety Input, 8 Point 24 VDC Sc		Safety,Digital Safety Digital
1791DS-IB4X0W4	8 Point 24VDC Sink Safety Input, 8 Point 24 VDC So 8 Point 24V DC Sink Safety Input, 8 Point 24V DC Bij		Safety,Digital Safety,Digital Safety,Other

4. On the New Module dialog box, click Change.

New M	odule						×
General Conne	ection Sa	fety Module Info					
Type: Parent: Na <u>m</u> e: Descri <u>p</u> tion:	DEVICEN mydnb	IET-SAFETYMODULE Generic	s Devi No <u>d</u> e: Safety Netwo <u>r</u> Number:	1 3/62	■ _0447_BDB7 11 1:56:50.487		
Module Defini Module Par Vendor: Product Co Revision: Electronic k Input Data: Output Data Data Forma	ameters — pe: de: Keying: a:	1 0 25 1.1 Exact Match Safety Safety Integer-SINT	Connection Pa Safety Input: Safety Dutput: Configuration A:	Input Assembly Instance 1 199	Dutput Assembly Instance 199 1 ce: 1	Size 1 1 99 Cha	(8-bit) (8-bit) ange
Status: Creating				OK	Cano	cel	Help

5. On the Module Definition dialog box, set these parameters for your module.

Cat. No.	Product Type	Product Code
1734-IB8S	35	15
1734-0B8S	35	16
1734-0BV2S	35	32
1734-IE4S	42	1

1734-IB8S Module

ajor Revision: 1 🚖	
ctronic Keying: Exact Match]
ut Data: Safety	
tput Data: Safety	
a Format: Integer-SINT 👱	

1734-IE4S Module

Product Type: 42 C Product Code: 1 C Minor Revision 1 C Electronic Keying: Exact Match Input Data: Safety Output Data: Safety Output Data: Safety Data Format: Integer-SINT		
Major Revision 1 ***********************************		
Minor Revision 1 🛃 Electronic Keying: Exact Match Input Data: Safety Output Data: Safety		
Electronic Keying: Exact Match	Major Revision: 1 🚖	
Input Data: Safety Output Data: Safety	Minor Revision 1 🚖	
input Data: Safety Output Data: Safety		
Output Data: Safety	Electronic <u>K</u> eying:	Exact Match
Output Data: Safety		
	Input Data:	Safety
Data Format: Integer-SINT	Output Data:	Safety
	Data Format:	Integer-SINT

6. Click the Connection tab.

	Input Assembly Instance	Assembly ,	Size 8-bit)	
Safety Inp Safety Out			1 ≑ 1 ≑	
Configuratio Assembly In		199 🕂		

7. Set the Configuration Assembly Instance to 864 for all POINT Guard modules.

8. Use theses tables to determine which assemblies you want to connect to and set the safety input and output assemblies.

Table 6 - 1734-IB8S Input Assemblies

Safety Input Connection	Input Assembly Safety Input Number	Input Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety	516 (204 h)	199 (C7h)	1
Safety + Combined Status – Muting	788 (314 h)	199 (C7h)	2
Safety + Pt. Status	548 (224 h)	199 (C7h)	2
Safety + Pt. Status – Muting	820 (334 h)	199 (C7h)	3
Safety + Pt. Status — Muting — Test Output	868 (364 h)	199 (C7h)	4

Table 7 - 1734-IB8S Output Assemblies

Safety Output Connection	Output Assembly Safety Input Number	Output Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Test	199 (C7h)	33 (21 h)	1

Table 8 - 1734-0B8S Input Assemblies

Safety Input Connection	Input Assembly Safety Input Number	Input Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety Output Status	580 (244 h)	199 (C7h)	1
Output Status + Monitor	1028 (404 h)	199 (C7h)	2
Safety Monitor + Combined Status + Power	1044 (414 h)	199 (C7h)	2

Table 9 - 1734-0B8S Output Assemblies

Safety Output Connection	Output Assembly Safety Input Number	Output Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety	199 (C7h)	564 (234 h)	1

Table 10 - 1734-OBV2S Input Assemblies

Safety Input Connection	Input Assembly Safety Input Number	Input Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety Output Status	579 (243 h)	199 (C7h)	1
Output Status + Monitor	1027 (403 h)	199 (C7h)	1
Safety Monitor + Combined Status + Power	1043 (413 h)	199 (C7h)	2

Table 11 - 1734-OBV2S Output Assemblies

Safety Output Connection	Output Assembly Safety Input Number	Output Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety	199 (C7h)	563 (233 h)	1

Table 12 - 1734-IE4S Input Assemblies

Safety Input Connection	Input Assembly Safety Input Number	Input Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety + Status	402 (192 h)	199 (C7h)	9
Safety + Status + Alarms	786 (312 h)	199 (C7h)	13
Safety + Status + Process Status + Fault Reason + Alarms	802 (322 h)	199 (C7h)	18

Table 13 - 1734-IE4S Output Assemblies

Safety Output Connection	Output Assembly Safety Input Number	Output Assembly Safety Output Number	Size
Safety Tachometer	199 (C7h)	770 (302 h)	1

Individual members of each assembly are listed in Appendix <u>E</u>.

IMPORTANT If you use the 1734-IE4S module with a GuardLogix system, use the application program to evaluate any dual channel requirements and determine any process alarms.

- 9. Click OK.
- 10. On the Safety Tab, uncheck the Configuration Signature checkbox.
- 11. Click OK and OK again to add the module to the I/O Configuration tree.

Complete the Safety Configuration

Follow these steps to copy the configuration signature and safety network number from RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software to the generic profile you configure in the Logix Designer application.

- 1. In RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, double-click the module.
- 2. On the Safety tab, click Copy Signature.

A-B 1734-IB8S 8 In	? ×				
Parameters I/0 Data EDS File General Safety Safety Configuration Safety I	/0				
This safety device is not safety-locked. After you have configured the device, run the Safety Device Verification Wizard to set the device to the safety-locked state.					
Safety Network Number: 37E2_0508_54D3					
Configuration Signature					
Time: 5:27:39 PM	\square				
Unlock Password					
OK Cancel Apply He	lp				

3. In the Logix Designer application, right-click the DEVICENET-SAFETYMODULE and choose Properties.

- 4. On the Safety tab, check the Configuration Signature checkbox.
- 5. Click Paste.

Gener	al* Conne	ction Safety* Mo	odule Info				
Ci	onnection Type	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Connection Reaction Time Limit (ms)	Max Observed Network Delay (ms)	•		_,
Sa	afety Input	10 🚔	40.1	Reset	3	Advanced	L
Sat	fety Output	20	60.0	Reset			
	ID: 10 Date: 3	n Signature: 45_4384 3/ 3/2011	(Hex)	<u>Copy</u> Paste			
Status:	Creating				ОК	Cancel	<u>H</u> elp

6. In RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, click Copy to copy the safety network number.

🏁 A-B 1734-IB8S 8 In	? ×
Parameters I/O Data General Safety Safety Configural	EDS File
This safety device is not safety-locked. Afte the device, run the Safety Device Verification device to the safety-locked state.	
Safety Network Number: 37E2_0508_54D3 3/3/2011 5:27:12.83 I	
Configuration Signature ID: 1C45_4984 (Hex) Date: 3/ 3/2011 Time: 5:27:39 PM 880 ms	Copy <u>S</u> ignature
<u>U</u> nlock	Password
OK Cancel	Apply Help

- 7. On the General tab in the Logix Designer application, click in next to the safety network number field.
- 8. Click Paste.

🗖 Mo	dule Properties: mydnb	(DEVICE	NE	ET-SAFETYMODULE 1.1)
General	Connection Safety Module Info			
Туре:	Safety Network Number		×	
Paren Name Descr	Format: Time-based 3/3/2011 5:27:12 83 PM	Generate		1 v
Moc	O Manual DeviceNet: Occompany Occompany Occompany Occompany Occompany Occompany Occompany			3/3/2011 5:26:45:114 PM
	Number: 37E2_0508_54D3 (Hex)	Сору		Parameters Input Dutput Assembly Assembly
Pi R El		Paste Set] +	Instance Instance Size 1 199 1 (8-bit) t: 199 1 1 (8-bit)
In O	OK Cancel	Help	-	Assembly Instance: 199
D:				Change
Status: O	ffline		OK	Cancel Apply Help

Download the DeviceNet Network Configuration

Before you download, you must go online to the DeviceNet network with RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software. Your computer and the devices you wish to communicate with must be connected to the DeviceNet network.

When you go online to a DeviceNet network, RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software browses the network one time and shows you the devices on the network. If you go online, this action does not upload (read) or download (change) the parameters of any of the devices.

To download the DeviceNet network configuration, follow these steps.

- 1. Click the online 👪 button.
- 2. Browse to the DeviceNet network and click OK at the prompt.
- **3.** To download your configuration to the network, right-click the device and choose Download to Device.
- 4. To download, click yes.

Verify Your DeviceNet Safety Configuration

IMPORTANT

NT Before running the Safety Device Verification Wizard, you must browse and upload your network and test the safety devices and all of their safety functions on your network to verify that they are operating properly. You must fully test your application before you safety-lock your devices.

The Safety Device Verification Wizard, which is accessed from RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, guides you through the verification of the configuration of your safety devices and provides the means for safety-locking those devices. The verification process includes upload and comparison of the configuration that is stored in the device and the configuration that is stored in the RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software configuration file. The configuration is displayed in a report to facilitate visual verification and record keeping.

IMPORTANT Some devices on your network may not support verification by the Safety Device Verification Wizard. To determine the method that is required for verifying these devices, consult the user documentation.

To run the Safety Device Verification Wizard, follow these steps.

- 1. Choose Network >Safety Device Verification Wizard.
- 2. On the Welcome dialog box, click Next.

Determine If Devices Can Be Verified

When the Safety Device Verification Wizard browses the network, it checks the safety status of the devices on the network to determine if the devices can be verified.

If any devices are in a state that prevents the wizard from continuing the verification process, the 'unable to verify that the listed devices dialog box' appears. The box lists those devices and their status, including a device icon that is overlaid with a status icon.

Message	lcon Overlay	Description
Missing		The device is part of the network configuration, but was not found during the browse operation.
Mismatch	¥	The device identity in the network configuration does not match the identity of the online device.
Unknown	?	The device is in the configuration, but has not been detected on the network yet.
Safety Network Number Error	!	The safety network number (SNN) in the device is either invalid or does not match the SNN for the device in the RSNetWorx for DeviceNet configuration file.
Signature Mismatch	None	The configuration signature in the device does not match the configuration signature in the RSNetWorx for DeviceNet configuration file.
Safety Locked	ð	The device is already locked.

To return to RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software so that you can correct the status of the indicated devices, close the Safety Device Verification Wizard by clicking Cancel.

To skip the devices that are listed and continue the verification process for other safety devices on the network, click Next.

Select Devices to Verify

Choose which devices to verify by using the checkboxes in the Verify column on the Verify Safety Device Configuration dialog box. You can select only the devices whose status is Ready to be verified.

afety Dev	vice Verification Wiz	ard	X		
Fro	Verify Safety Device Configuration From the list, select the safety devices you want to verify. During the verification process, the software will compare the configuration in the safety device to the software's configuration.				
□ <u>S</u> how	all safety devices				
Verify	Status	Node 🛆			
	Ready to be verified	🧱 00, 1752-L24BBB			
		🧱 01, 1753-DNSIDeviceNet Safety Scanner			
	Verify not supported	🛅 02, MSR241P Safety Relay Interface			
		Click Next < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	to continue. Help		

If the Show all safety devices checkbox is checked, the dialog box lists all safety devices on the network and shows their status. If it is unchecked, which is the default, only devices with the following status are shown:

• Verify FAILED

The upload and compare operation indicated that the configuration in the device does not match the configuration in the RSNetWorx for DeviceNet configuration file.

• Ready to be verified

The device is not safety-locked and can be selected for verification.

• Verify not supported

The device is not safety-locked, but the device does not support verification via the Safety Device Verification Wizard. Consult your user documentation for information on how to verify this device. Once the device has been verified, the wizard can safety-lock it. To begin the upload and compare process, click Next.

Safety Device Verification Wizard	×
Verify Safety Device Configuration From the list, select the safety devices you want to verify. During the verification process, the software will compare the configuration in the safety device to the software's configuration.	
Show all st Verifying Safety Device Configurations	
Verity S Verity S C F VUploading Scanlist Address 6 Cancel	
Click Nex	t to continue.
< Back Next > Cancel	Help



If you click Next without selecting a device to verify, the wizard checks whether any devices were verified or are ready to be locked in this execution of the wizard.

lf	Then the wizard displays
Devices were verified	The Review dialog box that lists those devices.
Devices are ready to be safety- locked	The Lock dialog box that lists those devices.
No devices were verified	The Finish dialog box.
No devices are ready to be safety-locked	The Finish dialog box.

Review the Safety Device Verification Reports

The Review page displays safety devices with a status of either Verify FAILED or Ready to be Safety Locked.

9	afety Devic	e Verification Wizard		×	
	Review Safety Device Verification Reports Click the Review link in the Report column to launch the safety verification report of the safety device. To review the configuration of all devices, click Review All.				
				1	
	Report	Status	Node 🛆		
	Review	Verify FAILED	🚥 02, 1791DS-IB12 12Pt Safety DC Input		
	Review	Readu to be Safety Locked	= 03, 1791DS-IB8X0B8 8Pt/8Pt Safety DC Input/		
	Review		1791DS-IB4X0W4 4Pt/4Pt Safety DC Input/		
	Review		 04, 1131D34D34A304444 044 C3alety DC_mptd 05, 1791DS4B8X0B8 8Pt/8Pt Safety DC Input/ 		
	<u>R</u> eview A	It is recommended that your records.	ou print the verification reports Click Next to continue	L	
		< <u>B</u> ac	k <u>N</u> ext > Cancel Help		

- 1. To launch the HTML report of the device in your default browser, click Review in the Report column.
- 2. To generate an HTML verification report for all devices listed, click Review All.

If the status of a device is Verify FAILED, more information is provided in the verification failure report.

3. Review and print the verification reports for your records.

IMPORTANT You must review the device configurations and record the configuration signatures before operating a safety application.

Lock Safety Devices

IMPORTANT	Before you lock your safety device configurations, you must perform all
	verification steps that are required for your application.

1. Choose which devices to safety-lock by checking the checkbox in the Lock column for each device that is ready to be safety-locked.

afety Devic	e Verification Wizard				×
	ety Devices he list below, select the dev	rices th	at you want to set	to the safety-loc	ked 🚺
⊡Lock △	Status	N	ode		
	Ready to be Safety Lock			OB8 8Pt/8Pt Sa	efety DC. Input/
Lock	Ready to be Safety Lock				
Lock	Ready to be Safety Lock				
✓ Lock	Ready to be Safety Lock	ed 🚥	02, 1791DS-IB12	12Pt Safety DC	Input
	ledge that I have reviewed as well as tested their oper		nfigurations of the		k Next to continue.
	< <u>B</u>	ack	<u>N</u> ext >	Cancel	Help

- 2. Check the acknowledgment checkbox so the locking process can continue.
- 3. Click Next.

The wizard performs a final comparison of the configuration signature in each safety device to its configuration signature in RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software before locking the device.

4. View the Safety Device Verification Wizard Summary

Before closing, the wizard displays a summary of all safety devices that were safety-locked. It also displays the number of safety devices that are still safety-locked, and lets you display the verified and safety-locked state of all safety devices on the network.

5. To close the wizard, click Finish.

Replace POINT Guard I/O Modules

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Set the Safety Network Number	132
Reset a Module to Out-of-box Condition	133
Replace a Module in a GuardLogix System on an EtherNet/IP Network	136
Use a SmartGuard or GuardLogix Controller on a DeviceNet Network to Replace a Module	143

This chapter provides information on how to replace POINT Guard I/O[™] modules when they are connected to GuardLogix[®] or SmartGuard[™] controllers. For more information on these controllers, refer to the controller publications listed in the <u>Additional Resources on page 8</u>.

A major difference in functionality between the GuardLogix and SmartGuard safety controllers affects the replacement of safety I/O modules. GuardLogix controllers retain the I/O module configuration and are able to download the configuration to the replacement module. SmartGuard controllers do not retain the I/O module configuration, so you must use RSNetWorx[™] for DeviceNet[®] software to download the configuration to the replacement module.

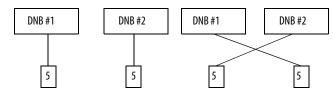
The Safety Network Number

Replacing a safety I/O module that sits on a CIP Safety[™] network is more complicated than replacing standard devices because of the safety network number (SNN). The DeviceID of the safety module is composed of the module number and SNN. Safety devices require this more complex identifier to make sure that duplicate module numbers do not compromise communication between the correct safety devices. This simplified example shows Guard I/O^{m} modules on a DeviceNet network. Your products can differ, but the function is the same.

EXAMPLE The DeviceNet network supports 64 node numbers, so if you have 100 devices on multiple DeviceNet networks, there are at least 36 duplicate node numbers being used. Even though the duplicate nodes are on separate DeviceNet networks, it must still be considered in a safety system.

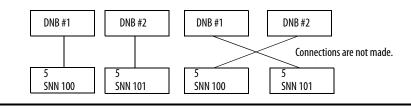
In this example, the DNB scanner #1 is connected to node 5. The DNB scanner #2 is connected to another node 5. If the cables get inadvertently crossed, the scanners can be communicating with the incorrect node 5.

Crossed Cables



This crossed-cable scenario is unacceptable for a safety system. The SNN provides unique identification of every safety device. In this next example, all devices that are connected to DNB scanner #1 have an SNN of 100. All devices that are connected to DNB scanner #2 have an SNN of 101. If the cables get inadvertently crossed, the node connected to DNB scanner #1 changes from 100/5 to 101/5. The node that is connected to DNB scanner #2 changes from 101/5 to 100/5. Therefore, the safety connections are not made if the cables get crossed.

Connections Not Made



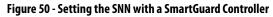
Set the Safety Network Number

The previous examples showed how the SNN is used to provide safetyconnection integrity after the system is operational. But the SNN is also used to provide integrity on the initial download to the POINT Guard I/O module.

If a safety signature exists, then the POINT Guard I/O module must have a proper SNN/node number identification that matches the module within the safety controller project, before it can receive its configuration. And to keep integrity, the SNN setting of the module is required to be a manual action. This manual action is to use the 'set' function on an out-of-box POINT Guard I/O module.

Safety Network Number	×
<u>F</u> ormat:	
⊙ <u>T</u> ime-based	<u>G</u> enerate
8/25/2004 9:19:02.574 AM	
C <u>M</u> anual	
DeviceNet: (Decima	al)
<u>N</u> umber:	
2E95_0312_7A2E (Hex)	Сору
	Paste
	Set
OK Cancel	Help

Figure 49 - Set the SNN with a GuardLogix Controller



The network status LED is in which the Safety Networ	flashing on the device (address 02) k Number will be set.
Click OK to set the Safety Network Number	in the device.
ОК	Cancel

Condition

Reset a Module to Out-of-box If a POINT Guard I/O module was used previously, clear the existing configuration before installing it on a safety network.

To use POINT Guard I/O with a	See
GuardLogix controller on an EtherNet/IP™ network	Use the Logix Designer Application on page 134
GuardLogix controller with 1734-PDN module on a DeviceNet network	Use RSNetWorx for DeviceNet Software on page 135
SmartGuard controller on a DeviceNet network	

Use the Logix Designer Application

When the Logix Designer application is online, the Safety tab of the Module Properties dialog box displays the current configuration ownership. When the opened project owns the configuration, Local is displayed. When a second device owns the configuration, Remote is displayed, along with the safety network number (SNN), and node address or slot number of the configuration owner. If the module read fails, Communication error is displayed.

If the connection is Local, you must inhibit the module connection before you reset ownership. To inhibit the module:

- 1. Right-click the module and choose Properties.
- 2. Click the Connection tab.
- 3. Select the Inhibit Module checkbox.
- 4. Click Apply and then OK.

Follow these steps to reset the module to its out-of-box configuration when online.

- 1. Right-click the module and choose Properties.
- 2. Click the Safety tab.
- **3.** Click Reset Ownership.

Configuration Ownership: Local Reset Ownership

Use RSNetWorx for DeviceNet Software

Follow these steps to reset the module to an out-of-box condition.

1. Right-click the module and choose Reset Safety Device.

- 1752-L24BBB	A-B 1734 8 In	-IB8S A-B 1734-OB8S 8 Source Out	
	ſ		Ctrl+X
	1	Ba Copy	Ctrl+C
03		🗟 Paste	Ctrl+V
		Delete	Del
		<u>U</u> pload from Device D <u>o</u> wnload to Device	
		C <u>l</u> ass Instance Editor <u>R</u> e-register Device	
		Reset Safety Device Set Safety Network Number	

2. Check all options.

Reset Safe	ety Device: 05, A-B 1734-IR8S 8 In 🛛 🔹 💽		
Resetting the safety device will cause the configuration of the device and the selected attribute(s) to return to their factory default settings. Check the boxes below to select which additional attributes to reset in the device.			
No	te: Resetting the device will always reset its configuration.		
	Configuration Owner 🔽 Address (If resettable)		
	Output Connection Owner(s) 🛛 🔽 Baud Rate (If resettable)		
V	Password 🔽 Safety Network Number		
	Reset Cancel Help		

3. Click Reset.

Replace a Module in a GuardLogix System on an EtherNet/IP Network

If you are relying on a portion of the CIP Safety system to maintain SIL 3 behavior during module replacement and functional testing, you must not use the Configure Always feature. Go to <u>Replace a Module with 'Configure Only</u> <u>When No Safety Signature Exists' Enabled on page 137</u>.

If you are not relying on the entire routable CIP Safety control system to maintain SIL 3/PLe during the replacement and functional testing of a module, you can use the Configure Always feature. Go to <u>Replace a Module with</u> 'Configure Always' Enabled on page 142.

Module replacement is configured on the Safety tab of the GuardLogix controller.

😤 Controller Properties - Project2	
General Serial Port System Protocol User Pro Date/Time Advanced SFC Execution File S	otocol Major Faults Minor Faults iafety* Nonvolatile Memory Memory
Safety Application: Unlocked	Safety Lock/Unlock
Safety Status:	
Safety Signature:	Generate 🔶
ID: <none> Date:</none>	Сору
Time:	Delete +
When replacing Safety I/D:	
Configure Only When No Safety Signature Exists	
C Configure Always	
OK	Cancel Apply Help

Replace a Module with 'Configure Only When No Safety Signature Exists' Enabled

When a module is replaced, the configuration downloads from the safety controller if the DeviceID of the new module matches the original. The DeviceID is a combination of the node/IP address and the safety network number (SNN) and is updated whenever the SNN is set.

If the project is configured as 'Configure Only When No Safety Signature Exists', follow the appropriate instructions in <u>Table 14</u> to replace a POINT Guard I/O module that is based on your scenario. Once you have completed the steps in the scenario correctly, the DeviceID matches the original. This match enables the safety controller to download the proper module configuration, and re-establish the safety connection.

GuardLogix Safety Signature Exists	Replacement Module Condition	Action Required
No	No SNN (Out-of-box)	None. The module is ready for use.
Yes or No	Same SNN as original safety task configuration	None. The module is ready for use.
Yes	No SNN (Out-of-box)	See <u>Scenario 1 - Replacement Module Is Out-of-box and a Safety</u> <u>Signature Exists on page 137</u> .
Yes	Different SNN from	See Scenario 2 - Replacement Module SNN Is Different from Original and a Safety Signature Exists on page 139.
No	original safety task configuration	See Scenario 3 - Replacement Module SNN Is Different from Original and No Safety Signature Exists on page 141.

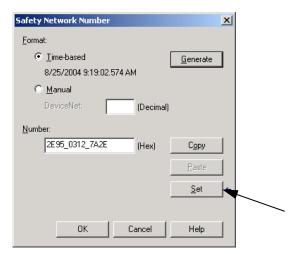
Table 14 - Replace a Module

Scenario 1 - Replacement Module Is Out-of-box and a Safety Signature Exists

- 1. Remove the old I/O module and install the new module.
- 2. Right-click the replacement POINT Guard I/O module and choose Properties.
- 3. To open the Safety Network Number dialog box, click to the right of the safety network number.

General Conne	ection Safety Module Info Input Configuration Test Output	
Туре:	1734-IB8S IP-20 8 Point 24V dc Sink Input Module	
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley	
Parent:	Adapter	
Name:	Module Number: 3	_
Description:	Safety Network 3485_044C_55A5	
	10/23/2008 4:01:51.525 PM	

4. Click Set.



5. Verify that the Network Status (NS) status indicator is alternating red/ green on the correct module before clicking yes on the confirmation dialog box to set the SNN and accept the replacement module.

Set Safe	ty Network Number in Module
	DANGER. Setting Safety Network Number in module.
	Network status indicator on module's front panel is alternating red and green to help validate module addressing.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to configure module, setting Safety Network Number will result in configuration ownership being granted to first controller that successfully configures module.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to connect to outputs of module, setting Safety Network Number will result in output ownership being granted to first controller that successfully connects to outputs.
	Set Safety Network Number?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o Help

6. To test the replaced I/O module and system for functionality and authorize the system for use, follow your company-prescribed procedures.

Scenario 2 - Replacement Module SNN Is Different from Original and a Safety Signature Exists

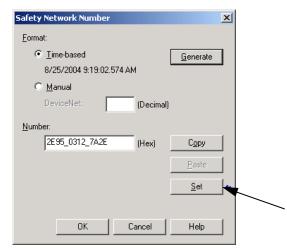
- 1. Remove the old I/O module and install the new module.
- 2. Right-click your POINT Guard I/O module and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.

General Connec	tion Safety Modu	le Info 🗍 Input Configura	ation Test C	lutput Outpu	t Configuration	
Connection Type Safety Input Safety Output	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms) 10 🔹 10	Connection Reaction Time Limit (ms) 40.1 30.1	Max Obs Network De 36.5 28.3		Advanc	ed
Configuration Du Reset Ow Configuration Si ID: Ba	nership	(Hex)	Сору			
	2/15/2004 2:56:59 AM 🔀 1	▼ 12 - ms	\			
Status: Runnin	9	OK	C	ancel	Apply	Help

- 4. Click Reset Ownership.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Right-click your module and choose Properties.
- 7. To open the Safety Network Number dialog box, click ... to the right of the safety network number.

Type: 1	734-IB8S IP-20 8 Point 24	V de Sink Inpu	ut Module		
Vendor: A	len-Bradley				
Parent: A	dapter				
Name:			Module Number:	3 💌	_
Description:		<u>^</u>	Safety Network Number:	3485_044C_55A5	
		$\overline{}$		10/23/2008 4:01:51.525 PM	
Module Definition	n				
Series:	A	Change			
Revision:	1.1				
Electronic Keyini	g: Compatible Module				
Configured By:	This Controller		_		
Input Data:	Safety				
Output Data:	Test				
Input Status:	Pt. Status		-		

8. Click Set.



9. Verify that the Network Status (NS) status indicator is alternating red/ green on the correct module before clicking yes on the confirmation dialog box to set the SNN and accept the replacement module.

Set Safe	ty Network Number in Module
	DANGER. Setting Safety Network Number in module.
<u> </u>	Network status indicator on module's front panel is alternating red and green to help validate module addressing.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to configure module, setting Safety Network Number will result in configuration ownership being granted to first controller that successfully configures module.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to connect to outputs of module, setting Safety Network Number will result in output ownership being granted to first controller that successfully connects to outputs.
	Set Safety Network Number?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o Help

10. To test the replaced I/O module and system for functionality and authorize the system for use, follow your company-prescribed procedures.

Scenario 3 - Replacement Module SNN Is Different from Original and No Safety Signature Exists

- 1. Remove the old I/O module and install the new module.
- 2. Right-click your POINT Guard I/O module and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.

General Connect	ion Safety Modul	e Info Input Configura	ation Test C)utput Outp	ut Configuration
Connection	Requested Packet	Connection Reaction			
Туре	Interval (RPI) (ms)	Time Limit (ms)	Network De	elay (ms)	
Safety Input	10 🌻	40.1	36.5	Reset	Advanced
Safety Output	10	30.1	28.3	Reset	
Date: 12	nership	(Hex)	Сору		
Status: Running	9	OK		ancel	Apply Help

- 4. Click Reset Ownership.
- 5. Click OK.
- **6.** To test the replaced I/O module and system for functionality and authorize the system for use, follow your company-prescribed procedures.

Replace a Module with 'Configure Always' Enabled



ATTENTION: Enable the Configure Always feature only if the entire CIP Safety Control System is not being relied on to maintain SIL 3 behavior during the replacement and functional testing of a module.

Do not place modules that are in the out-of-box condition on a CIP Safety network when the Configure Always feature is enabled, except while following this replacement procedure.

When the 'Configure Always feature is enabled, the controller automatically checks for and connects to a replacement module that meets these requirements.

- The controller has configuration data for a compatible module at that network address.
- The module is in out-of-box condition or has an SNN that matches the configuration.

If the project is configured for 'Configure Always', follow the appropriate steps to replace a POINT Guard I/O module.

1. Remove the old I/O module and install the new module.

lf	Then
the module is in out-of-box condition	go to step <u>6</u> . No action is needed for the GuardLogix controller to take ownership of the module.
an SNN mismatch error occurs	go to the next step to reset the module to out-of-box condition.

- 2. Right-click your POINT Guard I/O module and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.

General Connec	tion Safety Modu	e Info Input Configura	ation Test O	utput Outpu	ut Configuratio	n]
Connection Type	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Connection Reaction Time Limit (ms)	Max Obse Network De			
Safety Input Safety Output	10 ≢ 10	40.1 30.1	36.5 28.3	Reset Reset	Advar	nced
Configuration ON Reset Ow Configuration Sig ID: 8a	nership	(Hex)	Сору			
	2/15/2004 0:56:59 AM 🔀 1	▼ 12 <u>−</u> ms				
Status: Runnin	9	OK	Ca	ancel	Apply	Help

- 4. Click Reset Ownership.
- 5. Click OK.
- **6.** To test the replaced I/O module and system for functionality and authorize the system for use, follow your company-prescribed procedures.

Use a SmartGuard or GuardLogix Controller on a DeviceNet Network to Replace a Module

To replace an I/O module when the module and the controller are on a DeviceNet network, follow these steps.

- 1. Replace the module and match the node number of the original module.
- 2. In RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software, open your project.

If the replacement module is out-of-box or has an SNN that does not match the original module, the module appears with an exclamation mark.

*Device	Net - RSNetW	orx for DeviceNet		_ 🗆 ×
<u>File Edit</u>	<u>View</u> <u>N</u> etwork	<u>Device Diagnostics T</u> ool	s <u>H</u> elp	E f
谄 🖨	• 🖬 😂	X 🖻 🖻 💦		
$\oplus \mathbf{Q}$	e 1e 🐯	• 몲 사 🗷 🎜		
175	2-L24BBB	A-B		*
		1734-OB8S 8 Source Out		
	1			
	And the other designed in the other designed	NH-		
	00	01 I		
~	è]
H I F H	Graph (Sp	readsheet 🚶 Master/Slave	Configuration 🗼 Diagnosti	
Messa		Constantial Constantial States		
Messa Messa	ge Code	Date	Description	
des				
Messages				
š 🚺				•
leady	Sector Control of Sector		Online - Not Browsir	ng

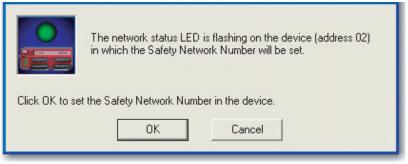
3. Right-click the module and choose Download to Device.

RSNetWorx for DeviceNet				
1	Downloading configuration data from the network configuration into the device(s) Do you want to continue?			
	Yes No			

- **4.** Click Yes to confirm.
- **5.** To set the SNN on the replacement module, click Download on the Safety Network Number Mismatch dialog box.

Safety Network Number Mismatch				
A difference exists between the Safety Network Number of the device in the online configuration and the device in the offline configuration.				
Device Safety Network Number Software Safety Network Number				
FFFF_FFFF_FFFF 333A_0447_0FF8				
Uninitialized Safety Network 11/27/2007 2:56:06.8 PM Number.				
Do you want to upload the device's Safety Network Number to update the software's Safety Network Number or download the software's Safety Network Number to update the device?				
Upload Download Cancel Help				

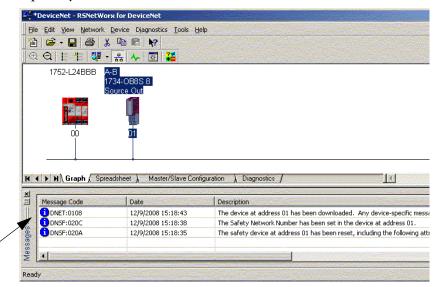
6. Verify that the (NS) Network status indicator is flashing on the correct module and click OK to set the SNN on that device.



RSNetWorx for DeviceNet software confirms that the SNN has been set.

RSNetW	orx for DeviceNet 🛛 🔀
1	The Safety Network Number has been set in the device.
	ОК

Once the download successfully completes, the main project view displays this message: 'The device at address *xx* has been downloaded. Any device-specific messages that are related to the download operation are displayed separately.'



If the configuration matches the original DNT file, the SNN and configuration signature now match that of the original. If you are already connected to the controller, a connection is made. The controller does not need to be taken out of Run mode to download to the replacement module.

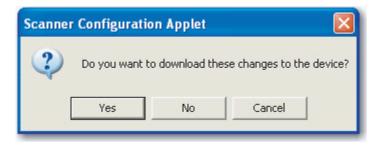
If you download this configuration to a temporary setup, place the module on the network and it automatically connects to the controller.

If the configuration downloaded to the module was not from the original DNT file, the configuration signature does not match the original. Even if you recreate the same parameters in a new DNT file, the time and date portions of the signature are different so the connection to the controller is not made. If this situation occurs, click the Safety Connection tab for the controller that prompted you that the configuration signature is different and provides you with the option to match the new configuration signature. However, you must first revalidate the safety system because it is not using the original DNT file.

Scanner Configuration Applet			
⚠	One or more differences were detected between one or more safety connections and the configuration of a device on the network.		
	Do you want to update the safety connections in the scanner configuration to resolve the differences?		
	Yes No Help		

7. Click Yes.

This selection takes the controller out of Run mode and prompts you to download the changes.



8. Click Yes to download the new connection configuration to the SmartGuard controller.

After the download is complete, place the controller back in Run mode and the connection to the replacement module is established.

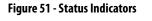
9. To test the replaced I/O module and system for functionality and authorize the system for use, follow your company-prescribed procedures.

Notes:

Troubleshoot the Module

Торіс	Page
Module Status Indicator - MS	148
Network Status Indicator - NS	148
Configuration Lock Indicator - LK	148
Power - PWR	149
1734-IE4S Sensor Power Indicator - S0S3	149
734-IE4S Safety Analog Input Status Indicators	149
734-IB8S Safety Input Status Indicators	149
734-OB8S Safety Output Status Indicators	149
734-OBV2S Safety Output Status Indicators	150

Use the status indicators to troubleshoot the modules.



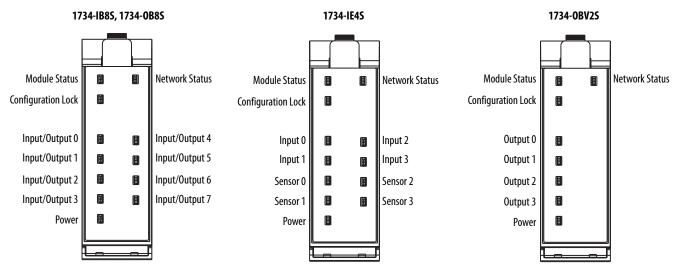


Table 15 - Module Status Indicator - MS

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	No power is applied to the module.	Apply power to this connector.
Steady green	The module is operating normally.	None.
Steady red	The module detected an unrecoverable fault.	Cycle power to the module. If the problem persists, replace the module.
Flashing green	The device is in the Idle or Standby state.	Configure the module and establish a connection.
Flashing red	The module has detected a recoverable fault.	Cycle power to the module or reset the module.
	A user-initiated firmware update is in progress.	Wait for the firmware update to complete.
Flashing red and green	The module is not configured.	Reconfigure the module. For additional troubleshooting, use the Network status indicator.
	The module is performing its power-cycle diagnostic tests.	Wait for the module to complete its power-cycle diagnostics.

Table 16 - Network Status Indicator - NS

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	The module is not online with the network or there is no power.	Verify that your network is working properly.
Flashing green	The module is online with no connections in the established state.	Verify your network and module configuration.
	The module identified the communication rate of the network but no connections are established.	
Steady green	The module is online with connections in the established state. The module is operating normally.	None.
Flashing red	One or more I/O connections are in a timed-out state.	Verify your network and module configuration.
	A user-initiated firmware update is in progress.	Wait for the firmware update to complete.
Steady red	Critical link failure. The module detected an error that prevents it from communicating on the network, such as a duplicate node address.	Cycle power to the module. Check node addressing.

Table 17 - Configuration Lock Indicator - LK

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	No configuration or configured by a GuardLogix® originator.	Validate configuration by a network configuration tool, such as
	Invalid configuration data.	RSNetWorx™ software.
Steady yellow	Locked.	None.
	Valid configuration, locked by a network configuration tool, such as RSNetWorx software.	
Flashing yellow	Not locked.	
	Valid configuration by a network configuration tool, such as RSNetWorx software.	

The configuration lock is not available when you use GuardLogix controllers.

Table 18 - Power - PWR

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	No field power applied (all modules) or severe 24V DC power over voltage condition (1734-OBV2S only)	Apply field power that is within the specifications.
Green	Normal condition, field power supplied and within specification.	None.
Yellow	Field power is out of specification.	The supplied field power is outside the specifications (all modules) or the module is configured to use sensor power, and either the sensor is drawing too much current (short in the wiring or sensor), or the sensor is not drawing any current (broken wire or sensor) (1734-IE4S only). Check your connectors, wiring, and voltages.

Table 19 - 1734-IE4S Sensor Power Indicator - S0...S3

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	Sensor power is not used.	None.
Green	Sensor power is used.	
Red	Overcurrent or undercurrent sensor power fault.	Check connectors, wiring, and power supply.

Table 20 - 1734-IE4S Safety Analog Input Status Indicators

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	Safety analog input is not used or the module is being configured.	Reconfigure the channel, if desired.
Yellow	Safety analog input is configured for use and no faults exist.	None.
Red	A fault has been detected in the analog input signal path.	Check the fault code in the module that uses one of the data assemblies that contains the Fault Reason. See <u>Appendix B</u> for details. Check configuration, field wiring, and devices. If no problem is found, replace the module.
Flashing red	A fault has been detected in the partner input signal path of a dual-input configuration.	Check the field wiring and verify your configuration for the partner circuit. If no problem is found, replace the module.

Indicator behavior in Tachometer mode facilitates machine setup and troubleshooting. When the tachometer signal is below the configured OFF threshold, the indicator is off. When the tachometer signal is above the ON threshold, the indicator is yellow. Status indicator behavior during normal operation is dependent upon the module update rate and is not intended to indicate the actual tachometer input. When the input rate is above 30 Hz, the status indicator is steady yellow. When the input rate is below 30 Hz, the status indicator is flashing yellow as the signal turns on and off.

Table 21 - 1734-IB8S Safety Input Status Indicators

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	Safety input is off, or the module configuration is in progress.	Turn on the safety input or reconfigure the channel, if desired.
Yellow	Safety input is on.	None.
Red	A fault in the external wiring or input circuit has been detected.	Check configuration, field wiring, and devices. If no problem is found, replace the module.
Flashing red	A fault in the partner input circuit of a dual-input configuration has been detected.	Check the field wiring and verify your configuration for the partner circuit. If no problem is found, replace the module.

Table 22 - 1734-0B8S Safety Output Status Indicators

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	Safety output is off, or the module is being configured.	Turn on the safety output or reconfigure the channel, if desired.
Yellow	Safety output is on.	None.

Table 22 - 1734-0B8S Safety Output Status Indicators

State	Description	Recommended Action
Red	A fault in the output circuit has been detected.	Check the circuit wiring and end device. If no problem is found, replace the module.
	The tag values in a dual output configuration do not have the same value.	Make sure that logic is driving tag values to the same state (off or on).
Flashing red	A fault in the partner output circuit of a dual-output configuration has been detected.	Check the circuit wiring and end device of the partner. If no problem is found, replace the module.

Table 23 - 1734-OBV2S Safety Output Status Indicators

State	Description	Recommended Action
Off	Safety output is off, or the module is being configured.	Turn on the safety output or reconfigure the channel, if desired.
Yellow	Safety output is on.	None.
Red	A fault in the output circuit has been detected.	Check the circuit wiring and end device. If no problem is found, replace the module.
	The tag values do not have the same value.	Make sure that logic is driving tag values to the same state (off or on).
Flashing red	A fault in the partner output circuit has been detected.	Check the circuit wiring and end device of the partner. If no problem is found, replace the module.

Get I/O Diagnostic Status from Modules in Logix Systems

Topic	Page
Message Instructions	151
Configure the Message Instruction	152
Class, Instance, and Attribute Data for I/O Modules	153

You can use message instructions in a Logix system to determine the cause of input point or output point faults.

Message Instructions

When the controller detects a fault on an input or output point, you can use a message instruction to retrieve the cause of the fault.

In this example, we use a 1734-OB8S module with the Input Status set to return Point Status. This table illustrates the controller tags that you can monitor for this module.

-Adapter:2:1.Pt000utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-Adapter:2:1.Pt01OutputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-Adapter: 2:1. Pt020 utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-Adapter:2:1.Pt030utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-Adapter:2:1.Pt040utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter: 2:1. Pt050 utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
-Adapter: 2:1. Pt060 utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety
Adapter: 2:1.Pt070utputStatus	0	Decimal	BOOL	Safety

Use the Point Output Status bits to detect if one or more of the output points on the module have a fault:

- If any status bit goes to a value of 0 (0 = error, 1 = no error), use the status bit to condition your message instruction as follows.
- Place these rungs in the standard task.

This sample ladder logic is monitoring the status of output point 3. This ladder logic rung examines the Output Point Status and, when a fault is detected (0 = error), the message instruction is executed.

e 0 e e e e e (End)	Adapter:21.Pt03OutputStatus OB8S_StatusMSG.EN MSG-(EN) Message Message Control OB8S_Status_Msg (ER) (ER)
(end)	

Configure the Message Instruction

Follow this procedure to edit the Message Configuration in the ladder logic.

- 1. In the Message instruction, click the 🛄 icon.
- 2. On the Configuration tab, enter the appropriate data for what you want to monitor.
 - a. From the Service Type dropdown menu, choose Get Attribute Single.
 - b. Enter the Class, Instance, and Attribute data that refer to the appropriate tables on pages <u>153</u>...<u>154</u>.
- 3. On the Communication tab, specify the path for the message.

This example illustrates the values that you enter to determine the reason for the fault on Output 3.

Figure 52 - Message Instruction Configuration Example

Message Configuration - OB85_Status_Msg	×
Configuration [*] Communication Tag	
Message Type: CIP Generic	X
Service Get Attribute Single	Source Element:
Type:	Source Length: 0 🚔 (Bytes)
Service e (Hex) Class: 3B (Hex)	Destination Output_3_Fault_Statu
Instance: 04 Attribute: 6E (Hex)	New Tag
◯ Enable ◯ Enable Waiting ◯ Start	O Done Done Length: 0
Error Code: Extended Error Code:	🔲 Timed Out 🗲
Error Path:	
Error Text:	
OK	Cancel Apply Help
-	



When entering the Instance value, enter the input/output point plus 1. In this example, Output Point 3 is Instance 4.

Class, Instance, and Attribute Data for I/O Modules

Use the information in the following tables to configure your message instruction.

Table 24 - Digital Safety Input Module - 1734-IB8S

Service Type	Function	Command (hex)			Response (hex)	
		Service Code	Class ID	Instance ID	Attribute ID	Data Size	
Get Attribute Single	Reads the cause for the safety digital input fault that the Instance ID (18) specifies.	OE	3D	0108	6E		0: No error 01: Configuration invalid 02: External test signal error 03: Internal input error 04: Discrepancy error 05: Error in the other dual channel input

Table 25 - Digital Safety Input Module Test Outputs - 1734-IB8S

Service Type	Function	Command (he	x)		Response (hex)		
		Service Code	Class ID	Instance ID	Attribute ID	Data Size	
Get Attribute Single	Reads the cause of the test output fault that the Instance ID (14) specifies.	OE	09	0104	76		0 = No error 01: Configuration invalid 02: Overload detected 03: Cross circuit detected 05: Output ON error 06: Undercurrent detected for muting lamp
Set Attribute Single	Configures the test output to turn off or hold its last state after a communication error for an output that the Instance ID specifies.	10	09	0104	05	1 byte 00: Clear 01: Hold	-

Table 26 - Digital Safety Output Module - 1734-0B8S

Service Type	Function	Command (he	fommand (hex)				Response (hex)
		Service Code	Class ID	Instance ID	Attribute ID	Data Size	
Get Attribute Single	Reads the cause for the safety digital output fault that the Instance ID (18) specifies.	OE	3B	0108	6E	-	0: No error 01: Configuration invalid 02: Over current detected 03: Short circuit detected 04: Output ON error 05: Error in the other dual channel output 06: N/A 07: N/A 08: Dual channel violation 09: Short circuit detected at safety output

Table 27 - Digital Safety Discrete Output Module - 1734-OBV2S

Service Type	Function	Command (he	K)		Response (hex)		
		Service Code	Class ID	Instance ID	Attribute ID	Data Size	
Get Attribute Single	Reads the cause for the safety digital output fault that the Instance ID (14) specifies.	OE	3B	0104	6E	-	0: No alarm 01: Configuration invalid 02: Over current detected 03: Short circuit detected 04: Output ON error 05: Error in the partner dual channel output 06: N/A 07: N/A 08: Dual channel violation 09: Short circuit detected at safety output

Get Attribute Rea Single faul	ads the cause of the safety analog input ult that the Instance ID (1 4) specifies.	Service Code OE	Class ID	Instance ID	Attribute ID	Data Size	
et Attribute Rea ingle fau.	ads the cause of the safety analog input ult that the Instance ID (14) specifies.	0E	40				
			43	0104	6		00: Reserved01: No error02: Signal overrange03: Signal underrange04: Signal test failure05: Dual-channel discrepancy06: Error in the other dual-channel input08: Reserved100: Sensor supply overcurrent101: Sensor supply undercurrent102: Analog-digital converter (ADC)CPU Timing Fault ⁽²⁾ 103: 3.3V undervoltage104: 3.3V overvoltage105: CPU fault106: Flash fault107: RAM fault108: Single-channel discrepancy109: Tach Dual Low110: Undefined error111: Flash enable fault112: Serial pattern fault113: Channel uniqueness fault114: Watchdog fault115: Sync timeout fault117: SCI Tx fault118: ADC fault119: ADC neighbor 1.8V fault120: ADC channel configuration mismatch121: SPI sequence number mismatch122: Runtime 3.3V over- or undervoltage error123: Reserved124: Reserved125: Field I/O power is missing126: Startup 3.3V over- or undervoltage error
iet Attribute Rea	ads the data that is associated with the	0E	4	946	3	6 ⁽³⁾	127: Sensor power/input wiring error Input power

Table 28 - Safety Analog Input Module (1734-IE4S)

(1) See the fault code definitions in Table 16 for details.

(2) Missing clock, watchdog timeout.

(3) For this instance, specify the Destination Tag to be a SINT[6].

Fault Code	Description	Definition	Recommended Action		
2	Signal Over Range	Exceeded configured range.	Check field wiring and/or power.		
3	Signal Under Range	Under configured range.	Check field wiring and/or power.		
4	Signal Test Failure	Undefined error for IE4S.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
5	Dual Channel Discrepancy	Exceeded tolerance between dual channels.	Check field sensors to determine the cause of discrepancy.		
6	Error in other Dual Channel Input	Partner channel faulted.	Troubleshoot partner channel fault.		
100	Sensor Supply Overcurrent	Exceeded specification.	Check field wiring and sensor power draw.		
101	Sensor Undercurrent	Too little current drawn from sensor power.	Check field wiring and sensor power draw.		
102	ADC CPU Timing Fault	ADC missed a clock, failed a sync, or watchdog (combination flag).	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
103	3.3V Undervoltage	The supplied voltage is too low.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
104	3.3V Overvoltage	The supplied voltage is too high.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
105	CPU Fault	ADC failed register, instruction, or flag diagnostic.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
106	Flash Fault	FLASH test detected bit errors.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
107	RAM fault	RAM test detected bit errors.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
108	Single Channel Discrepancy	Dual measurements of a single channel disagree.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
109	Tach Dual Low	Both channels are LO at the same time.	Check sensor signal timing.		
110	Undefined Error	Undefined error.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
111	Flash Enable Fault	ADC's nonvolatile memory is drawing too much current (micro jumped to nonvolatile for some reason).	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
112	Serial Pattern Fault	Serial communication pattern errors are detected.	Check field wiring for proper grounding/shielding. Verify that the temperature within the enclosure is not excessive. If the problem persists, replace the module.		
113	Channel Uniqueness Fault	Pulse test of an ADC multiplexor revealed an improper channel.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
114	Watchdog Fault	ADC watchdog timed out.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
115	Sync Timeout Fault	ADC conversion is out of sync.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
116	Missing Clock fault	ADC detected a missing clock.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
117	SCI Tx fault	Serial communication bit errors are detected.	Check field wiring for proper grounding/shielding. Verify that the temperature within the enclosure is not excessive. If the problem persists, replace the module.		
118	ADC fault	ADC test pattern failure.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
119	ADC neighbor 1.8V fault	ADC detected an out-of-range voltage on its partner.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
120	ADC channel config mismatch	Dual ADCs are not configured the same.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
121	SPI sequence number mismatch	Serial communication state machines are out of sync.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
122	Runtime 3.3V over/under error	The supplied voltage too high or too low.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
125	Field I/O power is missing	24V power is not within the specification.	Check field power supply and wiring.		
126	Startup 3.3V over/under error	OV-UV detector failed startup test.	If the problem persists, replace the module.		
127	Sensor power/input wiring error	Sensor power to input signal violation detected.	Check field wiring.		

Table 29 - Fault Code Definitions for 1734-IE4S Modules

Notes:

Safety Data

This appendix lists calculated values for probability of a dangerous failure (PFD), average frequency of a dangerous failure per hour (PFH), and mean time to failure (MTTF). PFD and PFH calculations comply with IEC61508, edition 2, 2010.

Calculated values of PFD and PFH appear in the table. Both must be calculated for the devices within the system to comply with the SIL level that is required for application.

To assess Performance Levels in their safety system, you must be responsible for following the requirements of ISO 13849-1:2008.

You must functionally test every I/O module by individually toggling each input point and also verify that the controller detects it within the safety reaction time.

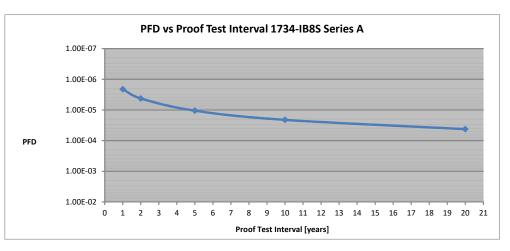
Additionally, you must individually toggle each output point by the controller and user-verified that the output point changes state.

For more information, see these publications.

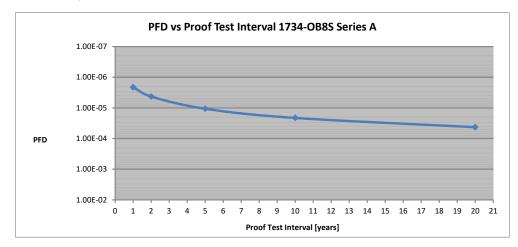
Resource	Description
GuardLogix [®] 5570 Controller Systems Safety	Provides information on safety application requirements for
Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM099</u>	GuardLogix 5570 controllers in Studio 5000 Logix Designer® projects.
GuardLogix Controller Systems Safety	Provides information on safety application requirements for
Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM093</u>	GuardLogix 5560 and 5570 controllers in RSLogix 5000® projects.

Series A Safety Data

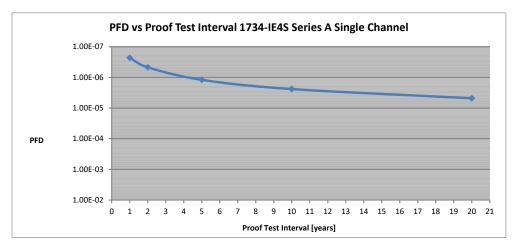


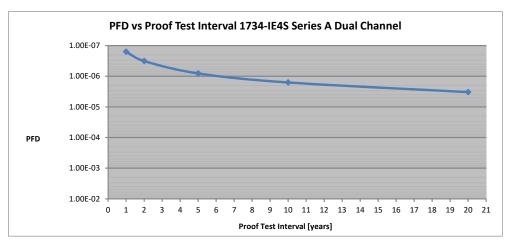














Cat. No.	Proof Test Interval (Mission Time)		PFD	PFH (1/hour)	Spurious Trip Rate (STR) ⁽¹⁾	(2) (ATTF _{spurious} (2) (years)
	Year	Hour				
1734-IB8S	1	8760	2.11E-06	5.10E-10	2.666E-06	42.78
Series A	2	17520	4.23E-06			
	5	43800	1.06E-05			
	10	87600	2.11E-05			
	20	175200	4.23E-05			
1734-0B8S	1	8760	2.13E-06	5.14E-10	3.229E-06	35.33
Series A	2	17520	4.27E-06			
	5	43800	1.07E-05			
	10	87600	2.13E-05			
	20	175200	4.27E-05			
1734-IE4S	1	8760	2.30E-07	5.30E-11	9.402E-07	121.42
Series A Single Channel	2	17520	4.70E-07			
single chainer	5	43800	1.20E-06	5.40E-11		
	10	87600	2.40E-06	5.50E-11		
	20	175200	4.80E-06	5.60E-11		
1734-IE4S	1	8760	1.60E-07	3.70E-11	9.402E-07	121.42
Series A Dual Channel	2	17520	3.20E-07			
	5	43800	8.10E-07			
	10	87600	1.60E-06	3.80E-11	7	
	20	175200	3.30E-06	3.90E-11	1	

(1) Calculated based on the ISA TR-84 method.

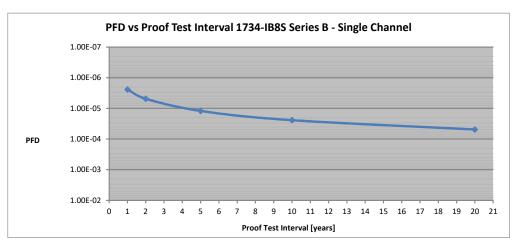
(2) Mean time to failure (Spurious).

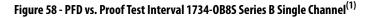
Mission Time for all modules is 20 years.

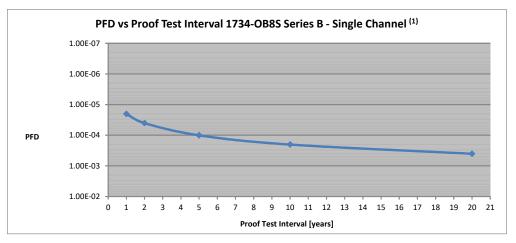
When you use the 1734-IB8S module or the 1734-OB8S module in Functional Safety applications, you must use a form of internal or external pulse testing for all safety input and safety output channels.

Series B Safety Data

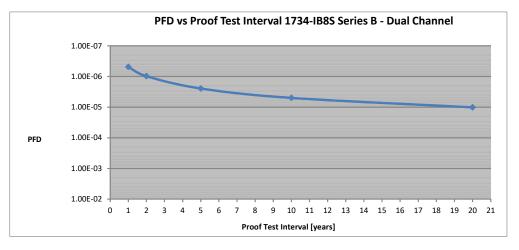




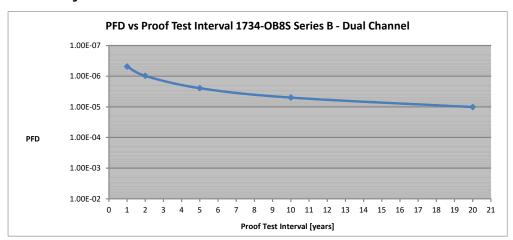




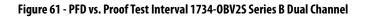


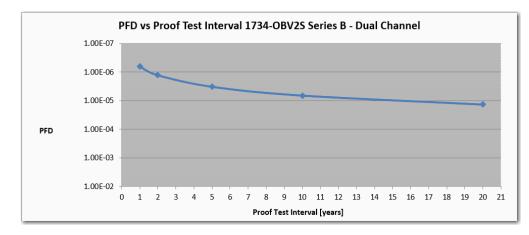


(1) 1734-OB8S single channel mode is only certified for functional safety applications with Process Safety Times \geq 600 msec OR with Demand Rates \leq 1 Demand per Minute.









Catalog Number	Proof Test (Mission Ti		PFD	PFH (1/hour)	Spurious Trip Rate (STR) ⁽²⁾	MTTF spurious (years) ⁽³⁾	
	Year	Hour					
1734-IB8S	1	8760	2.42E-06	5.61E-10	2.709E-06	42.14	
Series B Single Channel	2	17520	4.85E-06				
	5	43800	1.21-05				
	10	87600	2.43E-05				
	20	175200	4.89E-05				
1734-0B8S Series B ⁽¹⁾	1	8760	2.02E-05	4.62E-09	3.243E-06	35.20	
Series B ^{cry} Single Channel	2	17520	4.04E-05				
	5	43800	1.01E-04				
	10	87600	2.02E-04				
	20	175200	4.04E-04				
1734-IB8S	1	8760	4.89E-07	1.20E-10	2.709E-06	42.14	
Series B Dual Channel	2	17520	9.80E-07				
	5	43800	2.47E-06				
	10	87600	5.00E-06				
	20	175200	1.02E-05				
1734-0B8S	1	8760	4.89E-07	1.20E-10	3.243E-06	35.20	
Series B Dual Channel	2	17520	9.81E-07				
	5	43800	2.47E-06				
	10	87600	5.00E-06				
	20	175200	1.02E-05				
1734-OBV2S	1	8760	6.45E-07	1.64E-10	2.969E-06	38.45	
Series B Dual Channel	2	17520	1.29E-06				
	5	43800	3.26E-06				
	10	87600	6.63E-06				
	20	175200	1.37E-05				

Table 31 - Series B PFD vs. Proof Test Data

(1) 1734-088S single channel mode is only certified for functional safety applications with process safety times \geq 600 ms or with demand rates \leq 1 demand per minute.

(2) Calculated based on the ISA TR-84 method.

(3) Mean time to failure (spurious).

Mission Time for all modules is 20 years.

When you use the 1734-IB8S module, the 1734-OB8S module, or the 1734-OBV2S module in Functional Safety applications, you must use a form of internal or external pulse testing for all safety input and safety output channels.

Product Failure Rates

Catalog Number	Series Module I/O Configuration		λ _S	λ _{DD}	λ _{DU}
1734-IB8S	·····		2.56E-07	2.55E-07	6.02E-10
1734-0B8S			2.52E-07 ⁽²⁾	2.52E-07 ⁽²⁾	4.47E-09 ⁽²⁾
1734-IE4S	А	Single Channel Inputs	4.23E-07	4.23E-07	1.01E-10
1734-IB8S	34-IB8S B Dual Channel Inputs		2.96E-07	2.94E-07	1.84E-10
1734-0B8S	В	Dual Channel Outputs	2.95E-07	2.95E-07	1.84E-10
1734-0BV2S	В	Dual Channel Outputs	4.08E-07	4.08E-07	2.41E-10
1734-IE4S	А	Dual Channel Inputs	6.56E-07	6.56E-07	6.67E-11

Table 32 - Product Failure Rates (failures per hour)⁽¹⁾

(1) These failure rates assume that one block represents the module in a reliability block diagram. The single channel rates must be applied to the reliability block if the module is configured in Single Channel mode. The dual channel rates must be applied to the reliability block if the module is configured in Dual Channel mode.

(2) 1734-088S single channel mode is only certified for functional safety applications with Process Safety Times \geq 600 msec or with Demand Rates \leq 1 Demand per Minute.

When you use the 1734-IB8S module, the 1734-OB8S module, or the 1734-OBV2S module in Functional Safety applications, you must use a form of internal or external pulse testing for all safety input and safety output channels.

Notes:

Configuration Parameters

Topic	Page
Table 33 Safety Digital Input Parameters	165
Table 34 Test Output Parameters	166
Table 35 Safety Digital Output Parameters	166
Table 36 Safety Analog Input Parameters	166

This appendix lists parameters that can be configured via the Logix Designer application.

Table 33 - Safety Digital Input Parameters

Par	ameter Name ⁽¹⁾	Value	Description	Default		
х	Input Delay Time Off -> On	0126 ms (in increments of 6 ms)	Filter time for OFF to ON transition.			
х	Input Delay Time On -> Off	0126 ms (in increments of 6 ms)	Filter time for ON to OFF transition.			
Х	Input Point Mode	Not Used	External input device is not connected.			
		Safety Pulse Test	Use with a contact output device and in combination with a test outpu short-circuits between input signal lines and the power supply (positiv between input signal lines can be detected.			
		Safety	A solid-state output safety sensor is connected.			
		Standard	A standard device, such as a reset switch, is connected.			
x	Safety Input Test Source	Not Used	The test output that is used with the input.			
		Test Output 0				
		Test Output 1				
		Test Output 2				
		Test Output 3				
x	Input Point Operation Type	Single Channel	Use as a single channel.			
		Dual-channel Equivalent	Use as dual-channel. Normal when both channels are ON or OFF.			
		Dual-channel Complementary	/ Use as dual-channel. Normal when one channel is ON and the other channel is OFF.			
х	Safety Input Error Latch Time	065,530 ms (in increments of 10 ms)	Safety input or test output errors are latched for this time.	1000 ms		

(1) Parameters that are directly related to safety are marked with an x in the left column.

Table 34 - Test Output Parameters

Par	rameter Name ⁽¹⁾	Value	Description		
х	Test Output Mode	Not Used	An external device is not connected.	Not Used	
		Standard	The output is connected to a standard device.		
		Pulse Test	A contact output device is connected. Use in combination with a safety input.		
		Power Supply	The power supply of a Safety Sensor is connected. The voltage that is supplied to I/O power (V, G) is output from the test output terminal.		
		Muting Lamp Output (Terminal T1 or T3 only)	An indicator is connected and turned ON to detect broken lines in an external indicator.		
	Test Output Fault Action	Clear OFF	Action to perform when a communication error is detected.		
		Hold Last Data	1		

(1) Parameters that are directly related to safety are marked with an x in the left column.

Table 35 - Safety Digital Output Parameters

Para	ameter Name ⁽¹⁾	Value	Description	Default
х	Output Point Mode	Not Used	An external output device is not connected.	Not Used
		Safety	When the output is ON, the test pulse is not output (remains ON).	
		Safety Pulse Test	With use of this function, short-circuits between output signal lines and the power supply (positive side) and short-circuits between output signal lines can be detected.	
х	Output Point Operation Type Single Channel		Use as a single channel.	Dual-channel
		Dual-channel	Use as dual-channel. When both channels are normal, outputs can be turned ON.	
Х	Safety Output Error Latch Time	065,530 ms (in increments of 10 ms)	Safety output errors are latched for this time.	1000 ms

(1) Parameters that are directly related to safety are marked with an x in the left column.

Parameter Name	Value	Description	Default
Test Output Idle State ⁽¹⁾	Clear OFF or Keep Output Data	Definition of output data is in an idle state.	Clear OFF

(1) Set **only** through Explicit Messaging. See for <u>Appendix B</u> more information.

Table 36 - Safety Analog Input Parameters

Para	ameter Name ⁽¹⁾	Value	Description	Default
Х	Input Point Mode	Not Used	External input device is not connected.	
		Safety	A solid-state safety sensor is connected.	Not Used
		Standard	A device that is not used in the safety loop is connected.	
	Range	±10V		
		05V		
		010V	Input voltage range.	
		±5V		420 mA
		420 mA		
		020 mA	Input current range.	
		Tachometer	Tachometer mode.	

Table 36 - Safety Analog Input Parameters (Continued)

Parameter Name ⁽¹⁾		Value	Description	Default		
Х	Input Point Operation Type	Single channel	Use as a single channel.			
		Dual channel	Use as a dual-channel equivalent. This setting must be used only with SmartGuard™ controllers.	Single		
	Filter	1 Hz	Input filter			
		5 Hz		1 Hz		
		10 Hz		1 112		
		50 Hz				
	Safety Input Error Latch Time	065,530 ms (in 10 ms increments)	Safety input errors are latched for this time so that the controller can them and they are not missed if they clear themselves too quickly. One value for all channels.	1000		
	Low Engineering	-30000+30000	Scaling value for inputs	0		
	High Engineering	-30000+30000	Scaling value for inputs	10,000 ⁽²⁾		
(Tachometer Dual Low Diagnostic	ON/OFF	Diagnostic that indicates if both channels are low. Channels 0 and 1 share value and channels 2 and 3 share value.			
	Tachometer Trigger Falling edge (NPN) Non-inverted input signal.		Falling edge			
		Rising edge (PNP)	Inverted input signal.			
	Tachometer Off Level	023V (in 1V increments)	Off-level for the Tachometer mode input signal.	5V		
	Tachometer On Level	124V (in 1V increments)	On-level for the Tachometer mode input signal.	11V		
	Sensor Power Mode	External	Sensors are getting their power from a separate power supply.	Module		
		Module	Sensors are getting their power from the module (recommended).			
	Alarm Enable	Disable	Enable or disable alarms.			
		Enable	We recommend disabling this feature when using the module in a GuardLogix [®] system (evaluate alarms with the use of the application program). Enable this feature when using the module in a SmartGuard system.	Disable		
	High High Alarm Level	-32768+32767	High High alarm trip point.	32767		
	Low Low Alarm Level	-32768+32767	Low Low alarm trip point.	-32767		
	High High - Low Low deadband	032767	Deadband on the High High and Low Low alarms.	0		
	High Alarm	-32768+32767	High alarm trip point.	332767		
	Low Alarm	-32768+32767	Low alarm trip point.	0		
	High - Low deadband	032767	Deadband on the High and Low alarms.	0		
(Discrepancy Time	065,530 (in 10 ms increments)	The time period during which the channel values can be discrepant before an error is reported.	100 ms		
K	Discrepancy deadband	032767	Tolerance range between channels in dual-channel mode (in engineering units)	0		
(Channel Offset	-32768+32767	Offset value for dual channel mode only (in engineering units).	0		

(1) Parameters that are directly related to safety are marked with an x in the left column.

(2) 1000 for Tachometer mode.

Notes:

I/O Assemblies

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Input Assemblies

Table 37 - 1734-IB8S Input Assemblies

Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
516 (204 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Input 7	Safety Input 6	Safety Input 5	Safety Input 4	Safety Input 3	Safety Input 2	Safety Input 1	Safety Input 0
548 (224 h)	Safety Only	0	Safety Input 7	Safety Input 6	Safety Input 5	Safety Input 4	Safety Input 3	Safety Input 2	Safety Input 1	Safety Input 0
		1	Safety Input 7 Status	Safety Input 6 Status	Safety Input 5 Status	Safety Input 4 Status	Safety Input 3 Status	Safety Input 2 Status	Safety Input 1 Status	Safety Input 0 Status
768 (300 h)	Standard Only	0		·	·	Reserved				Input Power Error
788 (314 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Input 7	Safety Input 6	Safety Input 5	Safety Input 4	Safety Input 3	Safety Input 2	Safety Input 1	Safety Input 0
		1	Combined Safety Input Status	Reserved	Input Power Error ⁽¹⁾	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Muting Lamp 3 Status	Muting Lamp 1 Status
820 (334 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Input 7	Safety Input 6	Safety Input 5	Safety Input 4	Safety Input 3	Safety Input 2	Safety Input 1	Safety Input 0
		1	Safety Input 7 Status	Safety Input 6 Status	Safety Input 5 Status	Safety Input 4 Status	Safety Input 3 Status	Safety Input 2 Status	Safety Input 1 Status	Safety Input 0 Status
		2	Reserved Input Por Error ⁽¹⁾		Input Power Error ⁽¹⁾		Reserved	Muting Lamp 3 Status	Muting Lamp 1 Status	
868 (364 h)	Safety and	0	Safety Input 7	Safety Input 6	Safety Input 5	Safety Input 4	Safety Input 3	Safety Input 2	Safety Input 1	Safety Input 0
	Standard	1	Safety Input 7 Status	Safety Input 6 Status	Safety Input 5 Status	Safety Input 4 Status	Safety Input 3 Status	Safety Input 2 Status	Safety Input 1 Status	Safety Input 0 Status
		2		Res	erved		Test Output 3 Status	Test Output 2 Status	Test Output 1 Status	Test Output 0 Status
		3	Res	served	Input Power Error ⁽¹⁾		Reserved		Muting Lamp 3 Status	Muting Lamp 1 Status
899 (383 h)	Standard	0				Reserved				Input Power Error
		1		Res	erved		Test Output 3 Status	Test Output 2 Status	Test Output 1 Status	Test Output 0 Status

(1) This data is diagnostic only and does **not** have safety integrity.

Table 38 - 1734-0B8S Input Assemblies

Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
580 (244 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Output 7 Status	Safety Output 6 Status	Safety Output 5 Status	Safety Output 4 Status	Safety Output 3 Status	Safety Output 2 Status	Safety Output 1 Status	Safety Output 0 Status
1028 (404 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Output 7 Status	Safety Output 6 Status	Safety Output 5 Status	Safety Output 4 Status	Safety Output 3 Status	Safety Output 2 Status	Safety Output 1 Status	Safety Output O Status
		1	Safety Output Monitor 7	Safety Output Monitor 6	Safety Output Monitor 5	Safety Output Monitor 4	Safety Output Monitor 3	Safety Output Monitor 2	Safety Output Monitor 1	Safety Output Monitor 0
1044 (414 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Output Monitor 7	Safety Output Monitor 6	Safety Output Monitor 5	Safety Output Monitor 4	Safety Output Monitor 3	Safety Output Monitor 2	Safety Output Monitor 1	Safety Output Monitor 0
		1	Reserved	Combined Output Status	Reserved	Output Power Error ⁽¹⁾		Reso	erved	

(1) This data is diagnostic only and does **not** have safety integrity.

Table 39 - 1734-0BV2S Input Assemblies

Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
579 (243 h)	Safety	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Safety Output 3 Status	Safety Output 2 Status	Safety Output 1 Status	Safety Output O Status
1027 (403 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Safety Output 3 Readback	Safety Output 2 Readback	Safety Output 1 Readback	Safety Output 0 Readback	Safety Output 3 Status	Safety Output 2 Status	Safety Output 1 Status	Safety Output O Status
1043 (413 h)	Safety and Standard	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Safety Output 3 Readback	Safety Output 2 Readback	Safety Output 1 Readback	Safety Output 0 Readback
		1	Reserved	Combined Output Status	Reserved	Output Power Error ⁽¹⁾		Rese	erved	·

(1) This data is diagnostic only and does **not** have safety integrity.

Output Assemblies

Instance Decimal (hex)	Module	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
33 (21 h)	1734-IB8S	Safety ⁽¹⁾	0		Rese	erved	·	Standard Output 3	Standard Output 2	Standard Output 1	Standard Output 0
564 (234 h)	1734-0B8S	Safety Only	0	Safety Output 7	Safety Output 6	Safety Output 5	Safety Output 4	Safety Output 3	Safety Output 2	Safety Output 1	Safety Output 0
563 (233 h)	1734-0BV2S	Safety Only	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Safety Output 3	Safety Output 2	Safety Output 1	Safety Output 0
770 (302 h)	1734-IE4S	Safety	0	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reset Tach 3 ⁽²⁾	Reset Tach 2 ⁽²⁾	Reset Tach 1 ⁽²⁾	Reset Tach 0 ⁽²⁾

(1) Only outputs 1 and 3 are configurable to Muting or Test Outputs. This assembly is accessible only over a Safety connection.

(2) When set (1), this bit specifies a reset of an overfrequency condition on the tachometer counter. Clear this bit to allow the tachometer channel to operate.

Analog Input Assemblies

Table 41 - 1734-IE4S Input Assemblies

Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte		Higl	n Byte			Lov	w Byte		
		0, 1		Inj	out 0		Input 0				
		2, 3		Inj	out 1		Input 1				
	Safety and	4, 5		Inj	out 2			Ir	iput 2		
402 (192 h)	Standard	6, 7	Input 3					Ir	iput 3		
			Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
		8	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Ch 3 Input Status	Ch 2 Input Status	Ch 1 Input Status	Ch O Input Status	
Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte		High Byte				Low Byte			
		0, 1		Inj	out O			Ir	iput 0		
		2, 3		Inj	out 1		Input 1				
		4, 5		Inj	out 2			Ir	iput 2		
		6, 7		Inj	out 3			Ir	iput 3		
			Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
		8	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Ch 3 Input Status	Ch 2 Input Status	Ch 1 Input Status	Ch O Input Status	
					•	Alar	ms 0 ⁽¹⁾			•	
786 (312 h)	Safety and Standard	9	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status	
					•	Alar	ms 1 ⁽¹⁾			•	
		10	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status	
						Alar	ms 2 ⁽¹⁾				
		11	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status	
						Alar	ms 3 ⁽¹⁾				
		12	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status	
Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte		Higl	n Byte	:		Lov	w Byte	·	

Table 41 - 1734-IE4S Input Assemblies (Continued)

		0, 1		Inp	out O			Ir	iput 0	
		2, 3		Inp	out 1			Ir	iput 1	
		4, 5		Inp	out 2			Ir	iput 2	
		6, 7		Inp	out 3			Ir	iput 3	
			Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
		8	Ch 3 Combined Alarm Status	Ch 2 Combined Alarm Status	Ch 1 Combined Alarm Status	Ch O Combined Alarm Status	Ch 3 Input Status	Ch 2 Input Status	Ch 1 Input Status	Ch 0 Input Status
		9				Fault	Reason 0			
		10				Fault	Reason 1			
		11				Fault	Reason 2			
		12					Reason 3			
802 (322 h)	Safety and Standard					Alar	ms 0 ⁽¹⁾			
		13	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
						Alar	ms 1 ⁽¹⁾			
		14	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
						Alar	ms 2 ⁽¹⁾			
		15	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
						Alar	ms 3 ⁽¹⁾			_
		16	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
		17	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Input Power
Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
930 (3A2h)	Safety and Standard	0	Ch 3Combined Alarm Status	Ch 2 Combined Alarm Status	Ch 1 Combined Alarm Status	Ch O Combined Alarm Status	Ch 3 Input Status	Ch 2 Input Status	Ch 1 Input Status	Ch 0 Input Status
Instance Decimal (hex)	Connection Type	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
		0	Ch 3Combined Alarm Status	Ch 2 Combined Alarm Status	Ch 1 Combined Alarm Status	Ch O Combined Alarm Status	Ch 3 Input Status	Ch 2 Input Status	Ch 1 Input Status	Ch 0 Input Status
						Alar	ms 0 ⁽¹⁾			
		1	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underfrequency	Tachometer Overfrequency	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
						Alar	ms 1 ⁽¹⁾			
946 (3B2h)	Safety and Standard	2	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underrange	Tachometer Overrange	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
							ms 2 ⁽¹⁾			
		3	Reserved	Tachometer Dual Low	Tachometer Underrange	Tachometer Overrange	Low Alarm Status	High Alarm Status	Low Low Alarm Status	High High Alarm Status
						Alar	ms 3 ⁽¹⁾			
	1	4	Reserved	Tachometer	Tachometer	Tachometer	Low Alarm	High Alarm	Low Low Alarm	High High Alarm
				Dual Low	Underrange	Overrange	Status	Status	Status	Status Input Power ⁽¹⁾

(1) 0 =fault; 1 =within range.

Configuration Assemblies

See the appropriate table for 1734-IB8S, 1734-OB8S, and 1734-IE4S configuration assembly data.

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)
864 (360 h)	0	Safety Output Latch Error Time (low byte)	3B	0	8
	1	Safety Output Latch Error Time (high byte)			
	2	Safety Output 0 Channel Mode	3B	1	6
	3	Safety Output 1 Channel Mode		2	
	4	Safety Output 2 Channel Mode		3	
	5	Safety Output 3 Channel Mode		4	
	6	Safety Output 4 Channel Mode		5	
	7	Safety Output 5 Channel Mode		6	
	8	Safety Output 6 Channel Mode		7	
	9	Safety Output 7 Channel Mode		8	
	10	Dual-channel Safety Output 0 Mode	3F	1	3
	11	Dual-channel Safety Output 1 Mode		2	
	12	Dual-channel Safety Output 2 Mode		3	
	13	Dual-channel Safety Output 3 Mode		4	

Table 42 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-0B8S Output Modules

Table 43 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-OBV2S Bipolar Modules

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)
864 (360 h)	0	Safety Output Latch Error Time (low byte)	3B	0	8
	1	Safety Output Latch Error Time (high byte)			
	2	Safety Output 0 Channel Mode		1	6
	3	Safety Output 1 Channel Mode		2	
	4	Safety Output 2 Channel Mode		3	
	5	Safety Output 3 Channel Mode		4	
	6	Dual Channel Safety OutO Mode	3F	1	3
	7	Dual Channel Safety Out1 Mode		2	

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)
864 (360 h)	0	Test Output 0 Mode	9	1	13
	1	Test Output 1 Mode		2	
	2	Test Output 2 Mode		3	
	3	Test Output 3 Mode		4	
	4	Safety Input Latch Error Time (low byte)	3D	0	8
	5	Safety Input Latch Error Time (high byte)			
	6	Safety Input 0 Off_On_Delay (low byte)		1	5
	7	Safety Input 1 Off_On_Delay (high byte)			
	8	Safety Input 0 On_Off_Delay (low byte)			6
	9	Safety Input 0 On_Off_Delay (high byte)			
	10	Safety Input 0 Channel Mode			8
	11	Safety Input 0 Test Source			9
		Safety Input 16 Configuration Data			
	48	Safety Input 7 Off_On_Delay (low byte)		8	5
	49	Safety Input 7 Off_On_Delay (high byte)			
	50	Safety Input On_Off_Delay (low byte)			6
	51	Safety Input On_Off_Delay (high byte)			
	52	Safety Input 7 Channel Mode			8
	53	Safety Input 7 Test Source			9
	54	Dual-channel Safety Input 0 Mode	348	1	3
	55	Pad Byte (0x00)			
	56	Dual-channel Safety Input 0 Discrepancy Time (low byte)	348	1	5
	57	Dual-channel Safety Input 0 Discrepancy Time (high byte)			
		Dual-channel Safety Input 12 Configuration			
	66	Dual-channel Safety Input 3 Mode	348	4	3
	67	Pad Byte (0x00)			
	68	Dual-channel Safety Input 3 Discrepancy Time (low byte)	348	4	5
	69	Dual-channel Safety Input 3 Discrepancy Time (high byte)			

Table 44 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-IB8S Input Modules

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)	Description
364 (360 h)	0	Input Type (Dual Channel Mode)	4B	1	1	
	1	Input Range	49	1	3	
	2	Input Channel Mode	49	1	4	
	3	Filter Setting	49	1		
	4	Input Error Latch Time (Low Byte)	49	1	8	
	5	Input Error Latch Time (High Byte)	49	1	8	
	6	Low Engineering (Low Byte)	49	1	14	
	7	Low Engineering (High Byte)	49	1	14	
	8	High Engineering (Low Byte)	49	1	15	
	9	High Engineering (High Byte)	49	1	15	
	10	Tach Dual Low Check	49	1	104	
	11	Tach Trigger	49	1	105	
	12	Tach OFF Level	49	1	106	
	13	Tach ON Level 44 Sensor Power Mode 44 High High/Low Low Alarm Enable 44 High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte) 44		1	107	
	14			1	103	
	15			1	17	Safety Input 0 Configuration Data
	16			1	18	
	17	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	1	18	
	18	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(Low Byte)	49	1	19	
	19	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(High Byte)	49	1	19	
	20	High High/Low Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	1	20	
	21	High High/Low Low Deadband (High Byte)	49	1	20	
	22	Pad Byte (Reserved)	49			
	23	High/Low Alarm Enable	49	1	22	
	24	High/Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	1	23	
	25	High/Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	1	23	
	26	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (Low Byte)	49	1	24	
	27	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (High Byte)	49	1	24	
	28	High/Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	1	25	1
	29	High/Low Alarm Deadband High Byte)	49	1	25	1
	30	Pad Byte 1				
	31	Pad Byte 2				

Table 45 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-IE4S Input Modules

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)	Description
864 (360 h)	32	Input Type (Dual Channel Mode)	4B	2	1	
	33	Input Range	49	2	3	
	34	Input Channel Mode	49	2	4	
	35	Filter Setting 49		2		
	36	Input Error Latch Time (Low Byte)	49	2	8	
	37	Input Error Latch Time (High Byte)	49	2	8	
	38	Low Engineering (Low Byte)	49	2	14	
	39	Low Engineering (High Byte)	49	2	14	
	40	High Engineering (Low Byte)	49	2	15	
	41	High Engineering (High Byte)	49	2	15	
	42	Tach Dual Low Check	49	2	104	
	43	Tach Trigger	49	2	105	
	44	Tach OFF Level	49	2	106	
	45	Tach ON Level 4		2	107	_
	46	Sensor Power Mode 4		2	103	
	47	High High/Low Low Alarm Enable 4		2	17	Cofety Input 1 Configuration Date
	48	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)		2	18	Safety Input 1 Configuration Data
	49	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	2	18	
	50	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(Low Byte)	49	2	19	
	51	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(High Byte)	49	2	19	
	52	High High/Low Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	2	20	—
	53	High High/Low Low Deadband (High Byte)	49	2	20	
	54	Pad Byte (Reserved)	49			
	55	High/Low Alarm Enable	49	2	22	
	56	High/Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	2	23	
	57	High/Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	2	23	
	58	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (Low Byte)	49	2	24	
	59	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (High Byte)	49	2	24	
	60	High/Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	2	25	
	61	High/Low Alarm Deadband High Byte)	49	2	25	
	62	Pad Byte 1				
	63	Pad Byte 2				

Table 45 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-IE4S Input Modules (Continued)

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)	Description
864 (360 h)	64	Input Type (Dual Channel Mode)	4B	3	1	
	65	Input Range	49	3	3	
	66	Input Channel Mode	49	3	4	-
	67	Filter Setting	49	3		
	68	Input Error Latch Time (Low Byte)	49	3	8	
	69	Input Error Latch Time (High Byte)	49	3	8	-
	70	Low Engineering (Low Byte)	49	3	14	
	71	Low Engineering (High Byte)	49	3	14	
	72	High Engineering (Low Byte)	49	3	15	
	73	High Engineering (High Byte)	49	3	15	
	74	Tach Dual Low Check	49	3	104	
	75	Tach Trigger	49	3	105	
	76	Tach OFF Level	49	3	106	
	77	Tach ON Level	49	3	107	
	78	Sensor Power Mode	49	3	103	
	79	High High/Low Low Alarm Enable	49	3	17	Safatulanut 2 Configuration Data
	80	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	3	18	Safety Input 2 Configuration Data
	81	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	3	18	
	82	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(Low Byte)	49	3	19	
	83	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(High Byte)	49	3	19	
	84	High High/Low Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	3	20	
	85	High High/Low Low Deadband (High Byte)	49	3	20	
	86	Pad Byte (Reserved)	49			
	87	High/Low Alarm Enable	49	3	22	
	88	High/Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	3	23	
	89	High/Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	3	23	
	90	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (Low Byte)	49	3	24	
	91	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (High Byte)	49	3	24	
	92	High/Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	3	25	1
	93	High/Low Alarm Deadband High Byte)	49	3	25	1
	94	Pad Byte 1				1
	95	Pad Byte 2				1

Table 45 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-IE4S Input Modules (Continued)

Instance Decimal (hex)	Byte	Field	Class (hex)	Instance (decimal)	Attribute (decimal)	Description	
864 (360 h)	96	Input Type (Dual Channel Mode)	49	4	1	Safety Input 3 Configuration Data	
	97	Input Range	49	4	3		
	98	Input Channel Mode	49	4	4		
	99	Filter Setting	49	4			
	100	Input Error Latch Time (Low Byte)	49	4	8		
	101	Input Error Latch Time (High Byte)	49	4	8		
	102	Low Engineering (Low Byte)	49	4	14		
	103	Low Engineering (High Byte)	49	4	14		
	104	High Engineering (Low Byte)	49	4	15		
	105	High Engineering (High Byte)	49	4	15		
	106	Tach Dual Low Check	49	4	104		
	107	Tach Trigger	49	4	105		
	108	Tach OFF Level	49	4	106		
	109	Tach ON Level	49	4	107		
	110	Sensor Power Mode	49	4	103		
	111	High High/Low Low Alarm Enable	49	4	17		
	112	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	4	18		
	113	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	4	18		
	114	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(Low Byte)	49	4	19		
	115	High High/Low Low Alarm Trip Low Low(High Byte)	49	4	19		
	116	High High/Low Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	4	20		
	117	High High/Low Low Deadband (High Byte)	49	4	20		
	118	Pad Byte (Reserved)	49				
	119	High/Low Alarm Enable	49	4	22		
	120	High/Low Alarm Trip High (Low Byte)	49	4	23		
	121	High/Low Alarm Trip High (High Byte)	49	4	23		
	122	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (Low Byte)	49	4	24		
	123	High/Low Alarm Trip Low (High Byte)	49	4	24		
	124	High/Low Alarm Deadband (Low Byte)	49	4	25		
	125	High/Low Alarm Deadband High Byte)	49	4	25		
	126	Pad Byte 1				_	
	127	Pad Byte 2					
364 (360 h)	128	Ch 0_1 Discrepancy Time (Low Byte)	4B	1	3	Dual Channel Safety Input 0_1 Configuration	
	129	Ch 0_1 Discrepancy Time (High Byte)	4B	1	3		
	130	Ch 0_1 Discrepancy Deadband (Low Byte)	4B	1	6		
	131	Ch 0_1 Discrepancy Deadband (High Byte)	4B	1	6		
	132	Ch 0_1 Channel Offset (Low Byte)	4B	1	100		
	133	Ch 0_1 Channel Offset (High Byte)	4B	1	100	-	
	134	Ch 2_3 Discrepancy Time (Low Byte)	4B	2	3	Dual Channel Safety Input 2_3 Configuration	
	135	Ch 2_3 Discrepancy Time (High Byte)	4B	2	3		
	136	Ch 2_3 Discrepancy Deadband (Low Byte)	4B	2	6		
	137	Ch 2_3 Discrepancy Deadband (High Byte)	4B	2	6		
	138	Ch 2_3 Channel Offset (Low Byte)	4B	2	100		
	139	Ch 2_3 Channel Offset (High Byte)	4B	2	100		

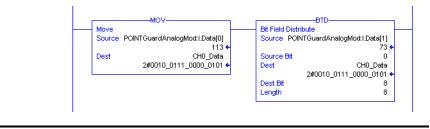
Table 45 - Configuration Assemblies for 1734-IE4S Input Modules (Continued)

Use Data from Modules Configured Via the Generic Profile

To use I/O assembly data from a 1734-IE4S module that is configured via the Generic Profile in your application program, you must first combine the input data from two SINTs into one INT. The following example shows one method for converting the data by using a Move instruction and a Bit Field Distribute instruction.

EXAMPLE This example uses Input Assembly Instance 802, which is described on page <u>172</u>.

- POINTGuardAnalogMod.I.Data[0] = Channel 0 Low Byte (SINT)
- POINTGuardAnalogMod.I.Data[1] = Channel 0 High Byte (SINT)
- CH0_Data = Combined Channel 0 data (INT) that can be used in an application program



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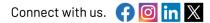
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